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THE KIND OF ERRAND BOYS THAT RUN IN AND OUT OF THE BUILDING. THEY LOOK MORE LIKE DELEGATES TO THE DELEGATES.

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Paris, France. U. S. Pat. Office.



AT 10:15 A. M. BABY NOTION



Much More Important.

Didn't you promise at the altar to love, honor and obey me? Goodness knows what I said. I was listening to hear you promised.—Boston Transcript

poor fish! I could have had Wombat, who afterward was a millionaire.

know it. He often buys me a in a commiserating sort of a—Louisville Courier-Journal.



Snap, Style and Class

embodied in every hat and cap we show. It has that touch of individuality that puts the right hat on a young man's appearance and makes him a snapper.

Smith & Brown
Hats & Caps
Central Nat'l Bank Building
Opposite
Famous Barr

Buy More—Pay Less

Advertisers in the Post-Dispatch get twice as much circulation in St. Louis every day as they get through the Globe-Democrat.

VOL. 71. NO. 164.

R. TO ANSWER RECEIVERSHIP SUIT TOMORROW

Keokuk Dam Power Contracts Exposed by Post-Dispatch in 1913 Are Basis of Stockholders' Action in Federal Court.

THE RESTORATION OF \$1,000,000 IS ASKED

Henry S. Priest, Richard McCulloch, Festus J. Wade, Campbell and Huttig Trustees, and John I. Beggs Are Made Co-defendants.

Not only has the engaging prospect for St. Louis, so rosy as it was when the Keokuk dam was built in 1912 not been fulfilled, but the United Railways now has been called upon to prove that its contracts for Keokuk power, which was to be "as cheap as if the dam were at the foot of Olive street," are not, in fact, a liability and one of the reasons of the financial plight and the consequent high fares and bad service forced upon the city.

John W. Seaman of New York, a preferred stockholder of the company, has asked the United States District Court to cancel those contracts, compel the directors to refund the losses to the company resulting from them and to appoint a receiver to carry out these and other reforms to check the wasting of the company's income. The United Railways has been given until tomorrow by Judge Dyer to file an answer.

The story of how the recovery of the pleasing prospect of 1912 has come to pass as set forth in the petition is one of corporate manipulation and the milking of United Railways for the benefit of the North American company. It is substantially as first revealed by the Post-Dispatch in October 1912.

It is interesting to note at this time that Breckinridge Jones, one of the chief supporters of Mayor Kiel's deal with the United Railways, which if it stands will enable the North American to continue milking the company through the power contracts, street-car rights and other deals, in an after-dinner speech in 1912 quoted in an adjoining column. Jones did not tell the diners, who were business men inspecting the dam as guests of the Union Electric Co., how he and others financed the great project. As will appear, it was by tying up United Railways in a 35-year contract to use Keokuk power, not at a price "as cheap as if the dam were at the foot of Olive street," but at a price which should allow North American, in which Jones was a stockholder and director, to realize a handsome profit on the contract for the next century.

Congress many years ago gave to a coterie of Iowans a grant to build a dam across the Mississippi River. Nothing was done toward building the dam for several years, or until the grant landed in the hands of a group of men who had observed that Hugh Cooper, an electrical engineer, was having success in creating electric energy from water power at Niagara Falls. They submitted the congressional grant to Cooper. After a visit to the river he decided that a dam for the creation of hydro-electric energy was a profitable possibility at Keokuk, Io. He approached Boston capitalists for financial backing. He was asked, "Where will you sell your power if you create it?"

Cooper then set about finding a market. He came to St. Louis, the big city nearest the dam. When he disclosed that he proposed to build a dam at Keokuk that would create enough power to light St. Louis and run all its industries he was warmly received. There were banquets and much talk. The rejoicing had not subsided when the dam was well under way and the party of St. Louisans visited the site in 1912.

Cooper wanted definite assurance of the amount of power that St. Louis would buy. Three St. Louisans, Jones, Festus Wade, another supporter of the Mayor's United Railways deal, and James Campbell, now deceased, organized the "Mississippi River Power Distributing Co." and gave him the guarantee he sought.

The three St. Louisans were directors of the North American Co. The North American Co. controlled the three public utility companies of St. Louis—United Railways, Union Electric Light and Power Co. and Laclede Gas Light Co., all users and consumers of electricity.

James Campbell was a director of North American and United Railways. Festus J. Wade was a director of North American and United Railways.

The distributing company continued on Page 4, Column 1.

ST. LOUIS POST-DISPATCH

The Only Evening Paper in St. Louis With the Associated Press News Service

ST. LOUIS, THURSDAY EVENING, FEBRUARY 6, 1919—28 PAGES.

NIGHT EDITION

PRICE TWO CENTS

SCHMIDT'S FAITH IN KAISER BROKE HIM, A. H. BROWN SAYS

Junior Partner at Hearing Admitted Selling "War Baby" Stocks "Short" When Germans Made Drive Last Spring.

TELLS OF SECRET SPECULATIONS

Manner on Stand Deliberate; Says Auditor's Report of \$100,000 Shortage "Probably Is an Error."

Surreptitious speculation in the stock market, based on Anthony J. Schmidt's belief that the Kaiser would win the war, bankrupted the brokerage firm of Alex H. Brown & Co., 400 North Fourth street. This action was made to a Post-Dispatch reporter today by Alexander H. Brown, senior partner of the firm, following the admissions made by Schmidt, the junior partner, in his testimony yesterday before Referee in Bankruptcy Coles.

In his testimony, Schmidt admitted that when the Germans were at the crest of their offensive in France last spring and were within a short distance of Paris, he "sold short" 500 shares of United States Steel, 500 shares of Bethlehem Steel, "a few hundred" Crucible Steel, 500 American Can, 500 Baldwin Locomotive and other stocks, chiefly at the rate of 40 cents on the dollar. It was announced yesterday afternoon at the bankruptcy hearing that approximately five-sixths of the creditors had tentatively agreed to accept the proposition. Judge Fred English, representing Brown, said that 72 of the 112 creditors, representing claims amounting to \$512,000, had agreed to accept the proposition. He also admitted making short sales in cotton at the same time.

Brown's Settlement Offer. Brown, personally, has offered to settle with the creditors of the firm at the rate of 40 cents on the dollar. It was announced yesterday afternoon at the bankruptcy hearing that approximately five-sixths of the creditors had tentatively agreed to accept the proposition. Judge Fred English, representing Brown, said that 72 of the 112 creditors, representing claims amounting to \$512,000, had agreed to accept the proposition. He also admitted making short sales in cotton at the same time.

Brown said that he had been enabled to make the offer of settlement by reason of the fact that the creditors have consented to indorse his paper. Referee Coles set Feb. 17 as the date for positive announcement as to settlement. One of the creditors from whom an expression has not been obtained is a woman with a \$40,000 claim.

"Adventure Fund" Used. Schmidt's demeanor on the witness stand, as he related how he had secretly speculated with the collateral of the firm's customers, impressed as a remarkable exhibition of cool deliberation. He said that he did not believe that he had lost more than \$100,000, and referred to the audit of the company's accounts, showing a loss of about \$200,000, as "probably an error."

He said that the firm had maintained what was called an "adventure fund," which was based on profits made on trades negotiated by him with stocks owned by customers. Profits from Chatillon recently.

Continued on Page 2, Column 6.

CLOCK HANDS TO BE SET AN HOUR AHEAD MARCH 30

War Daylight Saving Law Still Effective Unless Congress Takes Some Action.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 6.—When Sunday, March 30, arrives, the clocks in Washington and all parts of the country will be set forward one hour, in accordance with the daylight saving act, which was effective for the first time last year, and which continues in effect indefinitely, or until Congress otherwise provides. On Sunday, Oct. 26, all the clocks will be set back one hour. The impression exists in some quarters, it has been learned, that the daylight saving act was only for one year, and that Congress must act again if the measure is to be effective this year. That is wrong, however. The law says:

"That at 2 o'clock antemeridian of the last Sunday in March of each year the standard time shall be advanced one hour, and at 2 o'clock antemeridian of the last Sunday in October the standard time shall, by the retarding of one hour, be returned to the time of the year 1918."

There was an agitation last fall to have Congress pass another law establishing the time under the daylight saving act as the standard time, and the measure was introduced. But the movement was given up.

The daylight saving law gave much satisfaction during last year, since it enabled men and women who work to get out of their beds and away from their jobs while the sun was still shining. Unless the law is repealed, each year will find the clocks turned forward one hour the last Sunday in March.

LONDON NEWSPAPER CRITICIZES PRESIDENT WILSON'S POLICY

Says He Is Trying to Save Germany From the Consequences of Defeat.

LONDON, Feb. 6.—The Morning Post comments editorially on a statement in the National Review that, for many years, the British Government has been making propaganda in the American press on a league of nations, the object of bringing the United States into European affairs.

"If this is true," says the Morning Post, "President Wilson is a genuine statesman, and his policy is a genuine one. It is that we are now supporting President Wilson, we should have the courage to draw the United States into the policy of most distrust, the policy of entangling alliances to which the President is now hopelessly committed."

"The intention of President Wilson is that he is a very considerable diplomatist who is endeavoring to commit his country to a policy of entangling alliances to which the President is now hopelessly committed."

On the one side, he lulls his own country by giving to a universal system of alliances and interventions a new name. On the other side, he suggests to Europe that he is hostile to the principle of balance of power, and that he is endeavoring to bring about a new system of alliances and interventions.

REPORT CONFIRMED OF DEATH OF ST. LOUIS FLYER IN FRANCE

Lieut. Charles O'Neill, Soudan High Graduate, Was in Airplane Accident Jan. 23.

Lieut. Charles O'Neill of the Air Service, formerly of 5075 Wells avenue, was killed in an airplane accident in France Jan. 23, according to a dispatch received by his brother, John J. O'Neill of the Plaza Hotel, city salesman for the Pathé Film Corporation.

An Associated Press dispatch printed a week ago told of the death of a Lieut. O'Neill in a flying accident near Chatillon-sur-Seine, and John J. O'Neill said at that time that he believed his brother was the person meant. He has written letters from Chatillon recently.

The officer's mother, Mrs. Annie O'Neill, is in San Francisco. Lieut. O'Neill, a Soudan High School graduate, was serving in the flying service in October, 1917, was employed by the Campbell Paint Co. He was trained in Texas.

BILL FOR CAPITAL PUNISHMENT

JEFFERSON CITY, Feb. 6.—The bill for repeal of the law passed two years ago abolishing capital punishment was passed favorably on Wednesday by the Senate Committee on Criminal Jurisprudence.

No opposition to repealing the law was presented before the committee.

Royalists Claim Success at Elvas. By the Associated Press. PARIS, Feb. 6.—A dispatch from Oporto says that royalist sources in Portugal announced the complete success of the royalists at Elvas, 72 miles west of Badajoz. The dispatch adds that the troops have proclaimed a monarchy.

GERMAN NATIONAL ASSEMBLY OPENS IN WEIMAR TODAY

Ebert Will Start Constituent Body on Its Way and Oldest Delegate Will Take Chair.

GATHERING IS IN A NON-PRUSSIAN CITY

German People in This Picturesque Place Will Act on Constitution for a New Form of Government.

By the Associated Press. AMSTERDAM, Feb. 6.—Friedrich Ebert, the German Chancellor, will open the first session of the recently elected German National Assembly at Weimar at 2 o'clock this afternoon. Dispatches from Berlin state that, after the meeting of the body is thus opened, the chair will be taken by the oldest member of the Assembly, probably Herr Pfannkuch.

The address report that many members for Alsace-Lorraine have presented themselves for the first time at the Assembly.

The name of Herr Ebert, the former Chief of the Berlin Police Department, who was ousted during the troubles with the Spartacists, will be struck from the roll of membership of the Assembly, as his whereabouts is not known. He will be succeeded by the candidate in his district, who received the next largest vote.

President of German-Austrian Assembly Greets German National Assembly

By the Associated Press. VIENNA, Feb. 6.—President Dinghofer of the German-Austrian National Assembly, in opening Tuesday's session, greeted the German National Assembly.

"Conditions which will accord us our wish to participate in that assembly have not yet arrived, but we are nevertheless in the meantime let us unite such an important event. The great German ideal is not extinguished for Germans in this country. Let us salute our brothers in Germany with enthusiasm. Let us rejoice with them that the German people are united and are not divided by the jealousy of rulers."

RUMBOLD AN ASSISTANT IN U. S. ARMY MILITIA BUREAU

First National Guard Officer Ever Placed in Department Coming Home on Furlough.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 6.—Col. F. M. Rumbold, formerly Adjutant-General of Missouri, who recently returned after service in France with the 129th Field Artillery, has been made an assistant in the Militia Bureau which has charge of the National Guard. He is the first national guardsman ever assigned to the bureau.

Brigadier-General Heavily is the acting head of the organization. Col. Rumbold departed to day for St. Louis on a furlough and will return here to assume his new duties in about two weeks.

Would Bar Germans for 50 Years.

AUSTIN, Tex., Feb. 6.—Exclusion of German immigrants from the United States for 50 years is urged in a resolution introduced in the lower house of the Legislature. The resolution requests the Texas delegation in Congress to urge laws which will prohibit any German from entering this country.

SLIGHTLY CLOUDY, COLDER TONIGHT AND TOMORROW

THE TEMPERATURES.

At 10 a. m. 34. At 1 p. m. 36. At 4 p. m. 38. At 7 p. m. 36. Highest yesterday, 38, at 3 p. m.; lowest, 25, at 6:30 a. m.

Official forecast for St. Louis and vicinity: Slightly cloudy and colder tonight and tomorrow; the lowest temperature tonight will be about 21 degrees.

Missouri—Generally clear tonight and tomorrow; colder tonight and in south and east portions tonight. Illinois—Light snow this afternoon, followed by generally fair tonight and tomorrow; colder tonight and in south portion tomorrow.

Share of the river at 7 a. m., 2 feet. A fall of 3 of a foot.

35TH DIVISION TO START TOMORROW FOR LE MANS, TO PREPARE FOR SAILING

Priority of Departure for Home Will Be Determined There—Expected to Reach St. Louis in April.

By CLAIR KENAMORE, A Staff Correspondent of the Post-Dispatch.

COMMERCE, France, Feb. 5.—The Thirty-fifth Division has been ordered to Le Mans, France, preparatory to embarkation for home. Le Mans is the station where home-bound outfits are assembled and the priority of their departure determined. How long the division will be detained there is uncertain. Opinion here is that the division will reach St. Louis in April.

The division is now being concentrated along the railway. The orders require readiness to leave here Feb. 7. The men are in fine condition and the prospect of returning has put them in a high pitch of enthusiasm. The cold billets and the rain and mud have been forgotten.

Le Mans is 130 miles southwest of Paris. It contains many historic medieval structures and was the scene of important battles in France's history. In 1901 it had a population of 32,000.

HOUSE COMMITTEE FAVORS CLAIM FOR IRISH RECOGNITION

Support Idea of Bringing "Right for Self-Determination" at "Peace Table."

By the Associated Press. WASHINGTON, Feb. 6.—The House Foreign Affairs Committee today ordered favorably reported a resolution expressing the hope that the peace conference would "favorably consider the claims of Ireland to the right of self-determination."

Four of the 17 members of the committee attending the meeting were understood to have voted against the resolution.

The text follows: "Resolved, by the House of Representatives (the Senate concurring), that it is the earnest hope of the Congress of the United States of America that the peace conference now sitting in Paris in passing upon the rights of various peoples will favorably consider the claims of Ireland to the right of self-determination."

NO EXTENSION BEYOND MARCH 15 TO FILE INCOME TAX RETURNS

Business Interests May Make Supplemental Report if They Have to Estimate Their Totals.

By the Associated Press. WASHINGTON, Feb. 6.—No extension of the time for filing income and profits returns for taxation beyond March 15 will be made by the Treasury, Secretary Glass said today.

This means that individuals and business interests will have to make great haste in preparing and filing their returns, since forms for the reports will not be available for two or three weeks. The first installment payment of 25 per cent will be due March 15.

If any business interests are not able to prepare final returns by March 15, Glass said, they may report approximate figures of income or profits and later file a supplementary report.

They also may begin immediately to make the necessary calculations in light of the revenue bill as reported. In deciding to make no extension, the treasury reversed its former opinion that one would be necessary.

FIRE IN FAIRBANKS, ALASKA

Twenty Buildings Destroyed and the Fire Is Still Burning.

By the Associated Press. FAIRBANKS, Alaska, Feb. 6.—Twenty buildings in the heart of Fairbanks' business district were destroyed by fire early today. The fire is still burning.

SUFFRAGE BILL TO GOVERNOR

Indiana Senate Passes Measure Giving Vote to Women.

By the Associated Press. INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., Feb. 6.—The bill giving presidential suffrage to women in Indiana was passed by the Senate yesterday afternoon.

The measure was adopted by the House recently and requires only the Governor's signature to become a law.

ENVOYS FROM 5 BIG POWERS WILL MEET BOLSHIEVIKI

Moscow Government Accepts Invitation to Conference at Princes Islands and Paris Council Immediately Makes Arrangements to Send Representatives.

TWO ENVOYS FROM EACH OF 5 NATIONS

Soviet Announces Willingness to Acknowledge Debts—Conference to Be Held Whether Other Factions Attend or Not.

By the Associated Press. PARIS, Feb. 6.—The Supreme Council, on receiving the acceptance of the Russian Bolshevik Government of the invitation to attend the conference on the Princes Islands, immediately made arrangements to send a joint committee of two representatives from each of the five great Powers to meet the representatives of the Soviet Government. The wireless dispatch from the Soviet Government accepting the invitation was received by wireless last night while the Conference Committee on a Society of Nations was in session.

GENERAL STRIKE IS BEGUN IN SEATTLE

Street Cars and Elevators Idle; Schools to Close; 55,000 Said to Be Out.

By the Associated Press. SEATTLE, Wash., Feb. 6.—Seattle's general strike was called at the scheduled time, 10 a. m. today. First reports from downtown said union street car men started their cars for the barns at 10 o'clock, union elevator operators in all the large buildings abandoned their cars and tenants closed their doors when their union cooks and waiters left.

Schools may be forced to close by the strike of janitors and engineers, the office of the Superintendent of Schools stated.

Union labor leaders declared that virtually 55,000 union members are on strike. This number includes the 25,000 who walked out of the shipyards Jan. 21. The general strike, they said, was the first ever called in the United States.

"Business Usual," Says Mayor. Mayor Oleo Hansen issued a statement declaring that law and order will prevail. "Business as usual" will be the sign at the city hall and the city plants, he asserted.

The shipyard workers, who are affiliated with the Metal Trades Council, asked that mechanics be paid \$5 a day and helpers and laborers \$7 and \$6 a day. The Metal Trades members made their demands when they announced they were dissatisfied with the findings of a Federal wage adjustment commission.

Charles Piez, Director-General of the Emergency Fleet Corporation, was quoted in a dispatch last night as saying that the Seattle ship yard workers, in striking, had disregarded a pledge they made with the Government.

Papers Expected to Suspend.

The city light department was exempted by the strikers but plans to operate it and other city utilities had been made by the city. Telephone operators, however, were believed to continue, but with considerable modification. The Post-Intelligencer (morning), Times (evening), and all other papers, including labor organizations' official organ, are expected to suspend.

Mayor Hanson and Chief of Police Warren say they are prepared to handle the situation should disorders arise. The strike committee last night voted to exempt from the strike the engineers in the municipal lighting plants.

Most of the city stores announced they would remain open as long as their stocks last. The truck drivers were among the strikers.

Order for Sympathetic Strike in Tacoma Unsubscribed.

By the Associated Press. TACOMA, Wash., Feb. 6.—At 10 o'clock, the time set for a general walkout of union men in Tacoma, in sympathy with Seattle striking ship workers, street cars were running, lights were on, newspapers were operating, restaurants were doing business and there was small indication that the tie-up of industry here would be nearly complete.

It is stated that at 10 o'clock the linemen and operators, who operate the city light and power plants, stated that they would fight, if necessary, to retain their jobs. The members of the allied printing trades unions adhered to the commands of their international officers, who warned them against joining a sympathetic strike.

THERE NEVER WAS A BETTER TIME TO BE HERE, ESTABLISH THE OFFERING IS "POST-DISPATCH" WANTS.

Continued on Page 2, Column 5.

AGREEMENT ON THE BASIC PRINCIPLES OF LEAGUE

Official Announcement Also
Is Made That Commission
Handling Subject Has
One-Third of Work Done
—Four More Small Nations
Get Recognition.

COMMISSION HOLDS
LONG NIGHT MEETINGS

President Wilson Expects to
Work Every Night on Con-
stitution So It May Be
Ready Before He Starts
Home.

By the Associated Press.
PARIS, Feb. 6.—The Society of
Nations Commission of the peace
conference, has virtually com-
pleted one-third of its work, it was
officially announced this afternoon.

The Commission also formally
announced it had decided
that representatives of Czechoslo-
vakia, Greece, Poland and Rumania
would be associated in its delibera-
tions.

Agreement, the statement added,
has been reached on the principles
underlying the whole draft for a
society of nations.

At its session the commission dis-
cussed articles dealing with the
motives behind the formation of a
society, the objects which will safe-
guard the constitution of its chief or-
gans and the qualifications for mem-
bership.

Positive steps for reconciling
differences between the greater
and lesser nations at the peace
conference, which were begun
yesterday, are continuing today.
In addition to winning four additional
places on the commission on the so-
ciety of nations, it seems probable
that the lesser Powers also will be
granted adequate representation.

The executive body of the so-
ciety, as well as the legisla-
tive sections. The smaller Pow-
ers are insisting on being given
greater voice and the commission
plans under consideration are being
revised to meet the situation.

When the commission on the so-
ciety of nations meets tonight, rep-
resentatives of Poland, Rumania,
Greece and Czechoslovakia will be
present, together with those of China,
Brazil, Belgium, Portugal and Ser-
bia and the five great Powers. Pres-
ident Wilson expects to be present
every night this week, as the work
of framing the plan for the society
of nations is regarded by him as of
extreme importance.

Commission in Long Session.
The decision to grant four addi-
tional seats on the commission to
lesser countries gives to the small
Powers nine seats on the commis-
sion and 10 seats to the five great
Powers.

According to the decision the
smaller Powers of Poland, Rumania,
Czechoslovakia and Greece will have
additional seats. This concession to
lesser nations became known last
night after a long session of the
commission on the society of nations,
which President Wilson attended. It
was apparently received with satis-
faction by the smaller Powers, which
felt their representation to be inade-
quate.

The session of the commission last
evening from 8:30 until after 11 o'clock,
the chief point being discussed be-
ing the constitution of the executive
body of the society of nations. Pres-
ident Wilson expected to be present
to meet the opposition of small
countries, which have resented their
having been excluded from the ex-
ecutive body of the society of nations.
The commission decided to give
five representatives altogether to
the five great Powers and two rep-
resentatives for smaller countries,
making the membership seven in all.

Premier Orlando of Italy approved
the British suggestion, saying that
he considered it would give fair rep-
resentation to all countries, but Leon
Bourgeois, spokesman for France, op-
posed the plan, pointing out that 19
small belligerent were entitled to
representation.

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RUB IT ON YOUR
SORE, ACHING BACK

Rub Lumbago, Pain, Soreness,
and Stiffness away with St. Jacob's Liniment.

Kidney cause backache? No.
They have no nerve, therefore can-
not cause pain. Listen! Your back-
ache is caused by lumbago, sciatica
or a strain, and the quickest relief is
soothing, penetrating—St. Jacob's
Liniment. Rub it right on the ache
or tender spot, and instantly the pain,
soreness, stiffness and lameness disap-
pear. Don't stay crippled. Get a
small trial bottle of St. Jacob's
Liniment from your druggist and
limber up. A moment after it is ap-
plied you'll wonder what became of
the backache, sciatica and lumbago
pains. "St. Jacob's Liniment" is
harmless and does not burn the skin.
It's the only application to rub on
a weak, lame or painful back or for
lumbago, sciatica, neuralgia, rheu-
matism, sprains or strain.—ADV.

ST. LOUIS POST-DISPATCH COMPLUSORY ARBITRATION WILL NOT BE INCLUDED IN FINAL LEAGUE PLAN

Correspondent Outlines Compulsory Submission
Procedure Discussed as Arbitration,
Mediation or Investigation.

By DAVID LAWRENCE.

Special Cable to the New York Even-
ing Post and the Post-Dispatch.
PARIS, Wednesday, Feb. 5.—Pres-
ident Wilson and 14 of his colleagues
sat around a circular table in the
apartments of Mr. House in the Hotel
Clugny, Tuesday evening, discussing
the best plan for the league of na-
tions, which it is expected will be
formally proposed to the peace con-
ference in a few days.

The countries represented were the
United States, Great Britain, France,
Italy, Japan, China, Belgium, Serbia,
Brazil and Portugal, whose delegates
constitute the special committee.
The proposed "covenant" which has
the approval of the British and Ital-
ian members, as well as the French,
with some reservations, was fully ex-
amined, and was the basis for the
discussion.

The Japanese delegates, who hith-
erto have been unopposed as to the
attitude of their Government, had
heard from Tokio, and expressed a
willingness to co-operate in the es-
tablishment of the league.

Baron Chinda had a long talk with
Mr. House, wherein he made clear the Japanese
attitude as one desiring to offer no
objection, but, on the contrary, to
make such suggestions as would
strengthen the league of nations.

Compulsory Arbitration Status.
From one of the principal dele-
gates present last night the infor-
mation was obtained today that the
compulsory arbitration feature of the
league will not be included in the
final plan. No sanguine hopes had
been entertained of its adoption.

There had been some men, like Mr.
House, who believed that, if com-
pulsory arbitration were agreed
upon, prevention of war would be
absolutely assured, but it is recog-
nized by the American delegates
that not only would the American
Senate probably be unwilling to sub-
mit every dispute to future arbitra-
tion, but that other nations are un-
likely to go that far as yet.

It must be clearly understood that
the compulsory submission feature
still stands in the joint plan under
discussion. Procedure, therefore, is
being worked out.

Nations in dispute are compelled
to choose any one of three methods
for settlement—arbitration, media-
tion, or a commission of investi-
gation, and during the pendency of
the method chosen, hostilities will
be forbidden. The nation unwilling
to accept any of these plans will be
declared as having broken the league.

Inasmuch as the territorial integ-
rity of every nation is to be guaran-
teed by the covenant, any nation
which invades the territory of an-
other in any way whatsoever during
the exercise of any one of the three
processes of settlement mentioned,
commits an act of war against all
signatories to the treaty, and each of
these nations is free to take punitive
action.

Of course, if a nation accepts ar-
bitration, it is compelled to abide by
the award, but the original sugges-
tion, which has now been dropped,
would have given no choice as among
the three methods of settlement, and
confined each country simply to arbit-
ration.

larger representation. England also
suggested a formula which would
permit her dominions to be repre-
sented on the executive body.

Czechs Are Heard.
An official communication issued
last evening said:

"The allied peace delegates on Feb.
5 heard the Czech and Slovak Repub-
lic on the claims of the Czech-Slovak
republic. A commission of two mem-
bers to be elected each for France,
Great Britain, Italy and the United
States will be appointed to examine
the technical aspects of the ques-
tion."

The committee of the peace con-
ference having in charge the Polish
question met at the Hotel Clugny
yesterday morning and heard the
Polish and Lithuanian representa-
tives. The committee will soon leave
Paris for Tscheng, Austrian Silesia.

The Peace Commission on Interna-
tional Labor Legislation completed
its discussion of the British plan for
an international labor bureau yes-
terday. The plan will be taken up
article by article today. A statement
by the American Federation of La-
bor was presented to the committee,
but its contents were not divulged.

The great Powers are faced with
a situation that if each state is given
an equal vote in a Supreme Court
of Nations, they will find them-
selves in the minority although their
interests might be much greater,
and probably would be. It is not
believed that the great Powers would
consent to an arrangement of this
sort, and a situation similar to that
at the second Hague peace confer-
ence appears to be in the making.

The experts on the society of na-
tions question are hopeful of find-
ing a way to get the smaller states
to agree to the plan so that it will
not fail as Elihu Root's scheme for
a Supreme Court of Nations failed
of approval at the second conference
at The Hague.

The "big five" is finding great re-
lief from the study of the details of
complicated secondary questions
through the commissions which have
been created for these special prob-
lems. In this category falls the sub-
ject of the conflicting claims of the
smaller nations of the "Entente" to
territory which is likely to be ta-

Until there has been further pro-
gress in the methods of arbitration,
many of the delegates of the several
nations feel that the public opinion
of their countries is not ready to be
bound by umpires of other nations,
preferring the other two processes,
which give fuller publicity of facts
to the world, and will still enable
any nation which is confident of the
justice of its cause to seek further
means of confirming its opinion.

Compulsory arbitration has to be
dropped for other reasons, too. The
Japanese, for instance, would have
felt bound to raise, at this time, the
question of immigration of the United
States and Australia, and to endeavor
to obtain the removal of this discrimina-
tion, which they consider a question of
national honor, and would have been
signing of the peace treaty, if the
compulsory feature had been insisted
upon.

Other complex problems would
have projected themselves into the
settlement now, in advance of the
signing of the peace treaty, if the
compulsory feature had been insisted
upon.

It is thought best, on all sides, that
the formation of the league will be
a big advance over the previous con-
dition of the world, if it succeeds in
compelling submission of disputes of
any kind to tribunals for a period
of time sufficient to enable the pas-
sions of the contending peoples to
calm. It was also felt that it would
give time for the public opinion of
the world to operate in a conciliatory
way.

Constitution Not Infringed.
From members of the American
delegation it was learned today that
scrupulous care is being taken to do
nothing which might be construed as
an infringement on the American Con-
stitution, and no fears on that score
need be entertained anywhere. The
freedom of action for America has been
fully preserved.

It is true there is a discussion of
some things which, if approved by
the American people, would involve
the breaking of traditions, but our
delegates are of opinion that the
scrupulous care on the American Con-
stitution, and no fears on that score
need be entertained anywhere. The
freedom of action for America has been
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Details were received at headquar-
ters today of the bravery displayed
by a little squad of about 15 French-
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raid on the village of Boisde Oze.
Monday. Mistaking the enemy for
Russians, the French detachment per-
mitted the Bolsheviks to advance close
to their position.

Then they found themselves sur-
rounded by the enemy. Called upon to
surrender, the Frenchmen refused and
tried to fight their way out. Two
were killed; three were wounded and
four of these six turned up today.
Four of these six turned up today.
Two of them were wounded, apparently
having escaped from their captors.

Situation on the Dvina.
The situation is unchanged on the
Dvina and railroad fronts. Allied
troops were again forced to retire
in the face of Bolshevik attacks
along the Pinega River, but the po-
sitions of the Americans at the town
of Pinega have not been attacked.
The enemy lost so heavily in the
attack on the Tulgas position on
Jan. 31 that the Bolsheviks refused
to again go forward, and held a
meeting, which they openly de-
clared the question of deserting to
the allies. Several Bolshevik de-
serters already have made their way
to the allied lines, and from these
it has been learned that the enemy
has been defeated.

On the Dvina sector the allied
troops have burned the village of
Upper Tulgas, which frequently gave
refuge to Bolshevik attacking parties.

Siberian Troops Virtually Annihilated
Two Bolshevik Divisions.
OMSK, Siberia, Monday, Feb. 3.—
Two divisions of Bolsheviks, have
been virtually annihilated by Siber-
ian troops under Gen. Gaidar, near
Kungur, 50 miles southeast of Perm,
according to an official statement
issued here today.

The city of Perm is now declared
to be safe from Bolshevik attack.
People who had fled from Perm to
Ekaterinburg and other towns are
returning. The losses of the Siberian
troops have been estimated at 12,000
men. Gen. Gaidar's forces are now
12 miles from Ufa, which was
taken by Bolshevik forces some time
ago.

Thus complex issues raised by the
claims of Greece, not only to em-
pire, but to a section after being
justified in harmony with the prin-
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One Woman to Another
By Rosalie Rowan

What is a girl to do when she is
invited to dinner and can't go be-
cause—well, because she's troubled
with body odor?

There's a question that many a girl
asked, and the answer is—use
Anolin. The very people I liked most
seemed to avoid me. I was almost
ashamed to go to school. I tried to
use soap, but it didn't help. I tried
to use perfume, but it didn't help.
What did I try to get rid of those
odors? Bathing morning and night, per-
fume, toilet preparations without end.
And no relief. One day in a newspaper
I read about Anolin. I tried it. I
let me tell you, I've been a different girl
ever since I first used Anolin.

I know that I not only feel different,
but I look different, too. I go to even-
ing entertainments now without embar-
rassment.
But Anolin has so many uses—intu-
itely personal use. It's really antiseptic,
wonderfully healing and soothing.
You can get Anolin at all drug and de-
partment stores. It's a small, round, 4c
double size. The Anolin Co., Ltd.,
N. J., will send a free sample on re-
quest. In my opinion, Anolin is abso-
lutely invaluable for a woman who cares
to be at her very best.—ADV.

AMERICANS BREAK UP BOLSHEVIKI ATTACK

Inflict Heavy Losses on the
Enemy and Drive Them
From Vistavka Village.

By the Associated Press.
ARCHANGEL, Feb. 5.—Heavy
losses were inflicted upon the Bol-
sheviki by the American forces Tues-
day and the enemy was driven back
in disorder from the village of Vis-
tavka, on the Vaga. The American
casualties were five killed and sev-
enty wounded. Many Bolshevik sol-
diers were taken prisoners by the
Americans.

The enemy early in the morning
began a bombardment with field guns
and howitzers, and under cover of a
shrapnel and pom-pom barrage es-
sayed a frontal attack with infantry
in the Arctic twilight at 3 o'clock in
the afternoon.

The American troops, who were
rested after their retirement from
Shenkursk and were now established
in a good position, poured a heavy
fire from their machine guns into the
charging Bolsheviks, whose ranks
broke and fled into the woods.

Captured Bolsheviks declared that
the enemy had planned a flank at-
tack simultaneously with the frontal
movement, but this was abandoned
when the Vistavka attempt failed.

Chinese and Manchurian troops
are now in the Bolshevik front lines,
opposing the Americans on the Vaga.
So far there have been held in re-
serve, but the Americans are pre-
paring a warm reception for the yellow
soldiers if they appear in the fight.

Spirits Kept Up.
Yesterday's defeat of the enemy on
the Dvina, keeps up the spirits of
the American and other allied troops
who are fighting with the utmost de-
termination to hold their positions.

These defeats have considerably low-
ered the enemy morale, but the Bol-
sheviki are being constantly rein-
forced, and while their offensive has
been temporarily checked there are
indications that it will be renewed
when fresh Bolshevik forces reach
the line.

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by a little squad of about 15 French-
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LONDON STRIKE SPREADS THROUGHOUT ENGLAND

Railway Men Go Out and in
Many Places No Trains
Are Running.

By the Associated Press.
LONDON, Feb. 6.—The Govern-
ment today was still maintaining its
attitude that it could not interfere in
the strikes in progress for the reason
that they were solely industrial con-
troversies, and the great inconve-
nience which the public is suffer-
ing has prompted Government
measures of relief until a settlement
is reached.

The War Office early in the day
mobilized more than 1000 motor lo-
ries along the principal routes of
traffic to supplement the buses and
take the place of the suspended tube
service. These lozries were manned
by military drivers. It is estimated
that they will be able to carry 250,
000 persons daily. No fare is charged
and particular attention is paid to
moving women and children only home
workers on their way to work are
picked up by the lozries.

The strike of waiters and cooks
in the restaurants is still inven-
turing thousands of diners, but
staffs for these dining places are be-
ing recruited from the unemployed.
Extension of the strike to the elec-
tric and steam services of the Lon-
don Railway lines further disorgani-
zed London suburban traffic. Many
workers were unable to reach the
business part of the city.

During the prearrangement of the strike
of railway men spread to the Great
Western Railway when the members
of the National Union of Railway-
men employed by that company at
Plymouth refused to go on sympathy
with the strikers of the Southwest-
ern.

The strike of railway men was
spreading this afternoon throughout
Southwestern England. From Swan-
age, Dorsetshire, came the message
"no trains are running." No trains
are in operation between Exmouth,
Exeter and Plymouth and these and
other towns have received no mail.

There was no indication at 3
o'clock this afternoon that the en-
gineering trades in London, including
the electric and tramway men, were
in their determination to strike to-
night, notwithstanding an order in
council making it an offense to inter-
fere with the lighting and power sup-
ply of the city.

The electric system of the South-
western was shut down completely.
The very few street cars were run-
ning, with the result that a vast
number of persons in the Thames
Valley and the southwestern suburbs
were unable to get to London. The
crowds of sailors and others who
wished to go to Portsmouth, South-
ampton and other southwestern
points were held up at the station,
where they were held up for hours
without engines to pull them.

On the Brighton line the situation
was little better. Many business
men who have winter residences at
Brighton and other southern resorts
were unable to get to London.

Talks of Crediting Dividends.
He recalled having sold "short"
100 shares of Delawares & Lack-
awanna Railroad stock, belonging to
a Dr. Shober, and 100 shares of
American Smelter stock, the prop-
erty of Carl Glaser, although he knew
that the stock was held by the
"long." He said he concealed the
trades from the customers by enter-
ing dividends to their credit on the
firm's books months after their buy-
ing had been wiped out. He said
that Dr. Shober's stock was worth
\$16,512.50.

"And you knew that when you
sold those stocks contrary to the
wishes of the firm's customers, the
result of the transaction would be
the wiping out of their accounts?"
he was asked.

"Not necessarily," he replied, "I
was always looking for an even
break in the market."
"But, supposing that any of those
customers had called for his collat-
eral, how would you have been in a
position to deliver?"

Destroyed Memorandums.
"I would have borrowed them
from our New York correspondents."
"Is it not a fact that your Eastern
correspondents were making de-
mands upon you for margins, and
were you not aware of the fact that
your firm had suffered heavy losses
through your trades?"

"I didn't think the losses were so
heavy," he said. "I was not keep-
ing any memorandums."
"Were you not destroying those
memorandums intentionally for the
purpose of concealing your losses?"
he was asked.

"No, I just had no use for them,"
he said.
"But if you had preserved those
memorandums you would have been
in a position to keep track of your
losses, is that not a fact?" interrupted
Referee Coles.

"Yes, I suppose so," Schmidt re-
plied.
Reports Crossed Out.
Attorney Goldsmith, representing
the trustee, showed Schmidt a num-
ber of memorandums which he had
crossed out.

DELEGATES FROM
PEACE COUNCIL TO
MEET BOLSHEVIKI
Continued From Page One.

interfere with Russian internal af-
fairs."
It then announces that the Gov-
ernment is disposed to confer a
directing and advisory role from
the peace conference at Princes
Islands or elsewhere, "with all the
Entente Powers or some of them
separately, or even with some of the
Russian representatives, at the re-
quest of the Entente Powers."

In conclusion, the Entente Pow-
ers are asked to inform the Soviet
Government without delay, where
its representatives are, of also what
date and route to be taken.

Mexico Cuts Cotton Export Tax.
By the Associated Press.
CALEXICO, Cal., Feb. 6.—Pres-
ident Carranza of Mexico has sent
a telegram to Estaban Cantu of Low-
er California at Mexicali, Mexico, in-
forming him that the cotton export
tax of 30 a bale recently estab-
lished has been abolished. The old
tax of 17 a bale is re-established.
The provision that every cotton ex-
porter must have a special license
also was eliminated.

A. H. Brown's Partner Admits Surreptitious Speculations

Continued From Page One.

Such trades, he said, went into the
fund.
"What about the losses?" he was
asked.
"They were charged to the ac-
counts of the customers," he replied.
With Firm 19 Years.

He qualified this statement by say-
ing that only one customer's account
had been charged by him with "ad-
venture fund" losses, and that was
the account of his wife's aunt, Mrs.
Emma Gruen, an invalid, who had
given him full discretion in handling
her collateral. He added that Mrs.
Gruen received a handsome profit on
her investment with the firm, begin-
ning with a \$2000 margin and draw-
ing more than \$5000 in two years, of
which, Schmidt said, he received
one-fourth to one-half as his share.

Schmidt, after testifying that he
had entered the employ of the brok-
erage firm as an office boy 17 years
ago (his present age is 35), and
served as stenographer, telegraph
operator and bookkeeper at differ-
ent periods, said he was made a
partner about six years ago. He said
he bought a one-fifth interest in the
capital stock of the corporation, val-
ued at \$30,000, for which he paid
\$2000 down and the rest of his
"earnings." When the corporation
was dissolved in 1913, he said, he
entered a partnership with Brown
on a basis of one-fifth interest for
himself. He said that his salary as
a partner was \$400 a month, but
that his living expenses were be-
tween \$800 and \$1000 a year.

Speculated 18 Months.
He began speculating on the
firm's account 18 months before his
insolvency became known. He was
in charge of the books, he said, and
he made no record of his trading,
nor did he tell his partner, Brown,
anything about it. He added that he
kept memoranda of his deals in his
desk for about a year, but that in
the six months preceding the filing
of the petition in bankruptcy he
had made no effort to keep records.

Asked how he was able to con-
ceal his losses from the firm, he
said that when he lost he sent se-
curities to the firm's New York cor-
respondent to cover the margin of

BOLSHEVIK RULE IN RUSSIA AN IRONIC DELUSION TO ITS DISCIPLES AND A HIDEOUS TYRANNY ALIKE FOR FRIEND AND FOE, WRITES ROBERT MINOR

War-Hoops Is State Language of the Government by "The People's Commissaries" and Its High-Sounding Phrases on Equality and Its Messages of Defiance to the World Are Hollow Mockeries to Hold the Ignorant Peasantry in Awe.

Following is the second article by Robert Minor, former Post-Dispatch cartoonist, giving the truth about Bolshevik rule in Russia. Minor, who soon after he left the Post-Dispatch five years ago, identified himself with radical socialism, went to Russia shortly after the revolution and worked with the revolutionists to organize a radical government. Recently, however, disillusioned and disgusted by the hideous structure of tyranny and misrule raised by Lenin and Trotsky, he left Russia. He is now in Berlin. A third article by Minor will be printed in a few days by the Post-Dispatch. The first was published Tuesday.

BY ROBERT MINOR.
BERLIN, via Copenhagen, Saturday, Feb. 1.—I wish to follow the interview with Nikolai Lenin, the Russian Bolshevik dictator, which was carried in the Post-Dispatch two days ago, with an analysis of the situation in Russia, which seems not to be understood. Bolshevism in Russia is not what it appears to be, neither what its enemies depict nor its friends admire.

Estimates of Russia, made half a year ago, are no longer of much value. There has been a strange, twisting sort of Government, and a slight-of-hand, so-called dictatorship of the proletariat has become the Government. It is a Government by "people's commissaries," in which Lenin figures as "our teacher." It may be remembered that the Car used to be called the "Little Father."

In place of enjoying the millennium of which the Socialists have dreamed, Russia has fallen under the dread tyranny of the commissaries; but, compared with earlier standards, you may see a ragged but fairly robust little republic with a president, a legislature and a government.

It is true that the bourgeoisie are disfranchised under the Soviet scheme of government, but, actually, men of bourgeois class are fast drifting back into control of Russian industry as "people's commissaries," and thus they have active participation in affairs of the state.

Soviets Like a Congress.

The Soviets, which were once the spontaneous expression of rebellion against the old order, representing the will of one class to rule, have been whipped by Lenin into a shape bearing considerable resemblance to an ordinary Congress. Lenin has the Soviets so firmly in hand that he is considering making peace with the world by means of the payment of Russia's old debts.

He is also ready to allow the claims of foreign investors, and he has the Red army so disciplined that it will carry out orders which no one would have dared give a year ago, when the would-be statesman had not yet got control and had not subdued the Soviets. It is a new condition in Russia, difficult for outsiders to see through the maze of war-hoop phrasology which has become the Russian state language.

I am convinced that such language has become more or less a permanent institution. So whoever wishes to discern the facts must see through the language. Perhaps none will rule eastern or central Europe for a long time without using Socialist phrases. This does not necessarily imply that such changes are merely a matter of phrasology.

Bolshevik State Near Reality.

Lenin's Bolshevik state, once half-baked, has become pretty much reality. The initiative, which used to be exercised in the streets, has been transferred back to governmental hands. Disorder has practically ceased within the acknowledged limits of the Government.

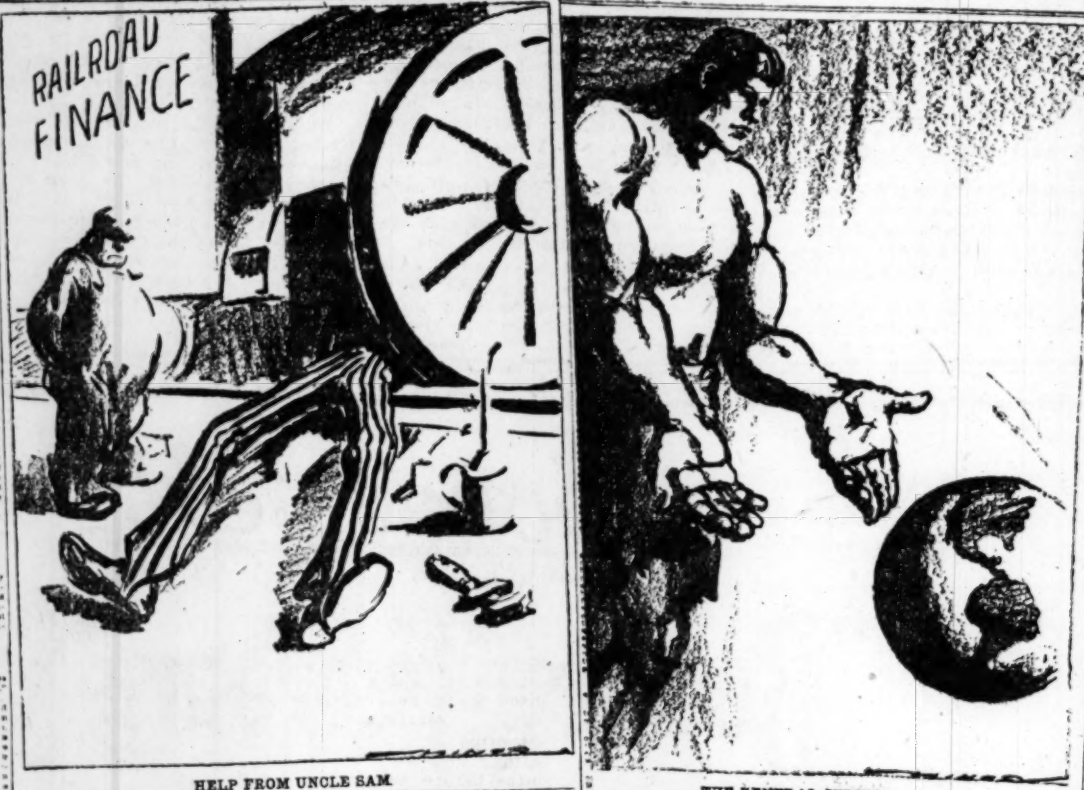
When the red flags wave in Moscow all is harmonious and official and well polished.

Lenin's interest is now centered in maintaining and protecting his Government ownership of everything. It is an experiment in state building. Now his chief aim is to protect his State from invasion.

Quite a spectacle was presented at the anniversary of its own establishment. The Government provided the regular and organized the parade. Supposedly, the affair was in honor of the beginning of Government by Soviets; actually, it celebrated the beginning of the rule of the People's Commissaries.

Yet the demonstration seemed to lack popular support. In one provincial school the children were called out to parade in honor of the revolution. The kiddies were delighted with the red banners, but when the authorities, crammed with right-winded words of stereotyped rebellion, all went well until the supervising commissary noticed

THURSDAY EVENING, JUNE 11, 1918.



HELP FROM UNCLE SAM

JUST A MINUTE

THURSDAY EVENING, JULY 4, 1918.



LET THE FATHER OF WATERS DO THE WORK

JUST A MINUTE

Some characteristic cartoons drawn by Robert Minor when he was a member of the Post-Dispatch staff.

an unofficial banner reading: "Long live the Soviets, down with the ruling commissary class."

No police of the Car ever hunted down a Socialist harder than the Bolshevik police ran down the perpetrator of this sedition act. So Russia has come a long way since the Soviets grew spontaneously, after the first Russian revolution.

Soviets Before Bolsheviks.

The Bolsheviks are not responsible for the existence of the Soviets. They did not invent them, nor were they given a year ago, when the would-be statesman had not yet got control and had not subdued the Soviets. It is a new condition in Russia, difficult for outsiders to see through the maze of war-hoop phrasology which has become the Russian state language.

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came into real power they set aside the last Soviet constitution, which was the lowest-paid laborers by declaring for equal pay for all work. As soon as they felt sufficiently strong they contrived devices for raising the incomes of those "doing unusually important work."

The land policy always looked bigger than any other. When Lenin gained strength to enforce his will he unfolded his plan. Then it appeared that the peasants were not to have the land after all, at any rate not individually, as the state was to have all except small holdings.

The so-called Soviet Russia which the Bolsheviks caught has been brought back under military discipline. It is now a tamed and policed Soviet with prosaic Government ownership.

Need Inflammatory Tongue.

The Bolshevik may feel that they have a right to rule Russia. They seem to have done it when no one else could. It is not yet safe for them to quit using the inflammatory revolutionary language, because a lot more revolution is left in the soul of Russia than outsiders guess. If the Bolsheviks quit using the sort of language with which they tamed the giant, the whole thing would be off again.

Bolshevik talk must be the language of the state for a long time to come, but the Bolshevik rulers are anxious to come to an understanding with the other nations, even though they must say so in a way that sounds terribly revolutionary. The defiantly worded note of the People's Commissary, Tchitcherine addressed to President Wilson was really for the consolation of the proletariat of Moscow, where it was plastered on every wall.

Ibsen Friday Bargain.

Assorted, choice, Butter Taffies and Molasses Chips, 35c lb.—Adv.

19 PER CENT OF NATION'S MEN IN THE SERVICE NOV. 11, 1918

Gen. Crowder's Report Shows 30 Out of Every 100 Examined Were Physically Disqualified.

By the Associated Press. Feb. 6.—The second and probably final annual report on the selective service system, prepared by Major-General Enoch H. Crowder, Provost Marshal-General, and just made public, recommends that the draft machinery be used to take the decennial census. The 600-page document gives the first inkling of drastic extensions of the work-or-fight regulations which had been planned just before hostilities ended.

The report shows that specific plans were before Secretary Baker last November, under which a minimum working week for the essential industries would have been fixed in order that "industrial slackers" might be reached, and that plans were shaping for the mandatory deferment of registrants in essential industry, denying them absolutely the right of military service. A scheme for supervising labor distribution through an industrial fur- lough system also was being evolved.

On Nov. 11, 1918, the report shows, the United States had in its military and naval service 4,791,172 men, or 19 per cent of the male population. On the same day England had already called to the colors 5,854,329, or nearly 60 per cent.

The final official total for all registrations was 24,234,621. Of these, 3,298,446 had been physically examined and practically 20 men out of every 100 were found to be physically disqualified. Men granted exemption because of religious creeds numbered 5,829. Only 10 per cent of married registrants were called for military duty. Seventy-four of every 100 men classified were granted deferment because of dependency and about 16 per cent on other grounds.

TRIBUTE GETS VENUE CHANGE

Henry Ford's Libel Suit to Be Tried Outside of Detroit.

By the Associated Press. DETROIT, Mich., Feb. 6.—A change of venue from Wayne County (Detroit) to some other county in Michigan was granted by Circuit Court this morning to the Chicago Daily Tribune in the \$100,000 libel suit brought by Henry Ford.

Selection of the place for the trial is left to counsel for both sides, but in event of their inability to agree, it will be designated by Judge Henry A. Mandell, who heard the motion for a change of venue.

DAUES TELLS OF PLAN FOR NEW R. VALUATION

Six-Cent Fare Award Was Based on \$52,800,000 Valuation—Grant Expires June 1.

City Counselor Daues yesterday said the city would endeavor to have the State Public Service Commission establish a lower valuation of the United Railways city lines than \$52,800,000, the valuation on which the increase to a 6-cent fare was tentatively based. The one-year period in which this fare was to be in force expires June 1 next.

Daues said he believed that with a lower valuation it will be possible to restore the 5-cent fare. Maj. C. E. Smith of the construction division of the Quartermaster's Corps, soon to be discharged from the army, was in consultation with city officials yesterday. He will soon resume his duties as consulting engineer of the city Board of Public Service and he says he will aid in presenting the case in support of establishing a lower valuation of United Railways property.

At the hearings before the Public Service Commission on the company's application for an increase in fare last spring Smith favored a valuation of \$60,000,000 for the United Railways properties and it was on this basis the valuation of \$52,800,000 for the lines within the city was arrived at. In his testimony Smith said that if going value, good will and expense of consolidation were to be considered as assets, the total valuation might be established as high as \$70,000,000.

Arguments for and against Mayor Kiel's mill tax and franchise deal with the United Railways Co., and against and for the recall of the Mayor, were received today by the members of the Chamber of Commerce in their mail.

The argument attacking the Mayor's action, and favoring the recall, were signed by Frederick B. Chamberlain, president of the F. B. Chamberlain Co., food products; J. Clark Street, oil dealer and director of the Merchants American National Bank; L. Wade Childress, president of the Columbia Transfer Co.; T. L. Mauldin, secretary of the Land-Mauldin Shoe Co.; and Flint Garrison, president of the Garrison-Wagner Printing Co.

The argument supporting the Mayor's action, and opposing the recall, which was sent the members at the same time, was signed by Melville L. Wilkinson, president of the Scruggs, Vandervoort & Barney Dry Goods Co., and president of the Associated Retailers; Paul W. Brown, editor of The West at Work; John O. Ballard, treasurer of the Ballard-Messmore Grain Co.; and F. W. A. Vesper, president of the Vesper-Buck Automobile Co.

Committee's Findings.

The four last named formed the majority of the Chamber of Commerce special committee, appointed to investigate the Mayor's action. The committee's first report was four to one, with Garrison as the minority member. At the time when the majority and minority reports were submitted, the referendum was invoked by a petition of 74 members, and this transferred the responsibility for action from the board of directors to the entire membership.

The arguments on the opposing sides were sent out with the referendum ballot, on which votes will be counted next Monday evening. The questions on the ballot were:

1. Do you believe that the agreement between the Mayor and the United Railways should have been first submitted to the municipal assembly for its action? **YES NO**
2. Regardless of your opinion on Question No. 1, is it your belief that the agreement with the United Railways is in the best interest of the city? **YES NO**
3. Do you believe that legal proceedings should be instituted looking to a reopening of the Jefferson avenue franchise case? **YES NO**
4. Do you believe the Mayor should be recalled? **YES NO**

Under the Chamber of Commerce constitution, when a question is submitted to a referendum, the president of the Chamber names one member on each side to prepare the opposing arguments, and each chooses his own committee to aid in preparing the argument. Wilkinson chose the three other majority members of the committee: Garrison chose Chamberlain, Street, Childress and Mauldin. The minority, which prepared a detailed argument covering each of the four questions, Wilkinson's committee submitted a shorter paper, covering all the questions.

SIX CITY EMPLOYEES AMONG 16 AT MEETING INDORSING KIEL

Member of Riddick School Patrons' Association Says He Was Not Notified of Gathering.

Six members of the Riddick School Patrons' Association, which indorsed Mayor Kiel and his deal with the United Railways, Monday night, are city employees.

The meeting was held at the home of J. Bode, 4237W Evans avenue, a clerk in the office of the City Collector. There were 16 members of the association, the whole membership of which is about 50, present. Other city employees present were Michael Bass of the Street Department, who called the meeting; H. Meindner of the Building Commissioner's office; O. Uhrich of the Health Department; and A. W. Brown of the License Collector's office. Three sons of Bode and seven or eight others were present. Bode said that so far as he knew the meeting was not kept secret from the other members of the association. He said the usual attendance at the meetings of the association numbered between 12 and 20.

A member who was not present at the meeting of the association called at the office of the Citizens' Referendum League today and said that the action of Monday night was a "cut and dried affair," as no notice of the meeting was sent to any of the members of the association except those who attended.

LETTER INDORSING KIEL SIGNED BY BUSCH OFFICIALS

A letter given out at the city hall yesterday indorsing the Mayor's deal with the United Railways is signed by Adolphus Busch III, Edward Magnus, Bernhard Anheuser, vice president, August A. Busch Jr., Robert Holm, Otto H. Rasfeld, Richard Muehlberg and some 18 other officials and employees of the Anheuser-Busch Brewing Association.

In the latest lists of stockholders of the North American, the holding company for the United Railways, which collects several hundred thousand dollars a year by selling stock in the United Railways, the Busch estate is credited with 2406 shares, which at a par value of \$100 a share represent an asset valued at \$240,600. In addition, a list of preferred stockholders in the United Railways places the Busch holding at 600 shares.

The Mayor's office announced that letters signed by 75 individuals had been received in indorsement of Kiel's deal with the United Railways.

MEAT CUTTERS' UNION VOTES TO REMAIN NEUTRAL ON KIEL

The Amalgamated Meat Cutters and Butcher Union, Local No. 545, held its regular weekly meeting at New City Hall, Thirteenth street and Chouteau avenue, last night and voted to remain neutral on the question of Mayor Kiel's deal with the United Railways, which was indorsed by a Central Trades and Labor Union a week ago Sunday. The local has about 2000 members, 300 of whom were present last night. The proposition voted on was whether the local should take action for or against Kiel or remain neutral.

YOUTH FROM SYRACUSE, N. Y. FOUND DAZED IN ST. LOUIS

William H. Bishop Jr., 17 years old, a high school student, living at 253 Westcott avenue, Syracuse, N. Y., found dazed at the St. Louis station and taken to the city hospital last night, told police he had no recollection of events from the time he left his home last Sunday to go to a drug store until he was revived at the hospital.

He said he had suffered a severe headache Sunday and bought some tablets at the drug store. He did not remember anything after that. Doctors said he was suffering from nervousness. A receipt in his pocket developed that he had paid a week's room rent in advance yesterday at the Princess Hotel, Eighteenth and Chestnut streets.

BALLOTS AND ARGUMENTS ON KIEL'S DEAL WITH U. R. REACH C. OF C. MEMBERS

Referendum Will Determine Organization's Stand on Settlement and in Move to Recall Mayor—Count Will Be Made Monday.

The mill tax had already been "settled" as definitely as anything can be settled, by Supreme Court decisions twice affirmed.

The Jefferson avenue case, however, had not been settled. It was the most important litigation which had ever come up between the city and the company. Involved in that case was the city's fundamental right to control its franchises. Mark well what was done with this vital matter. The Mayor's "agreement" did not simply "dismiss the appeal" in order to "stop litigation." What was agreed to by collusion was "affirmed by stipulation" the decision of the lower court. This, as every lawyer knows, is a vastly different thing. It was equivalent to asking the court to "discontinue the case against the city without trying it on its merits, then close it so it may never be reopened again."

The clear intention of the act was to extend the franchise on the Jefferson avenue line and all the other lines affected by that case. The granting or extending of any franchise is the function of the Board of Aldermen. The city had previously expressed its disapproval of the unconditional extension of these expiring franchises. The Mayor clearly went far out of his way to extend them. The repeated statements that the Jefferson avenue case was "dismissed" in order to "stop litigation" is a very definite, if not deliberate, misstatement of fact.

The erroneous statement may again be innocently used even by those who are now preparing the arguments on the other side of this referendum. So, remember, the case was not "dismissed" but was "affirmed by stipulation" in order to validate the franchises.

Now, in order to get at the true significance of the Mayor's act, assume that the act has not been committed and that the Mayor is addressing the following question to the entire city which he represents: "I am about to enter into an agreement with the United Railways Company, the purpose of which is to unconditionally validate until 1933 the Jefferson avenue franchise, and the franchises of all the other lines affected by this case. Shall I submit this to the Board of Aldermen and let them pass on it so that you, the city, may have the power of reviewing the act by referendum, or shall I go ahead, fix it up as I please with the company and then nail it down so you can never have anything further to say about it?"

Upon your answer to this question will depend your answer to question one.

Second Question.

Question 2. The city's best interest in this matter lies in securing adequate service at a reasonable fare. The "settlement" does not touch this vital matter in any particular; on the contrary, an opportunity to insure or compel such service was lost through the atrocious disposition of the Jefferson avenue case.

To call the deal a "compromise agreement" is an absurdity. According to the counsel of the Chamber of Commerce, it was clearly the granting of two favors to the company without any return whatever to the city. The mill tax was a settled question and, according to the counsel of the chamber, could have been collected before the agreement as well as now by making the proper legal demand followed by proper action. To extend the time of pay-

ment to 10 annual installments was clearly an advantage to the company. In case of a receivership, the city has today no better claim than it has before.

The "affirmance" of the Jefferson avenue case was a second favor granted to the company. It constitutes an extension of and validation of that franchise and all the other franchises resting on that decision. These were surrendered unconditionally without any stipulation as to service or fares. Instead of serving the best interests of the city, this "settlement" lost to the city its best opportunity to safeguard its interests.

Third Question.

Question 3. The city's interests in the Jefferson avenue case are altogether too vital to be given up. If the city wins that case, it can absolutely compel the United Railways to give the city a square deal. The talk about abandoning the Jefferson avenue line, tearing up the tracks, discontinuing the service on this and other lines and disintegrating the entire system is pure camouflage, a coloring of the realities to make them appear what they are not. As a matter of fact, the entire system must be kept together and service on all these lines maintained for there are outstanding bonds resting upon the whole. If the city wins this Jefferson avenue case, the corporation must surrender completely, come to the city and ask—"What are your terms?"

Great emphasis is laid on the fact that franchisees have no value because all questions of rate and service are under the control of the State Public Service Commission. Don't be confused on this point. Such commissions are at present under attack in a number of states. Federal Court decisions have already been rendered against their power to fix rates in opposition to franchise agreements. A bill is now pending in the United States Senate for the nullification of the authority of the State Commission in those cases where cities desire to control their own utilities. The authority of the State Commission is therefore, by no means a matter of permanence. Furthermore, to leave this whole matter of rates, service, capital issues, etc., to the settlement of any Commission will merely mean that the company's political activities heretofore directed towards the control of the city administration will be transferred to the attempted control of the State Public Service Commission without the safeguard provided in the city charter of review by the people provided in the referendum. The city's right to control this entire matter is inextricably bound up in the Jefferson avenue case and no step should be left untaken to recover its rights in that case. Bear in mind the case was not "dismissed." It was "affirmed by stipulation." The Circuit Attorney can ask that the case be reopened and tried on its merits. The attorney of the Chamber of Commerce would be warranted on instructions from the Chamber to ask the Court to reopen the case and try it on its merits. This, however, must be done before the present term of the Supreme Court expires. Should the term expire without such action, the case becomes "res judicata" (a matter already settled), and cannot be brought up in Court again.

If the Mayor's famous agreement for disposing of the case can be quietly slipped through without attracting public attention and the present term of the Supreme Court expire without a formal request for having it reopened, the city of St. Louis will, at a later date, awaken too late to the fact that its interests had been sacrificed irrevocably. The

Continued on Next Page.

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EIGHTH AND LOCUST — TO ST. CHARLES

IN NEW YORK TIED UP

Lockout Declared by Building Trades Employers. Operations in this city tied up by a lockout declared by the Building Trades Employers' Association, according to an announcement by William of Indianapolis, president of the International Union of Carpenters and Joiners, who is in New York City.

The lockout, which will be followed by a strike in the United States and which will eventually affect men employed in the trades, Bowen asserted that it followed unsuccessful negotiations with employers which had existed since November. Men went on strike for wages.

VESSELS SUNK BY MINES

Five Lives Lost—Third Ship Reported Sunk.

Associated Press. Feb. 6.—Two Norwegian fishing steamers, which were on a voyage from England to the coast of Norway, were sunk by mines off the coast of Scotland, off the East of Scotland, with the loss of 17 of the crew.

The first vessel sunk was the "Sphinx" of 1572 tons. It was way from England to the coast of Norway, with the loss of 17 of the crew. Two have picked up 40 members.

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ST. LOUIS POST-DISPATCH

By JOSEPH PULITZER

Dec. 12, 1877.

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Says Miss Packwood Killed Self.
Special to the Post-Dispatch.
NEW YORK, Feb. 6.—Prosecutor Bluckin of Hackensack said last night that doubts that Miss Azele Packwood, found dead on the Palisades, had killed herself, had just been removed. He said Bellevue had reported that chemical analysis of her internal organs had disclosed the presence of chloroform.

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—ADV.

U. R. to Answer Suit for a Receiver Tomorrow

Continued From Page One.

tracted to buy from Cooper 644,544 kilowatt hours of electric energy each day. The price was .0046 per kilowatt hour, a total price per year of \$1,078,200. Cooper agreed that he would sell no power from his dam within a radius of 26 miles from the St. Louis City Hall, except to the distributing company, thus creating at the outset a monopoly on the power that was to benefit St. Louis so greatly.

Within 10 days after it signed its contract with Cooper the distributing company had resold all the power it had agreed to buy. The sale required little salesmanship. The organizers of the distributing company were all directors of the North American company; all were directors in one or more of the concerns that were to be their customers. The resale was made to United Railways, Union Electric and Laclede Gas.

Cooper with his contract with the Jones-Wade-Campbell "distributing company" in his pocket returned to Boston. Stone & Webster, a firm of promoting capitalists of great resources, satisfied with the contract, furnished the money and Cooper proceeded to build the dam.

The receivership petition, which United Railways must answer tomorrow, states that the distributing company pays \$1,078,200 an-

nually to the Keokuk and Hamilton Water Power Co. for 664,544 kilowatt hours of energy at \$0.0046 a kilowatt hour. It declares that the distributing company sells 294,771 kilowatt hours to the United Railways at \$0.0064 a kilowatt hour, or for \$687,500 annually. Allowing for the distributing company's investment and operating expense, that return from the railways is at the rate of 20 per cent profit a year, the petition states.

The distributing company sells the remainder of its power to the Union Electric Light and Power Co., the petition states, and the Union company in turn sells it to the United Railways. The petition declares that the Union company pays \$0.0052 for its power and sells it to the United Railways for \$0.008 per kilowatt hour. The petition concludes that between the distributing company and the Union company the excessive charge imposed upon the United Railways for its power is approximately \$400,000 yearly, and that the company in the past has suffered a loss of \$1,000,000 from its power contracts.

North American, which ultimately receives the profits on the power contracts through its ownership of Union Electric, values its holdings of United Railways stocks on its books at \$5,400,000. It will be seen that the power contracts—running for 99

years—guarantee North American a profit of 8 per cent on that basis, even if United Railways stock should never pay another dividend.

One clause in the power contracts which the petition points to caused the business of the prospect painted before those St. Louis business men at the banquet at the dam in 1912 to fade forever. The clause provides for the periodical readjustment of charges for power to conform to the current price of coal.

The contracts take no account of the probability that, science, progressing as it does, will discover methods of reducing the costs of generating electricity and distributing it before 99 years will have elapsed. They do take into account the apparent certainty that coal prices will rise as coal fields are depleted and that the cost of labor will rise with each decade. They make certain that the fact that the price of coal-created power, though coal enters in no way into the cost of producing hydro-electric energy, will be the fact that the cost of electric energy was to combat the expensiveness of coal and power created by it.

After the contracts were made, the Laclede company passed from the control of the North American company to the Busch-Latta and other St. Louis interests. Thereupon the Laclede company refused to allow its contract for power to continue on the ground that it was extortionate and was made by interlocking directorates. The North American company, rather than experience a test of the contract in court, permitted the Laclede company to abrogate it. The power that was to have been sent to the Laclede company then was turned over to the Union company.

The petition further alleges wasteful practices in the office of Henry S. Priest, general counsel, chiefly through the continued fight against the mill tax, which was carried through many courts until the cost had mounted to about \$1,000,000. The employment in the claims department of professional witnesses and other means of combating claims has not only alienated the good will of the public, but caused the expense in that department to be wasteful, the petition declares.

The relief asked is that Richard McCulloch, Festus J. Wade, Henry S. Priest and John I. Beggs be ousted from directorship in the company and that after an accounting has been given by them of the moneys of the company under their control, they shall be compelled to make restitution of losses.

Cancellation of the contracts for power and the drawing of new contracts on the basis of no profit for middlemen, and the appointment of a receiver also are demanded. Ephim Caplan and Charles W. Batez are attorneys for Seaman.

C. OF C. MEMBERS GET BALLOTS FOR VOTE ON U. R. DEAL
Continued From Preceding Page.

legal steps by which the city's rights can be recovered are clear and should be taken before the present term of the Supreme Court expires.

Question 4. To satisfy your mind as to the Mayor's culpability, review the history of this matter. For years the company has been maneuvering to get these franchises extended. The company has been through the control of these franchises the city had the absolute power to regulate the corporation. The company has been active in the courts, active in politics, active in organizations of every character, active in organized labor circles, getting its friends into strategic positions where their actions would count. At last it secured a thoroughly friendly city administration. Then its assault began. An ordinance was introduced in the Board of Aldermen which so outraged public sentiment it was promptly withdrawn. It was camouflaged a bit, then reintroduced and hurriedly passed. The referendum was invoked. The petitions were burglarized. Realizing it had stirred up a hornet's nest, the company backed up by formally rejecting the ordinance. Then swiftly and secretly by an adroit legal maneuver the Mayor delivered into the hands of the company that which the burglars had not succeeded in stealing from the city.

The Mayor by this act has accomplished what the burglars failed to accomplish, surrenders to the company the most vital interest and most potent instrument for enforcing a proper reorganization of the company at the very moment it could have been most effectively used. It was cast aside as a result of the most effective means of promptly and permanently settling this whole vexing question. There are consequently three justifiable reasons for his recall:

1. As a proper rebuke for his unfaithfulness.

2. To prevent his disposal of further equities belonging to the city, by "affirmance by stipulation" or otherwise.

3. As a warning to his successors of what they may expect as a result of similar action.

The cost of a recall election objected to by some is not a material argument, for the recall can be had at the next general election without cost to the city.

The discharge of an unfaithful servant is a perfectly natural act in private business and is likewise so in public life. The Mayor has been unfaithful, and he should be recalled.

(Signed)
FREDERICK B. CHAMBERLAIN.

J. CLARK STREET.
L. WADE CHILDRESS,
T. L. MAULDIN,
FLINT GARRISON.

Argument Supporting Mayor.

The argument submitted by Wilkinson's committee, in support of the Mayor and against the recall, is: "No agreement of the city with the United Railways can either fix or alter rates charged, service required or amount of capital upon which the company is permitted to earn a return. Under the law sustained by the State Supreme Court, these are wholly within the power of the State Public Service Commission.

"Nothing in the agreement between the United Railways and the Law Department of the city assumes to touch these vital things. The agreement—

"Permits the United Railways to pay in 10 installments, with interest at 6 per cent, back taxes due under the mill tax ordinance, which it has not cash to pay immediately; and

"Accepts, on the part of the city, Judge Cave's decision that the Transit ordinance extends the Jefferson

avenue franchise.

"Its practical effect will be: "To stave off a receivership which would be forced on the United Railways if the sum due the city were exacted immediately; and

"To make it easier for the company to obtain needed capital. The agreement need not be considered in connection with other franchise extensions, as counsel agree that it does not affect them.

"Its supporters believe that the bankruptcy of the United Railways at this time would greatly harm the general community, and might easily cost the city the full amount of the mill tax claim, \$2,500,000. We hold that this agreement, which makes it possible to meet the company's immediate financial needs without affecting service, rates or valuation, is for this reason in the public interest, and it was approved by the Mayor in good faith with intent to serve the public.

"Capitalization need not be considered. The stock is paying nothing; its holders have received nothing since 1910. The stock is therefore costing the public nothing and

its amount does not affect the public. Bond interest for eight years past is reported at an average annual sum of \$1,000,000. A return of 2.36 per cent on minimum valuation of the company's property fixed by engineers retained by the city.

"The allegation of 'secrecy' is absurd.

"In the newspapers of Sunday morning, Jan. 12, the Mayor in a long statement told exactly what the Legal Department of the city proposed to do and how it proposed to do it.

"We approve the agreement because:

"1. It ends a long controversy without sacrifice of a single vital right of the city.

"2. It greatly improved the United Railways' chances to avoid a bankruptcy which would be disastrous alike to the city with its \$2,500,000 mill tax claim, to the stock and bond holders who would be forced to reorganize their business at the most unfavorable hour conceivable for such a task and to the general business community.

"3. It means, therefore, an important forward step in a time of

reconstruction and readjustment. "In conclusion, we regard the attempt to recall a faithful and efficient Mayor for sanctioning a transaction agreement which cannot affect either rates, service or valuation for earning purposes, as frivolous, reactionary and reprehensible.

"M. L. WILKINSON,
"PAUL W. BROWNS,
"JOHN O. BALLARD,
"F. W. A. VESPER."

NO MORE GRAY HAIR

When you use De Lacy's French Hair Tonic, for it restores gray hair back to its original natural color, not as a dye, but gradually and without harmful effects. Also feeds the hair roots to make the growth heavier. Stops falling hair, thereby preventing baldness. Destroys and prevents dandruff, making the scalp clean and healthy and the hair more beautiful. \$1.00 at all drug and toilet counters, or sent prepaid by De Lacy Chemical Co., St. Louis, U. S. A.

STIX, BAER & FULLER

GRAND-LEADER



OVERCOATS

In a Special Sale at

\$15.75

FOR this event we have gone through our Overcoat stocks and selected several hundred garments that originally sold for considerably more, and have marked them all for this sale at \$15.75.

The styles include Ulsters, Ulsterettes and body-fitting Coats, and come in black, Oxford and fancy mixtures. Men who have an Overcoat need, do not overlook this opportunity. Also a special sale of

Men's and Young Men's Suits and Overcoats at \$28.50

—now in progress that offers unusual selection, including conservative garments for men, and the new waistline coats for young men. Many are from the House of Kuppenheimer.

(Men's Store—Main Floor.)

Boys' Winter Suits Reduced to \$8.95

THEY are of wool-mixed materials, in the "Perfection" make. Several models, including the new panel backs. Come in pretty gray, brown and olive mixtures. The trousers cut extra full and full lined. Sizes 7 to 18 years.

—Boys' finest Mackinaws, in this sale at \$8.95.

Boys' Suits at \$4.00

A LOT of about 150 Boys' Suits in medium and dark mixtures, in sizes 16, 17 and 18, will be offered in a special sale tomorrow at \$4.00. We would suggest that you make your selection as early as possible.

(Second Floor Annex.)

610-612
Washington
Avenue

Sonnenfeld's
L. ACKERMAN, Manager

"Boosting February" Sales

Friday's Feature—a Superb Array of New

Spring Suits

Tricotines
Men's Serges
Poiret Twills

Silvertones
Homespun
Novelty Tweeds

\$35

\$35 is the price hundreds of women want to pay for their new suit. Recognizing this fact, special attention has been given our \$35 assortment. More styles than usual are shown—better values than could reasonably be expected are offered.

A high grade of tailoring—careful attention to the important details of trimming and finishing—are in evidence.

Speaking of Better Suits

Our higher priced assortments were chosen with great care. The styles are individual, the fabrics of best quality, the values certain to interest you. An extensive variety is now ready—embracing the leading fashion trends.

\$45 to \$125

SERGE Is the Fashionable Fabric

in

Spring Dresses

—Here Are \$20 and \$25 Values for

\$15

A score of smart styles at decided savings. New trimmings, new collars, novelties in sleeves and girdles. If you're interested in a frock of serge, this collection should be inspected.

Silk Taffeta, Satin and Georgettes Combination
Dresses are included in this important offer

YOU Must Pay the Tax!

Do you want to be taxed every time you buy an article of better quality than your Senators and Congressmen think you should have? If you don't want to pay such taxes, sign the petition you'll find on our first floor, asking Congress not to pass these unnecessary and wrongly named "Luxury Taxes."



Serge, \$15

Serge, \$15

Besides Cleaning and Pressing, the
Cleaning Department will mend all
rips and tears and replace all buttons.
(Main Floor.)

STIX, BAER & FULLER

(GRAND-LEADER)

STORE HOURS: 9:00 A. M. TO 5:30 P. M.

As usual—we have it first—the
only Player-Piano Word Roll produc-
tion of MARY—the most sensational
song hit of the season.
(Fourth Floor.)

An Excellent Showing of New

Spring Suits for Business Women



WOMEN in business usually find very little time to spend on their clothes, and especially in looking about from one shop to another for a new Suit or Dress. The most satisfying thing for a business woman to know is that she may depend on one certain shop to show her the correct new styles.

By specializing on correctly Tailored Suits, our Suit Rooms have come to be popular with well-dressed business women. No one appreciates a well tailored, good looking suit quicker than the woman who wears one to business every day. We are showing new Suits at

\$42.50

These are distinctive Suits of plain serge, hairline stripe serge, mannish mixtures, and fine quality wool poplin. They are designed and tailored to fit correctly and to retain their smart lines. The Suit Coats are semi-fitted or belted, and have close fitting sleeves and notched or Tuxedo collars that fit snugly to the neck. Pockets that are for use as well as for trimming are set in both the coats and the skirts. The coat linings are of silk—carefully put in.

Buttons and black silk braid are usually the only trimming. This is a particularly good collection of Suits—\$42.50 (Third Floor.)

A Sale of Sample

Suits and Dresses

for Little Boys and Girls

An opportunity for mothers of boys from 2 to 3 years old and little girls from 2 to 4 years, to supply their needs at substantial savings.

These are sample lines of Tailored Suits and Dresses, made of the best quality solid colored gingham, white poplin, and a few are of madras. They are piped in contrasting colors or hand-smocked and stitched in colors. Only a few pieces of a kind, and all in the newest styles. Prices are very special.

\$1.50 \$1.75, \$2.25, \$2.75, \$3.50, \$4.00

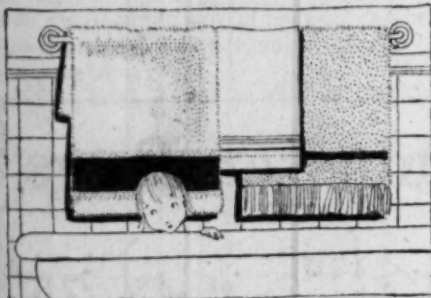
Children's Drawers of Mainstay Muslin, reinforced sides, hemstitched hem and cluster of tucks. Sizes 1 to 12 years. At 25c (Second Floor.)



A Special Sale of

Bath Towels

THIS event presents an opportunity to supply your every Towel need at prices that are very unusual for their lowness. Hotel and boardinghouse owners will find it to their advantage to buy now.



Bath Towels, Each 50c

Beautiful jacquard-border Bath Towels, in blue, pink, yellow or lavender, offered in this sale at much below regular.

Bath Towels, Each 25c

Large-size Bath Towels, of heavy quality bleached Terry cloth. Hemmed.

Bath Towels, Each 35c

Good size, heavy weight Bath Towels, with fast-colored woven stripes, in pink, blue or yellow.

Bath Towels, Each 49c

One of the best-wearing quality Bath Towels, large size and of heavy weight. The ribbed kind. Slightly soiled from handling.

Bath Towels, Each 22c

Good, heavy quality Bath Towels—bleached and neatly hemmed. A lot of 65 dozen to offer.

Fancy Bath Towels, 75c

Fancy woven Colored Bath Towels, with beautiful colored jacquard borders, in many different shades.

Guest Bath Towels, 35c

Guest-size Bath Towels, made of fine, soft-finished mercerized cotton, with silk-striped borders in colors, many different shades for selection.

Turkmit Bath Sets, \$1.00

Each set consists of two Turkmit Bath Towels and one Turkmit Face Cloth, with crocheted shell edge, in pink, blue, yellow or lavender. (Second Floor.)

Housewares Attractively Priced



O-Cedar Mops—Battledress shape, and come in the chemically-treated black dusting and the oiled.

Bath Stools—White enameled finish, with rubber-tipped legs; special. \$1.69

Cooking Kettles—Of heavy grade aluminum, 10-quart size, ball handle; special. \$1.65

Ironing Boards—Folding style, with smooth top, strong and well braced; special. \$1.59

Clothes Baskets—Medium size, all-willow, with reinforced bottom and handles. \$1.39

Carpet Brooms—Made of clean broom straw, polished handles; special. 69c

Clotheslines—In 50 foot sections, of good quality cotton; special. 49c

Clothes Props—8 feet long, smooth finish and well made. 14c

Toilet Paper, 8 Rolls 32c

Bob White brand. While a lot of 100 cases lasts. Buying limit 8 rolls to a customer, and no mail or phone orders filled.

Step ladder

Chairs—A

pantry step-

ladder and

chair com-

bined. Well

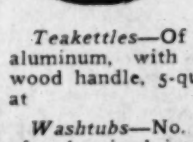
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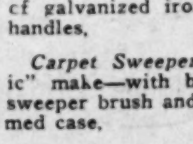
nished. \$2.79



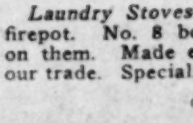
Garbage Cans—10-gallon size, of galvanized iron, with deep rim cover and bail handle. \$1.39



Washtubs—Of heavy gauge aluminum, with flat bottom, wood handle, 5-quart capacity, at \$2.19



Carpet Sweepers—"Majestic" make—with bristle carpet sweeper brush and nickel-trimmed case. \$2.49



Laundry Stoves—Large size firepot. No. 8 boiler will fit on them. Made expressly for our trade. Special. \$4.98 (Fifth Floor.)

Sale Sample Corsets

Thomson Glove-Filling and C. B. Makes—Friday at

\$1.85



THE low price is possible only because we secured these sample Corsets at a special price reduction.

There are models for all figures—with low and medium bust. Made of good quality batiste, in white and pink. Some have elastic gores. All are well boned. Complete size assortment, 19 to 30 to select from. (Second Floor.)

White Chamoisette Gloves

For Women, at Pair, **65c**

THIS is an exceptional offering and all of these Gloves are attractively embroidered in self or combination of self and black. Two-clasp style. Sizes 6 to 8. They are absolutely washable. (Main Floor.)

Sale of Our Entire Stock of Sleeveless Padded Vests

An offering that is of unusual interest because of the exceptionally low price. These Vests are made of good quality Jap. silk, in black with white or lavender lining. Sizes 36, 38 and 40. **69c** (Second Floor.)

RUGS

Interestingly Priced for Friday

SPECIAL groups of high-grade Rugs are offered tomorrow at prices that should be of special interest to anyone who anticipates the purchase of a Rug.

Seamless Brussels Rugs, \$33

"Empire" Seamless Brussels Rugs, in size 9x12 feet, in a good assortment of small all-over and medallion designs.

Hartford "Bossorah" Axminster Rugs at \$47.50

These are the well-known Hartford Axminster Rugs. Come in 9 x 12-foot size. Complete range of patterns to select from.

Seamless Cashmere Wilton Rugs at \$65

Finished with heavy linen fringe on both ends. Size 9x12 feet. A wonderful assortment of patterns in this lot.

Large-Size Axminster Rugs, \$52.50

A Rug that is noted for its wonderful wearing qualities. Comes in small all-over designs. In 11 ft. 3 in. x 12 ft. size.

Linoleums at \$1.29 Square Yard

Wild's Printed Linoleums—the finest real Cork Linoleum on the market. You have choice of block, hardwood or geometrical effects. An exceptional value at the price—square yard, \$1.29 (Fourth Floor.)

February Sale of

Furniture

offers many advantages for Spring Home-Furnishers.

The values are as much out of the ordinary as the quality of the Furniture is superior. Careful furnishers will surely wish to see our stocks. A few examples of the values.

10-Piece Dining-Room Suite, \$389.50

Solid mahogany, in Italian Renaissance period, as illustrated below. Pieces sold separately if desired, as follows:

Buffet: 60 inches long, \$102.50 Dining Chairs: seat of hair-silver cloth, \$22.00
Serving Table, \$51.00 Arm Chairs: seat of haircloth, \$18.50
Extension Table, \$88.50

9-Piece Dining-Room Suites, \$229.50

American walnut, in the popular Louis XVI period. Mahogany lined drawer bottoms, and exceptionally well constructed.

Solid Oak China Closets, \$33.00

In the beautiful Arts and Crafts design, in either golden or fumed finish.

Slat Wood Beds—Full size only, well constructed and just the thing for that spare room; at \$13.95

Cotton Mattresses—Full 45-pound weight, dark Cotton Mattresses, in either full or three quarter size; at \$9.95

Fiber Chair or Rocker—Upholstered in dainty pattern of cretonne. Made with spring seat; at \$7.95

Walnut Library Tables—In size 26x42 inches, and made with large, roomy drawer; at \$17.50

Queen Anne Mahogany Chairs—With comfortable high back, and upholstered in velour. Spring seat construction; at \$29.75 (Sixth Floor.)



The Newest Hats

\$5 \$6 \$7

THE new straws, the new colors, the new trimmings may be had in this collection of Trimmed Hats.

There are shiny straws, rough straws combined with split straws, also Hats faced with Georgette or satin, in small or large shapes. There is a splendid variety—and at these prices your new Spring Hat will be inexpensive. You may be sure of finding one that is becoming—so varied are the styles.

Excellent Assortment of Hat Shapes

All the new shapes in rough straws, plaited straws, split straws and the combinations of these different ones are priced \$2.98, \$3.98 and \$4.98
Flowers and Novelty Stick-Ups in the newest kinds, to trim these Hats, are priced 25c, 49c, 75c and 98c
Novelty Ribbons—a wonderful collection—are marked at reasonable prices. (Third Floor.)

In the Downstairs Store



Coats Reduced

655 Good, Warm Coats in a Special
Sale Tomorrow in Three Groups—

\$9.75 \$13.75 and \$16.75

IT is difficult to think of a Sale of Winter Coats which will give you greater satisfaction—as to style, quality and lowness of prices.

The materials include bolivia, velour, zibeline, plush, kersey, thibet, pompom, broadcloth and others that are just as popular and desirable.

Among the colors are Burgundy, taupe, brown, green, navy, also black.

Fur-trimmed and plain tailored garments to select from. Many are lined throughout.

Loose, flaring and belted styles, and many with large pockets. All are cut extra full, and there are all sizes for women and misses in this sale. (Downstairs Store.)

Friday Domestic Remnant Offerings

Remnants of Percales—36 inches wide, light colored stripes and figures, in dress and shirt styles; yard, 19c

3 O'clock Special

A lot of 190 large 74x80-

Cotton Sheet

Blankets, at each, \$1.39.

Nicely fleeced, and come in white or gray color.

Remnants of Outing Flannels—In light and dark striped and checked designs; nicely fleeced; yard, 23c

Remnants of Shaker Flannels—Soft-fleeced, pure white Cotton Shaker Flannels; yard, 21c

Remnants of Bleached Muslins—36 inches wide, at yard, 15c (Downstairs Store.)

Unusual Sale of Colonial Curtains

At **\$1.39 a Pair**

IN the assortment are the popular scrim-weave edge and insertion styles, and all are complete with valance set in between. Also a lot of fine Voile Panels, 36 inches wide, with embroidered motifs that we will offer at the same price. Pair, \$1.39

Overdrapery Materials, 49c Yard

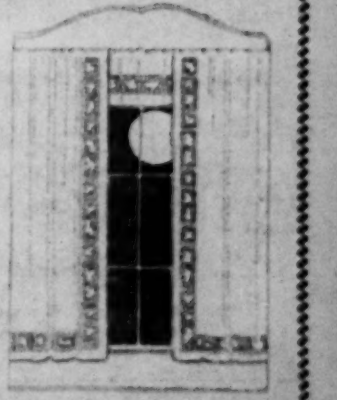
Come in the madras weave, in good color combinations, and in lengths to 8 yards. These are appropriate for all rooms.

Cretonne Remnants at 22c Yard

Good patterns and colorings that are suitable for overdrapes, utility boxes, etc. Lengths up to 5 yards.

Mercerized Marquisettes, 19c Yard

In white and ivory shades. A material that is ideal for curtains. Lengths up to 15 yards. (Downstairs Store.)



Briggs - Vandervoort - Barney

Olive and Locust, From Ninth to Tenth



A Sale of Interest to Every Man in St. Louis!

Our Entire Stock of Men's High Shoes at 15% Reductions

More than 2000 pairs of Men's High-Grade Shoes, including such celebrated makes as *Nelleton*, *Pels* and our own special makes. Not a single pair has been reserved—every pair of high shoes for men in our stock is included in this sale.

The season's newest and most wanted styles are all represented—there are tans, blacks, calfskin, kangaroo, vic kid, patent leathers, and others.

You will be practicing economy by buying now for next year's needs, if you don't need them for present wear, because shoes of this character and quality are a splendid investment at this reduction of 15% less than the regular prices.

All sizes and all widths from 5 to 12—
Men's Shoe Shop—Second Floor.

Suits for Boys



Well made, durable clothes for boys are found here in all of the stylish fabrics and models.

Fancy mixture and plain blue serge suits for boys from 7 to 16 years of age are shown in this season's popular trench style. Splendidly tailored suits ranging in price from \$13.75 to \$20.00

There are just 25 of the popular Aviation Suits left—the suits all small boys want. There are suits in both the regular wool army and khaki cloth—which formerly sold from \$6.00 to \$12.50. Clearing sale price \$3.95 to \$7.50

Light and dark Cravenette Raincoats for boys from 4 to 16 years of age. Serviceable, practical Raincoats priced from \$4.90 to \$7.50

Dark Rubber Rain Hats. 75c

Boys' Shop—Second Floor.

New Spring Hats

At
Interesting
Prices,
\$2.95
and
\$4.75



Pretty Georgette Hats with straw combinations and all straw hats are being shown in all of the stylish Spring colors Friday.

There are stylish hats in Henna, navy, brown, red and black; many with effective trimming features. Attractive Hats priced at \$2.95 and \$4.75
First Floor Tables and Basement Shop.

Silk Remnants

After a busy Silk Season there are always Remnants ranging in length from 1 to 4 yards, representing all of the varieties of Silk carried in our Shop.

Friday these lovely pieces of Silk will be offered at prices which will prove interesting to all.

First Floor Tables.

You Must Pay the Tax!

Do you want to be taxed every time you buy any article of a little better quality than your Senators and Congressmen think you should have?

If you don't want to pay such taxes sign a petition asking Congress not to pass these unnecessary and wrongly named "Luxury Taxes."



Extra Special! A Two-Day-Sale of Sewing Machines

We have assembled a number of high-grade Sewing Machines for this special two-days' sale, including floor samples and rebuilt machines, and these are all offered at

Greatly Reduced Prices

Included are such celebrated makes as "The Free," "Singer," "Standard," "Aviator," "Our Special," "The Rockford," and many others.

We List a Few of the Extraordinary Values Represented in This Sale:

Rebuilt Machines	Floor Samples
Domestic (rebuilt), special at \$8.00	\$29.50 "Our Special" reduced to \$21.00
Singer (rebuilt), special at \$15.00	\$75.00 "Singer" No. 66, 2 drawers \$60.00
New Home (rebuilt), special at \$12.00	\$78.00 "Free" cabinet sample \$66.00
Domestic (rebuilt), special at \$10.00	\$78.00 "Free" Early English, at \$55.00
Singer Automatic (rebuilt), at \$25.00	\$42.50 "Aviator" (new), at \$37.50
	\$40.00 "Rockford" (new F. O.) \$33.50

Terms of Our Club Plan

During this sale of Sample and Rebuilt Machines we will make our special Club Plans apply, meaning that you can buy a Machine by paying \$5.00 monthly and \$1.00 a week.

Every Sewing Machine in This Sale Is Fully Guaranteed.

Candy Specials for Friday

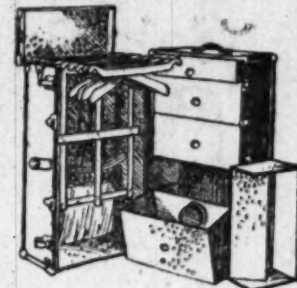
Peanut Bar and Peanut Brittle—always 30c fresh, the pound.
Chocolate-covered Peanut and Raisin Cluster—regularly priced at 60c the pound.
Special, the pound: 30c
Chocolate-dipped Caramels—regular price 60c the pound. Price, the pound, 50c
Delicious Hand-rolled Bitter Sweet Chocolates with coconut cream center, Friday only. Special, the pound 50c
Campfire Marshmallows, 15c the box
Mixed Nuts—special, the pound 25c
Candy Shop—First Floor.

Silk Petticoats for Spring Wear

Soft, lustrous Petticoats in a beautiful assortment of colors, are arriving daily in the Petticoat Shop. Pretty Taffetas, Radium Silk, Messalines, Jersey top Petticoats with silk flounces and all Jersey models are all here for your choosing. Every Petticoat is well made. A beautiful, colorful showing of models ranging in price upwards \$5.00

We are also showing a nice selection of White Habutai Silk Wash Petticoats with reinforced panels in the front and back. The prices range from \$3.45 to \$5.95
Silk Petticoat Shop—Third Floor.

Store Hours:
9 to 5:30 p. m.;
Saturday closing
time, 6 p. m.



Wardrobe Trunks
Made to Sell Up to \$50.00
\$38.00

Constructed of 3-ply veneer, fiber covered, and reinforced with heavy steel corners and riveted throughout. Raised cushion top and dainty cretonne lining. Choice of steamer, three-fourth or full size.

"Ohio Electric"



Vacuum Cleaner
Sold Elsewhere for \$35
\$24.75

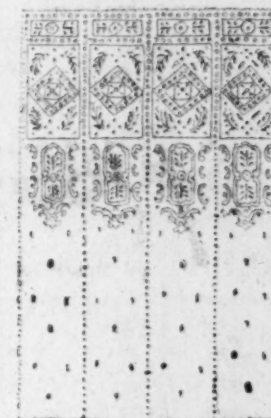
THIS is, without a doubt, the lowest price on record for the wonderful "Ohio Electric" Vacuum Cleaner.

THE Ohio renovates as well as cleans, brightens floors and makes them look like new. It is light and easily handled—makes house-cleaning a pleasure. Manufactured from start to finish with the one idea in mind of efficiency, durability and simplicity.

On sale while the lot lasts, at \$24.75
(Third Floor—Nugent's)

Sectional Paneling Ideal for Curtains, 45c Section

FOR Friday, we announce a sale of one thousand sections of beautiful Paneling for Curtains. Each section is 9 inches wide and 2½ yards long. The average window requires four sections, but you may buy as many sections as you require to fit larger windows if necessary. Come in white, ivory and Arabian colors, and the price for Friday is only 45c per section.



\$56.00, \$60.00 and \$65.00 Axminster Rugs

An Important offering of 9x12 Rugs for Friday

THIS remarkable group of floorcoverings includes Hartford, Bossorahs, Bigelow, Electras, Alexander Smith, Roxbury and Sanford's Beauvais, also Beattie's Turkana Rugs, representing the highest quality Axminster manufactured. They come in seamed and seamless effects in the most handsome patterns in all the new and wanted colors.

\$48.75

85c 6-ft. wide heavy Felt Linoleum—the Neponset quality, known as the best made; beautiful patterns in high gloss finish; sanitary, durable and economical; square yard.

69c

\$1.40 4-yard-wide Cork Linoleum; reliable, high-grade goods, in the best quality; tile and small block designs; blues, greens and tans; per square yard.

\$1.15

Quick Meal High-Oven Ranges, Gas \$49.25



Aluminum Pot Roast Kettles; in 4, 5 and 6 qt. sizes, with aluminum covers; priced regularly up to \$2. Friday, choice \$1.39

"Universal" Bread Mixers.
\$4.00, 4-lbaf size \$2.95
\$4.50 8-lbaf size \$3.45

\$5.50 Universal Coffee Percolators; heavy aluminum, \$4.25 Friday

\$2.25 Universal Food or Meat Choppers; No. 1 family size, with extra blades \$1.60

Serving Trays; Japanese lacquered; various sizes 69c

69c Granite Dishpans; extra deep shape (fits in sinks) 48c

\$9.00 Fireless Cookers, "Duplex" all aluminum lined; complete with 2 "wearover" vessels \$7.90



Combination Bench and Wringer; guaranteed three years; easy running wringer; Friday \$8.45

\$2.25 Wash Boilers, No. 8; heavy copper bottom and strong side handles \$1.78

\$10.00 Washing Machines; full size, easy running \$6.95

\$59.50 Electric Washing Machines, with "alternating" high-grade motor; Friday \$49.50

Folding Ironing Boards on stand, well braced \$1.39

\$1.25 Washtubs, heavy galvanized iron 89c

Willow Clothes Baskets, with heavy wood bottoms \$1.39

75c Brooms; 4-sewed; good stock (limit 2 to a buyer) 49c

Vacuum Clothes Washers; make washing easy; 20th Century improved 29c



Save Money on Handsome Brass Beds

WELL built and rigid; nicely finished in satin or velvet effects; steel tube lined—some styles in ¾ size; other patterns full size.

\$25.00 Brass Beds, 2-inch pillar posts \$19.75

\$29.75 Brass Beds, 2-inch posts; heavy fillers \$24.90

\$35.00 Brass Beds, 2-inch posts; 2-inch fillers \$29.75

If It's a Mattress That you require, don't fail to be here Friday to inspect these.

Regular \$16.50 Mattresses High grade sheet layer cotton felt, splendidly made, sewed in seams, double stitched full roll edge, round corners. Will not pack or lump—50-lb. weight; covered with good grade fancy art or striped ticking. Full size.

\$13.90

B. NUGENT & BRO. D. G. CO., Broadway, Washington Av. and St. Charles St.

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Nugent's

You Must Pay the Tax

Do you want to be taxed every time you buy any article of a little better quality than your Senators and Congressmen think you should have?

If you don't want to pay such taxes, sign a petition asking Congress not to pass these unnecessary and wrongly named "Luxury Taxes." Any of our floor men will take your signature.

BLANKETS!

Small Lots—Small Prices

98c Crib Blankets, Each, 69c
Also for go-carts, scalloped edges or plain hem, Bow-knot and animal patterns. Size 30x40 inches.

\$1.50 Crib Blankets, Each, 98c
Indian designs, size 36x50, medium and dark colors.

\$1.88 Plaid Blankets (Single), \$1.10
Size 64x76, suitable for light covering or sheets; while 50 last, each, \$1.10.

\$2.50 Cotton Blankets, Pair, \$1.95
Gray, tan or white, close weave, overcast ends, size 54x74 inches.

\$4 Extra Size Cotton Blankets, Pair, \$3.39
Come in white or gray, with striped border, overlocked ends; size 72x80 inches.

Comforts, Friday, \$3.95
Odd lot; filled with fine sheet cotton, crowned with silkline on both sides; Persian and floral patterns; all go at one price.

\$5.95 and \$6.95 Comforts, \$4.95
Filled with carded cotton, in floral designs, in light and dark colors, knotted or quilted; some with borders. About 70 in this lot; all full size.

(Second Floor—Nugent's)



100 SPRING DRESSES

In a "Sample" Sale!

FEATURING all sizes for misses and women up to 40-inch bust measure.

Samples of \$25, \$35 and \$45 New Spring Dresses

IT WAS one of the most wonderful purchases our buyer has made, and the dresses were hurriedly expressed for Friday's selling.

Beautiful Georgettes Fine Quality Taffetas
Soft Shimmering Satins Fine Quality Serges

Dresses for street, afternoon and evening wear, in any number of pleasing styles and colors. All sizes for misses and women up to 40 inches bust measure.

\$19⁵⁰

(Second Floor—Nugent's)

Nugent's

Silks Underpriced \$1.39 Yd.

These beautiful silks are accumulations of various high-priced lots, left over from our recent great silk sale and offered at emphatic reductions for Friday's selling.

Fancy satins, striped chiffon taffetas, beautiful striped satins, Louisiana and taffeta silks—thousands of yards to select from.

1500 Yards of Black and Colored Silk Remnants
½ to 6 yard lengths, at liberal reductions.

Black Silk Poplin, 95c Yd.
Yard wide, deep rich black poplin.

\$2.00 Black Satin, \$1.68 Yd.
Yard wide, beautiful lustrous silk, pure dye.

(Main Floor—Nugent's)

Notions Underpriced

O. N. T. Mercerized Crochet Cotton; white or cream; ball, 10c; dozen, \$1.10
10c Snap Fasteners; various makes, 5c
5c DeLancey Safety Pins; No. 1, 3c
Phantom Real Hair Nets; fringe styles; each, 5c; dozen, 50c
Twilled Tape; fine quality; six-yard pieces; ½, ¼, or ⅛ inch; piece, 15c
15c Featherstitch Braid; 3-yard pieces, 10c
10c Cotton Belting; two inches wide, 4c
Derby Pins; 400 count, paper, 3c
Kirby Beard Invisible Hairpins, 5c
Belt Pins; jet or dull head, 3c
20c Elastic Sanitary Belts, 19c
50c Sanitary Aprons; full size, 39c
25c Sewall Skirt Marker, 19c
Women's 50c Pad Hose Supporters, 39c
10c Lingerie Tape; pink only (5-yard pieces), 5c
(Main Floor—Nugent's)



The Sale of Kid Gloves

Presents a splendid buying chance for both men and women.

Savings ⅓ to ½

Women's Kid Gloves \$1.19

THIS occasion comes just in the nick of time when every woman can use an extra pair of gloves and when splendid gloves of both foreign and domestic make can be purchased at Friday's price. Further urging will not be necessary. One and two-clasp Kid Gloves in

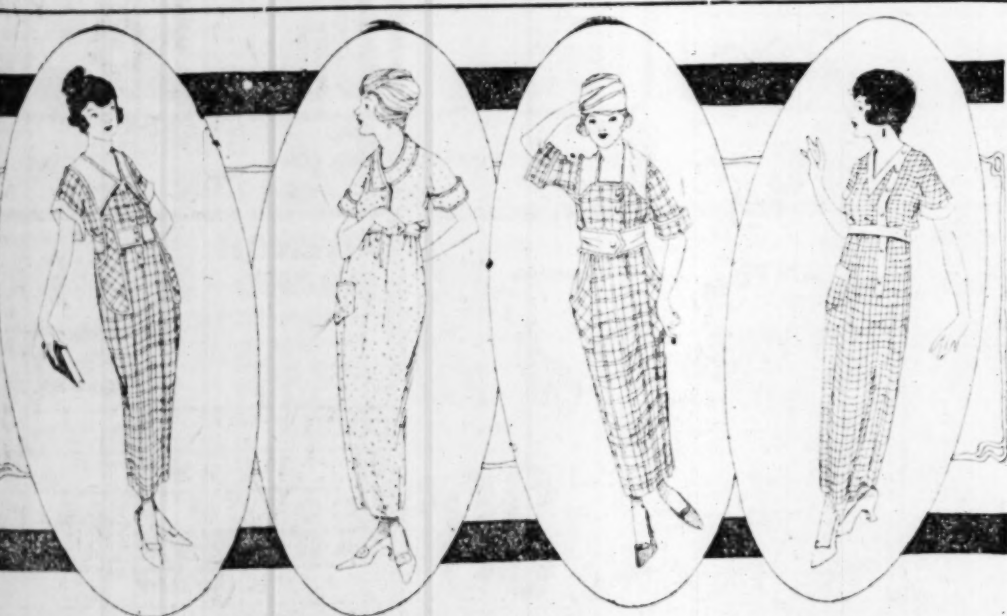
White, Black and Ivory

in all sizes from 5½ to 8, but not every size in each color.

Men's Kid and Cape Gloves, Pair \$1.19

GLOVES of quality, some of them silk and wool lined. Come in tan only.

(Main Floor—Nugent's)



Great New Stocks of Aprons

Good-Looking Gingham and Percales—Styles Pictured

\$1.50 \$1.95 \$2.95

APRONS of percales, in middie, slipover or button front models, in light and dark patterns, belts, pockets, square or V neck; regular and extra sizes.

APRONS of percales, in light or dark percales, in neat figures, stripes, fancy plaids, belts, pockets and neatly trimmed in contrasting colors. Regular and extra sizes.

APRONS of gingham, in solid color, large plaids, plain and fancy stripe; made with large fancy pockets, wide belt, collars are square, round, or V-neck. Regular and extra sizes.

Extra—Forty Doz. Aprons of Percale,

THIS lot is an extraordinary offering, indeed. Well-made Aprons of percale, in button-back style, neck, pocket and belt piped in white; regular sizes only.

69c

Toilet Goods Sales Friday

27c Sanitol Face Cream for... 20c
15c Shah of Persia Soap; assorted odors; for... 14c
10c Jergens' Bath Tablets; various colors; for 7½c doz., 50c
Java Rice Face Powder; assorted shades... 44c
British Bath Tablets; various odors... 15c
25c Sanitol Tooth Paste or Powder for... 19c
10c Olive Oil Castile in square pieces... 7c
25c Cream of Fresh Lemons for clapped hands... 17c
Toothbrushes... 10c
Nailbrushes; various styles... 10c
50c (2-lb.) Bar Domestic Castile... 39c
\$1.50 Dierkiss Extract; ounce... \$1.20
(Main Floor—Nugent's)

Outing Flannels Friday, 20c Yard

Comes in white grounds, with neat colored stripes, 27 in. wide.

Cheviot Shirting, 25c Yard
Comes in plain colored and neat shirting stripes, 27 inches wide.

Bleached Muslin, 19c Yd.
2 to 10 yard lengths of Bleached Muslins, good quality, 36 inches wide.

Madras Shirting, 25c Yard
2 to 9 yard lengths of Shirting Madras in white grounds with neat colored stripes, 32 inches wide.

Crash Toweling, 15c Yard
Bleached Toweling with colored border, 16 inches wide.

Dress Gingham, 25c Yd.
2 to 10 yard lengths of Dress Gingham in plain colors, also blue and pink checks, 27 inches wide.

White Goods, 19c Yard
2 to 9 yard lengths of plain white, a fine sheer quality.
(Downstairs Store.)

MUNSINGWEAR

for Spring Is Ready

Women's Extra Light-Weight Mercerized Union Suits

Low neck, sleeveless, knee length—
34 to 40 bust... \$2.25 42 to 50 bust... \$2.75

Women's Extra Light-Weight Cotton Union Suits
Low neck, sleeveless, hand top, closed gore or wide knee finished with shell edge or tight knee, white or pink.
34 to 40 bust... \$1.25 42 to 50 bust... \$1.35

Women's Cotton Suits
Low neck, sleeveless, shell top, closed gore or wide knee; finished with shell edge, tight knee or trunk length—
34 to 50 bust... \$1.25

Women's Lt.-Weight Cotton Vests
Low neck, sleeveless or short sleeves—
34 to 40 bust... \$1.00 42 to 50 bust... \$1.25

Women's Lt.-Weight Cotton Pants
Wide or tight knee or drawstring top with tight knee—
34 to 40... \$1.00 42 to 50... \$1.25

Children's Lt.-Weight Cotton Suits
High neck, long sleeves, ankle length—
2 to 6 years... \$1.00 8 to 12 years... \$1.25 14 to 18 years... \$1.50

Girls' Light-Weight Cotton Suits
Medium neck, elbow sleeve and knee length—
2 to 6 years... \$1.00 8 to 12 years... \$1.25 14 to 18 years... \$1.50

Boys' Light-Weight Cotton Suits
High neck, short sleeves or athletic style, knee length—
2 to 6 years... \$1.00 8 to 12 years... \$1.25 14 to 18 years... \$1.50



Also a Complete Line of Winter Underwear for Women and Children.

(Fourth Floor—Nugent's)

Choice of the House

M-E-A-N-S

Any Suit (or) Overcoat

\$25

Fur-Trimmed Coats and Spring Suits Excepted

\$35, \$40, \$45 and \$50 Garments

THE Choice of the House Sale is a splendid success because St. Louis men realize the true significance of this great clothing sale event.

Make your own selection—although plenty of regular and extra salesmen are here to serve you if you wish.

OVERCOATS—In as many as a dozen of the best models and fabrics—ulsterette and many other popular models—all sizes.

SUITS—Stylishly made and of the best woolsens obtainable—form-fitting and conservative models—all sizes.



Spring Footwear—Many Styles

and Pricing That Will Prove Interesting

Women's High Shoes \$4.85
Made to Sell Up to \$8 a Pair

THIS is a collection of about 800 pairs of stylish Boots, in brown, black or gray kid, with kid or cloth top, having high French heels, also Military Boots in tan, mahogany, brown, gray or black kid. Come with buck, kid or cloth tops; sizes from 2 to 8.

Spring Oxfords and Pumps \$5.65
Made to sell up to \$7.50 Pair

THE most wanted styles in Colonial Pumps, high heel and Military Oxfords; made of

Patent Kid, Dull Kid, Brown Kid, Black Kid, Mahogany Tan.
(Fourth Floor—Nugent's)



Downstairs—
Spring Oxfords
\$3.85 Pr.

CHOOSE from seven of the very newest Spring styles, at a saving of more than a dollar on each pair.
Brown Kid Black Kid Mahogany Tan Oxfords with leather Louis or military heels, all sizes.

Downstairs—
High Shoes
\$2.95 Pr.

WOMEN'S Shoes for street or dress. This lot includes brown, gray or black Shoes, with kid or cloth tops; sizes from 2 to 8.

WATERWAYS ARE COMING BACK, SAYS REDFIELD

From Preceding Page.

The committee, along with the delegation, will be met by the New York delegation, that a session for a 27-foot channel between New York and Albany will be included. The afternoon session was the

thought that the best interests of the nation demanded co-operation between the rail and water systems of the country, in place of the unfair methods of competition by which the railroads, prior to the era of Government control, had practically strangled water traffic.

Must Rest on Economic Value.

M. J. Sanders, Federal manager of the Mississippi-Warrior Waterways, said there was no justification for the improvement of waterways, simply as rate regulators, but that any scheme for their development must

rest solely on their economic value. He told how the "destructive policy of the railroads, relentlessly pursued," had driven traffic off the Mississippi. Before the Civil War, he said, the value of the foreign export business passing through New Orleans was 25 per cent of the total for the country, almost as much as passed through the port of New York. Thirty years after the war, this had dwindled to 3 per cent.

Sanders said that the material future industrial development of the country must be by foreign trade.

"When the Middle West," he continued, "endeavors to compete in foreign trade with manufactured products, its great distance from the seaboard, 1000 to 1200 miles by rail from the Atlantic ports, and 700 miles by river to the Gulf ports, will prove a very serious handicap. We believe that, by the means of the Mississippi River, this handicap may be very greatly decreased, and we believe the cheap transportation of the river is destined to have a very marked effect upon the upbuilding of manufacturing interests, generally throughout the Mississippi Valley and the Middle West."

Sanders said he was convinced that the Railroad Administration meant to give the waterways a fair test.

"Although," he said, "I detest Government ownership of railroads, and believe it would be a catastrophe for the country, I think there should be no return of the roads to the private owners till Congress has had a chance to pass constructive legislation. I believe that the Government should keep control for not less than two and one-half years from now. By that time the waterways will have so demonstrated their value that nothing can stop their future development, to the incalculable benefit of the country at large."

Thankful for Co-Ordination.

G. A. Tomlinson, director of the Division of Inland Waterways, said that the Railroad Administration had given every dollar for waterway equipment that he had asked for. "This is a Democratic administration and I am a Republican," said Tomlinson, "but we ought to be thankful that the administration began the co-ordination of the railroads and the waterways. Director-General Hines is anxious that the waterways should be given a thorough test. I believe they can be put to a large and wonderful use."

The Missouri delegates yesterday afternoon chose Walter S. Dickey of Kansas City as president of the Rivers and Harbors Congress for Missouri.

Even Broader Scheme.

A resolution presenting an even broader scheme of waterway improvement than that urged by the Mississippi Valley Waterways Association is scheduled to be presented to the Rivers and Harbors Congress today on behalf of the recent Mississippi-Atlantic Internal Waterways convention at Pittsburgh.

The plan was read to the Mississippi Valley delegates last night by W. H. Stevenson of Pittsburgh, president of the Lake Erie and Ontario Canal Commission. It calls for an appropriation by Congress of \$100,000,000 a year for five years, to be expended on a great system of internal waterways, all connected and radiating from the Mississippi Valley to the Atlantic coast, by way of the Ohio and Illinois rivers, lakes Erie and Michigan, the New York Barge Canal and the Hudson River to New York Harbor, and thence along the coast to New England and Florida, and upon similar waterways from the Gulf and Pacific Coast.

Senator Spencer of Missouri, Speaker Champ Clark and Representative J. W. Alexander of Gallatin, Mo., chairman of the House Committee on Merchant Marine, addressed the gathering of Mississippi Valley delegates at their headquarters at the Washington Hotel, and pledged themselves to support any practical and sound scheme of waterway development.

Spencer praised the plan outlined by the Valley Association, and said that, if the need were granted, the cost, \$400,000,000, was insignificant.

"St. Louis," said Speaker Clark, "is the best-located inland city in the United States, but it has been asleep so far as waterways improvement is concerned. The World's Fair convention has been on the banks of the Mississippi." Clark said that the railroads had been proved inadequate to handle the fast growing demands of transportation. It ought to be possible, he said, for goods to be carried by water straight through from St. Louis to Europe.

He believed that our greatest opportunity lay in Central and South America. Four things he set forth as necessary to make the most of the opportunity: The establishment of steamship lines to the principal Central and South American ports; provision of banking facilities such as the Latin-Americans were used to; the manufacture of goods that would meet their taste; and the teaching of Spanish to our salesmen.

"Congress," he said, "will be willing to entertain any reasonable scheme for waterway improvement, provided it is worked out in concrete form and can be readily understood."

Done Friday Evening.

Assisted Choc., Butter Taffee and Molasses Chips, 25c lb.—Adv.

LIEUT.-COL. F. M. CURLEE HOME

Has Been Mustered Out of Twenty-Sixth Field Artillery. Lieutenant-Colonel Francis M. Curlee of the Twenty-sixth Field Artillery, who was recently mustered out at Camp McClellan, Ala., arrived in St. Louis yesterday. He was commissioned a Captain at the first officers' training camp at Fort Riley, was promoted to Major at Camp Doniphan and later to his present rank. Col. Curlee, who was an attorney, was the Democratic candidate for president of the Board of Aldermen when A. H. Frederick, who was recently paroled from prison, was elected by the Republicans to that office. He was once Democratic nominee for Congress in the Tenth District.

St. Louis Is Slated for a Big Development in Housing.

"The year 1919 . . . will see also a big development in housing, especially in sections closer downtown, and particularly between Grand and Taylor avenues," says the Chamber of Commerce Annual Review. Mr. Real Estate Man: Hadn't you better read this over several times, let it sink in and then—market your ground or buildings through the REAL ESTATE column of the Post-Dispatch.—Adv.

FAVORABLE REPORT TO HOUSE ON POLICE BILL IN NEXT 2 DAYS

Home Rule Measure May Get to Senate in Two Weeks—Log-Rolling to Pass It Is Planned.

Special to the Post-Dispatch. JEFFERSON CITY, Feb. 6.—The St. Louis police home rule bill, providing for one Police Commissioner, who is to be appointed by the Mayor, but who can be removed by either the Governor or the Mayor,

HEAD STUFFED FROM CATARRH OR A COLD

Says Cream Applied in Nostrils Opens Air Passages Right Up.

Instant relief—no waiting. Your clogged nostrils open right up; the air passages of your head clear and you can breathe freely. No more hawking, snuffing, blowing, headache, dryness. No struggling for breath at night; your cold or catarrh disappears.

Get a small bottle of Ely's Cream Balm from your druggist now. Apply a little of this fragrant, antiseptic, healing cream in your nostrils. It penetrates through every air passage of the head, soothes the inflamed or swollen mucous membrane and relief comes instantly.

It's just fine. Don't delay stuff-up with a cold or nasty catarrh.—ADV.

and providing for an increase of \$15 a month in the salaries of St. Louis policemen, received favorable attention last night by the House Committee on municipal corporations. The bill will be reported favorably to the House either today or tomorrow.

Having passed through the Committee this early, the bill will be up for engrossment in the House early next week, and it will be possible to have it passed and sent to the Senate within two weeks.

The measure was introduced by Representative Tieseler and is a duplicate of a bill in the Senate by Senator Elder.

With the passage of the bill in the House, there will begin a system of log-rolling in an effort to pass it. Chairman Chaney of the Municipal Corporations Committee of the House having determined to hold in his Committee other bills for an increase of salary of St. Louis and Kansas City policemen in an effort to force the Democratic majority in the Senate to pass the home rule bill, but considerable doubt as to the success of his plan has developed, as it is reasonably certain that no measures advocated by Republican members of the House will get through the Senate until the Kansas City and St. Louis police salary bills are reported out and passed by the House.

At Busy Bee Candy Shops Friday. Fine Assorted Chocolates, including Milk & Fruit Melba Chocolates, 25c lb.—Adv.

Appeal for St. Louis Air Mail Plan. Mayor Kiel and other St. Louisans in Washington as members of the

city's delegation to the Rivers and Harbors Congress, tomorrow will call upon Assistant Postmaster-General Prager to say that they are opposed to the proposal that Congress cut the appropriation for airmail service 50 per cent. St. Louis anticipates the early establishment of airplane service to Chicago. A delegation

from Omaha will accompany the St. Louisans.



Which? An unmarked tablet is of unknown quality. The Bayer Cross guarantees the known quality and unquestioned purity of

Genuine Bayer-Tablets of Aspirin

The trade-mark "Aspirin" (Rac. U. S. Pat. Off.) is a guarantee that the manufacturer of salicylic acid in these tablets is of the highest Bayer manufacture.

Marked with the Bayer-Cross for Your Additional Protection

FOUR EXCEPTIONAL SHIRT VALUES 40% to 75% Discount TO CLEAN OUT OUR BROKEN LINES

We are making this big sacrifice to make room for our new line of Spring Shirts!

- LOT A**
Good Madras and Percale Shirts
In a Big Variety of Patterns
\$2.00 Values, NOW 95c
- LOT B**
Madras, Soisette, Fiber Stripes and Russian Cords
\$3.50 and Some Better Values, NOW \$1.85
- LOT C**
Satin-Striped Silk and Fiber Shirts
\$5.00 to \$6.00 Values, NOW \$3.65
- LOT D**
Pure Silk and Finest Fiber Shirts
A SNAP for the Particular Man
\$6.50 and \$7.50 Values, NOW \$4.15

One Big Neckwear Special!

Finest Imported Silks and Italian Brocaded Satins—Handmade, of Course, and Our Own Regular \$2.50 and \$3.00 Qualities

NOW . . . \$1.35
—or Three for \$4.00

Greenfield's
Authority on Style for Men Who Like to Dress Well
OLIVE at EIGHTH

Schaper
STORES CO
6th and Washington

BLACK SATIN MESSALINES
12-inch, extra heavy quality, with a beautiful satin finish; per yard. \$1.25

PLISSE CREPE
white and light blue
per yard (Main Floor) 25c

BUTCHER LINEN
quality; good
per yard 21c

Pattern Tablecloths
quality mercerized
per yard \$1.35

CHILD'S SLEEPING GARMENTS, 49c

WOMEN'S GLOVES
fancy fleece lined,
per pair 25c

UNION SUITS
fancy ribbed fleece,
per suit \$1.10

MEN'S COLLARS
white, extra heavy
per dozen 8 1/2c

**Girls' New
Gingham Dresses**
An assortment of styles
to please all little
girls; made of gingham
and percale; large plaids
and stripes, in all the
new Spring colors; large
pockets, plain collar
and cuffs;
size 4 to 14
(Second
Floor) 98c

Children's Dresses
Made of per-
cale; com-
pensation styles. 25c

Infants' Dresses
White organdie, lace
and embroidery;
trimmed (Second
Floor) 98c

Just 35 Genuine Congoleum Rugs
We have a limited amount of the celebrated Congoleum Room
Rugs, which will be offered on Friday at greatly reduced
prices; \$11.00, \$12.00, \$13.00, \$14.00, \$15.00, \$16.00,
and other sizes as low as
Third Floor.

**Axminster Room
Rugs**
Regular room sizes; good qual-
ity; high pile; Oriental,
Rural, modern,
and all over designs;
only a limited
number at
Second Floor \$19.98

**Water Proof
Linoleum**
The most complete selection of
beautiful patterns, suitable for
kitchen, dining room,
bath, hall and bed-
rooms; extra heavy
grades; at 79c, 60c
quality at
Second Floor 59c

Blankets
14x78 Blankets; dark
colors; designed
both sides;
per pair \$3.98

**Copper Bottom Wash
Boilers**
\$1.69

**Sewing
Rockers**
Embroidered
back;
turned
up in dis-
cuss; special
offer; Fri-
day \$1.69

**Child's Pony
Car**
Child's Pony
Car (like a
picture); very
strong; made
of wood;
per pair \$1.29

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WALL PAPER SALE—FRIDAY
You should be here Friday if you
will need Wall Paper this Spring!
Here are the reasons:
10,000 rolls in light and dark shades,
for any room; 20 patterns to select from;
value of 10c and 12c, at
5c and 7c values at
Extra Special—Beautiful broadened satin
and two-tone stripes, with cut-out border;
match; values up to
25c, at
Oatmeal, 30 inches wide,
25c value at 10c

**9 TO 11 A.M.
SPECIALS**
Items in this column to be on
sale until 11 a. m. only, and to
prevent dealers from buying
we have restricted the quantities.
On account of the ex-
traordinary low prices, we cannot accept
C. O. D. or mail orders on
them, and none will be deliv-
ered.

SOCKS
Men's heavy
cotton; assort-
ed colors 10c

VESTS
Women's knit;
is assorted
styles; trimmed 8 1/2c

HOSE
Women's and
men's; in
black 8 1/2c

SWEATERS
Men's; coat
style; shawl
collars 79c

NAPKINS
15x18-inch heavy
mercerized
damask;
slightly im-
perfect; 4 dozen 35c

SHIRTING
12-in. Crepe Shirt-
ing; in a line
of beautiful
colored stripes;
per yard 59c

THREAD
J. & P. Coats; black and
white;
all numbers;
(Main
Floor),
seven for 25c

**Bungalow
Aprons**
Second Floor 59c

**Silk
Waists**
Second Floor 77c

**Serge
Suits**
Size 16 to 44 (Sec-
ond Floor) \$5.00

OILCLOTH
Light colors; 48
in. wide (Third
Floor); yard 12 1/2c

Knee Pants
Blue serge; 7 to
17 years
(Third Floor) 39c

RAG RUG
15x26 inches;
good, clean
stock 29c

Child's Chair
Strong make; fumed
oak finish; special
Friday 29c

Blankets
14x78 Blankets; dark
colors; designed
both sides;
per pair \$3.98

**Copper Bottom Wash
Boilers**
\$1.69

**Sewing
Rockers**
Embroidered
back;
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up in dis-
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Map Roads Not Surveyed Explained by Board

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Just Lined Out—Legislation Committee Investigating.

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Just Lined Out—Legislation Committee Investigating.

within the past two years, and that comparatively little other work had been done, but declared that shortage of labor and materials and the refusal of counties to vote bond issues was largely responsible.

He admitted that the commission had a balance of \$1,107,000 in the treasury on Jan. 1, and that \$1,018,000 of funds from the National Government are available for building roads in Missouri, but declared that provision is being made for spending all of that money on projects which are now under consideration.

Sanford was questioned closely by several members of the committee. After he had told in detail of giving money to the various counties under the road law, Representative Baker asked how many miles of State road actually had been constructed.

"Not very many," replied Sanford, "but we are all 'rarin' to go now." Roads on the Map.

After obtaining permission to question Sanford, McKibben asked him if all of the roads on the elaborate road map published by the commission had been surveyed and laid out by the engineers as required by law.

McKibben answered the question by saying that many of the roads would have to be changed before the counties raised the money to build them and, therefore, "We have not asked for surveys for these roads. We have just lined them out in general directions."

McKibben also asked Sanford if the mileage of roads had been distributed among the counties in the proportion fixed by the road law. "It may not have been entirely," was the reply.

At the next hearing former Assistant Engineer J. P. Davis, who resigned when McKibben died, will take the witness stand and tell how the road map was prepared.

Bill Returned to Conference.
WASHINGTON, Feb. 6.—The House has sent back to conference the report on the bill validating informal war contracts, after refusing to instruct its conferees to accept the Senate amendment providing for payment of claims on expenses incurred in the development of properties to supply minerals and ores needed in war production.

Patronesses Named for the Victory Ball
Include Some of the Best Known Women in the St. Louis Social World.

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Include Some of the Best Known Women in the St. Louis Social World.

SHE IS ON VISIT HERE FROM PHILADELPHIA

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German's Starving, Says U. S. Officer

German's Starving, Says U. S. Officer
Lieut. Col. Harris Declares Many Women and Children Will Die Unless Aided.

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URGES EVERYONE TO QUICKLY GET ON THE WATER WAGON

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MT. AUBURN MARKET

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6128 EASTON AV.—Wellston Loop
High Quality—Low Prices—Eagle Stamps

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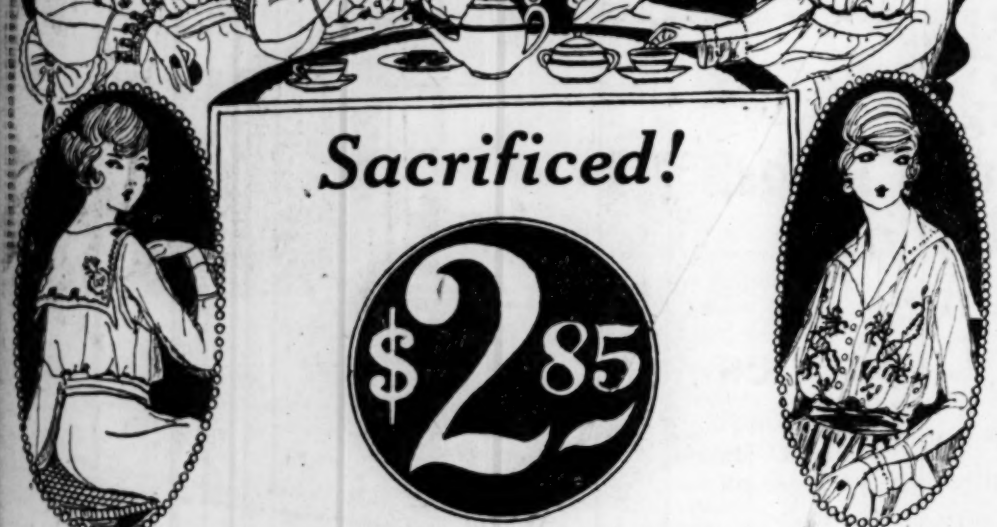
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Irwin's SILK WAISTS

Irwin's SILK WAISTS
509 Washington Ave.



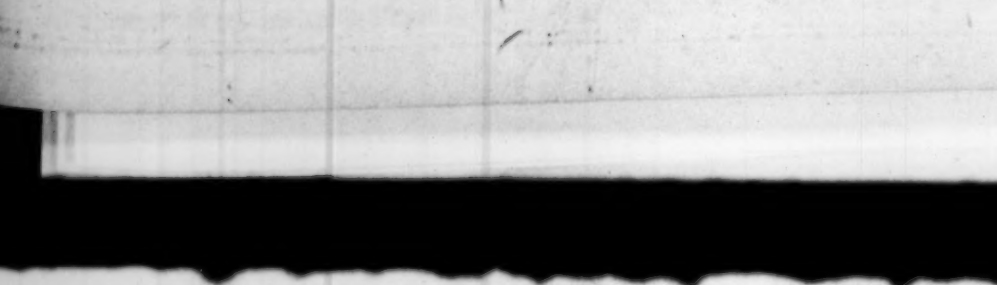
Sacrificed!
\$2.85

Fine Georgettes--Crepe de Chines
A sweeping clean-up. All soiled or mussed garments and hundreds of suit shade waists in perfect condition at tremendous savings. Every Waist formerly valued at twice and three times the selling price. Plenty of sizes, plain tailored styles or trimmed with beads or embroidery, and a variety of colors. But, to share these savings, come early.

Winter Coats--a Friday Clean-Up
50 Altogether--at Two Give-Away Prices!

\$5 \$10
A limited quantity of good, serviceable coats for misses and women, priced at tremendous after-inventory reductions. But at these prices they'll not last long.

Special!--New Spring Dress Skirts
Two Extremely Low Priced Groups
\$4.85 \$7.95



Social Items

Capt. and Mrs. Edward J. Walsh and family of 4349 Westminister place have returned to the city after an absence of a year in Washington, where Capt. Walsh was engaged in work for the Government during the war.

Miss Frances Reid Jones, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Breckinridge Jones of 45 Portland place, who has been taking a course in occupational therapy at Columbia University in New York, has completed the course and is now instructing in that branch in the department of occupational therapy at the Walter Reed Hospital in Washington, D. C.

Mrs. J. Sheppard Smith of 4334 Westminister place, accompanied by her sister-in-law, Mrs. John Pierre Cabanne of 5592 Pershing avenue, will depart tomorrow night for a several weeks' visit to Hot Springs, Ark. Mrs. Smith is just recuperating from a recent illness.

Mrs. Herbert Hadley Hope of Philadelphia is the guest of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. W. J. Homer of 4848 Fountain avenue. Mrs. Hope was until last August Miss Rosamond Roman.

Among the St. Louisans who have gone to Florida for the late winter are Mr. and Mrs. Charles F. Bates and their daughter, Miss Nancy Bates, of 4325 Westminister place, who will remain for several weeks.

Mrs. John T. Boone of New York arrived Tuesday to visit her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Morton Jourdan of the Netherby Hall apartments, on Lindell boulevard. A number of the informal affairs will be given for Mrs. Boone during her visit.

Mrs. Alice Devoy-Hietrich of 5537 Cates avenue will arrive home Saturday after a visit of a month with friends in Chicago and Cincinnati.

Goodyear Welt and Hand-Turned

Goodyear Welt and Hand-Turned
\$6, \$7 and \$8 Boots



\$3.85

ALL BROWN KID!
ALL TAN CALF!
ALL GRAY KID!
ALL BLACK KID!
PATENT VAMP, GRAY TOP!
PATENT VAMP, FAWN TOP!
BLACK KID VAMP, GRAY TOP!

THE VALUES--Not pair of these shoes were made to retail at less than \$6 to \$8; in fact, no pair can be bought at wholesale today for less than \$5.

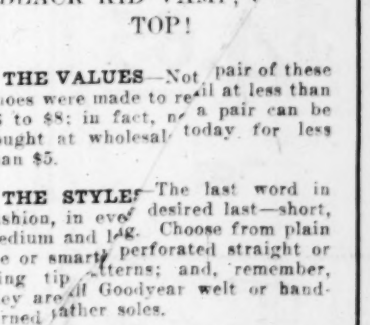
THE STYLE--The last word in fashion, in ever desired last--short, medium and long. Choose from plain toe or smart perforated straight or wing tip. Goodyear welt or hand-turned leather soles.

THE HEELS--Smart Leather Louis, best slender covered wooden French Louis, the sensible leather military and the flat English walking heel for the growing girl.

Sensenbrenner's

SIXTH AND ST. CHARLES
We Give Eagle Stamps

New Hats \$5 & \$7.50



Becoming Spring fashions in novelties, polka, side rolls, mushrooms and picture hats of various straws, both plain and combined withorgette or meline.

New Spring Attire
Scores of New Arrivals Daily

Spring Suits \$19.75 to \$65.00
Spring Dresses \$15.00 to \$49.50
Spring Skirts \$5.00 to \$15.00
Spring Waists \$1.95 to \$10.00

Your Choice--Any Cloth Coat
From Winter Stock None Reserved
\$15 \$25
Formerly Priced to \$55

Fifteen Winter Coats, Were Priced to \$15

Fifteen Winter Coats, Were Priced to \$15 . . \$6.50

Fifteen Winter Suits, Values to \$30 . . \$10

15--to \$25 Velvet Dresses . . \$12.50
15--to \$30 Evening Dresses . . \$15.00

Fur Scarfs & Muffs
Values to \$15
A limited number of odds and ends--for quick disposal
Friday \$5.95

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Provisions of Revised \$6,000,000,000 Revenue Law Reported to House

Bulk of Taxes Will Come From Corporations
and Incomes—Wearing Apparel, Candy
and Soda Water Taxed.

By the Associated Press. WASHINGTON, Feb. 6.—With the submission to Congress today of the conference agreement on the long-delayed war revenue bill, the American people were presented with their prospective Federal tax budget for 1919 and the ensuing year—something over \$6,000,000,000 this year and \$4,000,000,000 the year after, subject to the revision of future rates, expected to be undertaken by the next Congress.

The conference report, presented to the House by Majority Leader Kitchin, rewarded assured adoption by both House and Senate and of approval by the President. It thus provides the future tax yield, which now is about \$3,700,000,000. Besides this year's tax levy of about \$6,000,000,000, further treasury needs, to be raised by bonds and other means, are estimated by the treasury at about \$1,000,000,000. Bulk of Levy on Profits and Incomes. Except for slightly increased war excess profits rates for 1919 and corporation income tax rates for 1920, virtually all the rates provided in the bill passed by the Senate are approved by the conference and remain in the final conference draft. Like the original House bill and the Senate's revision, the bulk of the taxes are levied on war excess profits of corporations and on incomes, individual and corporate. Rates of the Senate on transportation, beverages, cigars and tobacco, amusement admissions, club dues, luxuries and semi-luxuries, stamp and special taxes, all substantially were adopted by the conference while the House rates on estates and insurance were reinstated.

Comparison of the conference agreements for 1919 revenues with existing laws as based on unofficial estimates as follows:

	Conference	Present Law
Income tax	\$2,210,000,000	\$1,425,000,000
War excess profits	2,500,000,000	1,791,000,000
Corporation	100,000,000	100,000,000
Transportation and other facilities	245,000,000	270,000,000
Beverages	320,000,000	400,000,000
Cigars and tobacco	245,000,000	200,000,000
Amusement admissions and club dues	24,000,000	54,000,000
Excise taxes, luxuries, etc.	175,000,000	3,000,000
Stamp taxes	31,000,000	3,000,000
Special floor and misc. taxes	75,000,000	28,600,000
Totals	\$6,030,000,000	\$4,370,170,000

The principal rates increase agreed to in conference were to raise the corporation income rate for 1920 from 8 per cent, as proposed by the Senate, to 10 per cent and an increase from 40 to 75 per cent in the second "bracket," or sliding rate, on corporations' excess profits for this year. The 80 per cent war profits tax for this year was adopted and, upon insistence by House conferees, extended to 1920, but made applicable next year only upon such profits from Government war contracts. The excess profits "bracket" rates of 20 and 40 per cent for 1920 also were approved.

Virtually all the so-called relief provisions or "cushions" of the Senate, designed to prevent hardships in imposition of the corporation taxes, were adopted. In the important income tax section, the bill retains all Senate rates, normal and surtaxes, including that of 12 per cent, double existing law, on corporations' income of last year, in excess of credits previously allowed, but fixes the rate for subsequent years at 10 per cent.

The 12 per cent normal rate on individual incomes earned last year and the 8 per cent rate payable in 1920 are retained with individual exemptions of \$1000 for single and \$2000 for married persons, and an additional exemption of \$200 for each dependent minor. Also adopted are provisions that individuals shall pay only 6 per cent this year, and 4 per cent thereafter, on the first \$4000 subject to tax above exemptions. The Senate individual surtaxes, ranging from 1 per cent on incomes between \$5000 and \$6000 to 65 per cent on more than \$1,000,000, also were approved.

To Restore Old Postage July 1. Of the important general legislation and "riders" the conference adopted the following provisions: Levying a prohibitory tax on products of child labor. Restoring pre-war postage rates on letters and post cards July 1 next. Providing a pay bonus of \$60 for all persons in the military establishment, officers and enlisted men alike. Extending the Reed "bone dry"

How Wearing Apparel Will Be Taxed Under New Revenue Law

WASHINGTON, Feb. 6.—The \$6,000,000,000 revised revenue bill reported to the House today for concurrence in the conference report, so-called "semi-luxury" taxes of 10 per cent, effective May 1 next, are retained although reported subject to possible modification later by separate resolution. They are to be charged consumers of articles of personal wearing apparel and returnable to the Treasury by retailers.

Although most of the Senate rates in the bill are retained, the conferees made many important changes affecting income and war excess profits taxation, revising scores of amendments and virtually redrafting a substantial part of the measure.

In agreeing upon war excess profits taxes (confined to corporations) the conferees struck out the House alternative plan to levy on war or excess profits, according to the highest yield, adopting the Senate composite plan. The pre-war period standard of calendar years of 1911, 1912 and 1913 was retained, as was the system of credits. Corporations with incomes less than \$100,000 were exempted. Other limitations are for a maximum excess profits tax of 30 per cent this year and 20 per cent in 1920 on incomes under \$20,000, plus 50 per cent in 1919 and 40 per cent thereafter on incomes over \$20,000. Estate taxes, substituted for the Senate inheritance levies, and following the original House plan are imposed at rates ranging from 1 to 25 per cent on estates under \$50,000. With a general exemption of \$50,000 the new rates range from 1 to 25 per cent—the minimum on net taxable estates exceeding \$50,000. After deduction of allowances, the maximum of 25 per cent on estates of \$100,000 and over. The existing graduated rates range from 2 to 25 per cent on those exceeding \$100,000, while the House proposed rates from 3 to 40 per cent.

Taxes on Transportation. The provisions for taxes on transportation and other public facilities, effective April 1, largely follow the existing law, but reduces from 10 to 8 per cent the levy on sea vessels and from 10 to 5 per cent on vessels, fixes the rate on telegraph, telephone, cable and radio messages at 5 cents on those costing 15 to 50 cents, and 10 cents on those above 50 cents, instead of the present 5-cent flat charge on messages costing 15 cents and more, and imposes a new tax on private or leased telephone or telegraph wires, except press wires, of 10 per cent on rentals. In fixing the passenger transportation rates, the conferees adopted a Senate amendment to exempt commutation trips of less than 20 miles or fare paid under 42 cents.

Insurance taxes, effective April 1, at virtually existing rates, based on policies written, were adopted as proposed by the House. In lieu of the Senate plan to tax insurance companies' incomes. Beverages taxes, contingent on prohibition as adopted, are: Distilled spirits for nonbeverage purposes, \$2.20 per proof gallon, the present rate; distilled spirits manufactured, imported or withdrawn for beverage purposes, \$6.40 per gallon, double existing law, but with a "relief" provision suspending certain charges on spirits held in bond by prohibition; beer and other fermented beverages \$6 per barrel, double present law; wines, double existing rates based on alcoholic content, also with a prohibition "relief" provision permitting distillation of wines for industrial purposes; cereal beverages, or "near beer," 1 per cent on sales, a new tax, grape juice, ginger ale, root beer, pop, artificial mineral and carbonated waters and beverages and similar soft drinks, 10 per cent on manufacturers' sale, instead of the present rate of 1 cent per gallon; natural mineral waters, 2 cents per gallon, double present law. A new tax, effective May 1, next, is 1 cent on each 10 cents or fraction on retailers of ice cream, soda water, sundaes and similar confections or drinks to be paid by consumers.

Cigar rates fixed by the conferees range from \$1.10 per thousand, instead of \$1, on cigars weighing three pounds or less per thousand, to \$13 per thousand, a 50 per cent increase on cigars sold in excess of 20 cents each. Cigarettes are taxed 20 cents per thousand, instead of \$2.05, those weighing not more than three pounds per thousand, and \$7.20 per thousand, instead of \$4.80, on cigarettes weighing more. Tobacco and snuff are taxed 15 cents a pound, an increase of 5 cents. The conferees adopted the Senate rate of 10 cents on cigars weighing three pounds or less per thousand, and \$7.20 per thousand, instead of \$4.80, on cigarettes weighing more. Tobacco and snuff are taxed 15 cents a pound, an increase of 5 cents. The conferees adopted the Senate rate of 10 cents on cigars weighing three pounds or less per thousand, and \$7.20 per thousand, instead of \$4.80, on cigarettes weighing more. Tobacco and snuff are taxed 15 cents a pound, an increase of 5 cents. The conferees adopted the Senate rate of 10 cents on cigars weighing three pounds or less per thousand, and \$7.20 per thousand, instead of \$4.80, on cigarettes weighing more.

Proposed Substitution of Decreased Charges

The so-called Thomas amendment, which proposed 100 per cent taxes on political campaign contributions in excess of \$500, was rejected. House amendments for a Federal license tax on use of motor vehicles. The so-called "business license" of \$10 on business and professional men (taxing \$2500 or more). Senate taxes on inheritance for which the conferees substituted House levies on estates. The House tax of 2 cents a gallon on gasoline. House amendments to tax state and municipal bonds and other securities.

Many Changes Made. So-called "semi-luxury" taxes of 10 per cent, effective May 1 next, are retained, although reported subject to possible modification later by separate resolution. They are to be charged consumers of articles of personal wear and returnable to the Treasury by retailers.

The 10 per cent tax is levied on the excess paid above cost standards prescribed by various articles, including the following: Carpets and rugs, except of wool, 5 per square yard; picture frames, \$5 each; trunks, \$50; valises, travel bags, suit cases, hat boxes and fly toilet cases, \$25; purses, pocketbooks, shopping and handbags, \$2.50; portable lighting fixtures, including lamps and shades, \$25; umbrellas, parasols and sun shades, \$4; fans, 4; house or smoking coats or jackets and bath or lounging robes, \$7.50; men's separate waistcoats, \$4; women's and misses' hats, bonnets and hoods, \$15; men's and boys' hats, \$5; men's and boys' caps, \$2; boots, shoes, pumps and slippers, \$10 a pair, with special appliances for lame persons exempted; men's and boys' neckties and neckwear, \$2; men's and boys' silk stockings or hose, \$1 a pair; women's and misses' silk stockings or hose, \$2 a pair; men's shirts, \$3 each; pajamas, nightgowns and underwear, \$5 each; kimonos, petticoats and waists, \$15 each.

prohibition law to the District of Columbia. Increasing from \$25 to \$1000 the tax on those dealing in intoxicants, including "stillies," in prohibition territory. For taxation of salaries of Federal officials, including the President and Judiciary, but not of state officials. For submission of all Government contracts, by contractors, on demand of the Internal Revenue Commissioner.

For exemptions of 20 per cent to oil prospectors. Establishing an advisory tax board of six members in the Treasury. Restricting sale and use of narcotics by strengthening the Harrison drug act. Among important Senate or House publications stricken from the bill were: Proposed repeal of the publishers' second-class postage zone rates and

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Stomach Acts Fine, No Indigestion!

Eat without Fear of Upset Stomach

Food souring, gas, acidity!

If your meals hit back causing belching, pain, flatulence, indigestion or heartburn here's instant relief. No waiting!

Pape's Diapepsin is noted for its speed in ending all stomach distress. Never fails!

Keep it handy. Tastes nice and costs so little at drug stores.

UPSET? Pape's Diapepsin

A Week Pays for This Fine

\$1.50 Columbia Grafonola

This handsome Columbia Grafonola has triple spring motor, metal bed plate, wooden amplifying tone chamber and non-set automatic stop.

Only \$1.50 a week—no interest ever charged.

New February Records and Q. R. S. Music Rolls

SHATTINGER MUSIC CO. 910 OLIVE STREET

Kennard's Great Peace Price Adjustment Sale

THE extraordinarily low prices throughout our entire stock continue to attract hundreds of buyers to this sale who are seeking reliable

Furniture
Domestic Rugs,
Oriental Rugs,
Carpets, Mattings,
Linoleums,
Curtains and Draperies

It is beyond all question a great opportunity to buy home furnishings at far less cost than you expected to pay.

Hundreds of Bargains of Which the Few Below Are Samples

FURNITURE

\$243.00 3-piece Suite upholstered in damask	\$175.00
\$28.00 Mahogany Writing Table	\$24.00
\$183.00 9-piece Fumed Oak Dining Room Suite	\$145.00
\$20.00 Old Oak Serving Table	\$14.00
\$95.00 3-piece walnut Bedroom Suite	\$75.00
\$27.00 Walnut Dresser	\$20.00

Domestic Rugs

\$10.00 Standard Wilton Rugs, size 27 in. by 34 in.	\$7.50
\$15.50 Standard Wilton Rugs, size 36 in. by 63 in.	\$11.50
\$70.00 Wilton Velvet Rugs, finest quality, size 8 ft. by 12 ft.	\$52.50
\$129.00 Royal Wilton Rugs, finest quality, size 8 ft. by 12 ft.	\$85.00
\$112.00 Seamless Wilton Rug, plain colors, band borders, size 9 ft. by 12 ft.	\$85.00

Oriental Rugs

\$135.00 Persian Mahal Rug, size 6 ft. 5 in. by 10 ft. 1 in.	\$97.50
\$225.00 Persian Mahal Rug, size 9 ft. 8 in. by 12 ft. 5 in.	\$167.50
\$350.00 Royal Serapi Rug, size 9 ft. 2 in. by 13 ft. 10 in.	\$250.00
\$400.00 Royal Mesched Rug, size 9 ft. 9 in. by 12 ft. 10 in.	\$300.00

CURTAINS

Marquisette, hemstitched, Cluny and point Venice edging, lace inserting, filet motives, regularly \$2.75 and \$4.50. Special sale price

Finest quality Filet, plain and figured centers, Cluny edging, regular price \$5.50, \$6.00. Special sale price

Kennard's
4th & WASHINGTON

The Shoe Event of the Year!

Walk-Over

This Great Sacrifice Sale of Quality Shoes Fast Drawing to a Close. Come down to either store tomorrow. No close-outs; no seconds—every pair of Walk-Over—which means the best, at from

25% to 40% Off

\$4.65



\$4.65



\$4.65



\$4.65

The Walking Boot comes in either black or dark brown. Has imitation wing or straight tip; \$6 to \$7 values... \$4.65

Brown kid with cloth top to match; \$9.00 value... \$7.65

Genuine brown calf; \$9.00 value... \$7.65

All Perfects--No Seconds

25% to 40% Discount

A neat Dress Shoe in genuine black kid. Has imitation tip, full Louis leather heel. A regular \$8.00 value for... \$6.65

Same style in newest shades of dark all gray kid or brown calf; regular \$12 value; price... \$7.65

Gray kid or genuine buckskin, in mode or gray; \$13.50 value, \$9.65

"Walk-Over" Shoe Stores

612 OLIVE ST.

BOTH STORES

516 N. SIXTH ST.

TWELFTH ENGINEERS TO BE DEMOBILIZED AT BARRACKS

Decision to Send Regiment Here Reached by War Department, Although Order Has Not Been Issued.

The War Department yesterday decided to demobilize the Twelfth (St. Louis) Engineers at Jefferson Barracks. No official order has been issued, because unforeseen obstructions may develop, but if the department's intention is carried out, the regiment thus will be in a position to parade as a unit in St. Louis.

The Twelfth Engineers was recruited in St. Louis, and is composed largely of railroad men of this city and employees of southwestern roads. Under present plans it would be the first St. Louis organization which has seen service overseas to parade here.

The date of the regiment's embarkation from France has been tentatively set for Feb. 12. When it lands in New York, it will be met by its former Lieutenant-Colonel, Frank G. Jones, now in St. Louis, who will present to it a set of colors as the gift of the Women's Auxiliary of the regiment. A set shipped from St. Louis after the regiment had departed was lost at sea with the vessel carrying it.

FOR PILES

A Free Trial of Pyramid Pile Treatment Will Be Just Like Meeting a Good Old Friend.



Have you tried Pyramid? If not, why don't you? The trial is free—just mail coupon below—and the results may amaze you. Others are praising Pyramid Pile Treatment as their deliverer—why not you? Mail coupon now or get a 500 box from any druggist anywhere. Take no substitute.

FREE SAMPLE COUPON
PYRAMID PILE TREATMENT
Kindly send me a Free sample of Pyramid Pile Treatment in a plain wrapper.
Name.....
Street.....
City.....State.....
—ADV.

ERROR LEAVES A HOLE IN SWISS CHEESE SUIT

Judge Dyer Insisted His Figuring of Interest Was Right, but It Was \$13.60 Off.

Judge Dyer, in the United States District Court yesterday cited Pike's arithmetic, in use in American schools before the Civil War, as his authority in figuring the interest on the value of a shipment of Swiss cheese.

He resented an imputation that his figures were wrong, but later it was determined that his total was \$13.60 too large and at the suggestion of the chief clerk of the court, it was agreed that this amount should be rebated by the plaintiff, to whom a judgment had been awarded on the basis of the Judge's figures. The case was that of O. Roth & Co. of Switzerland against the A. C. L. Haase & Sons Fish Co. of St. Louis. A representative of the Roth company came here from Switzerland to attend the trial.

The suit was filed Feb. 23, 1914, the Roth company claiming \$4104.75 as a balance due on three cartloads of Swiss cheese shipped to the fish company. It asked for this amount, with interest at 6 per cent from Aug. 1, 1913.

After hearing the evidence Judge Dyer instructed the jury to return a verdict of \$3768.02, with 6 per cent interest from Feb. 28, 1914, the date of filing the suit, to Feb. 5, 1919, the date of the judgment.

Judge Dyer told the jury he had figured the interest at \$1112.40, so that the total judgment, exclusive of costs, would be \$4880.42.

Attorneys for the Haase company, who had also figured the interest, excepted to the Judge's figures and suggested they were wrong.

"They are not wrong," the Judge replied. "I figured that interest myself and I know it is right, for I figured it according to Pike's arithmetic."

Several lawyers and others in the courtroom got busy with their pencils and those who persevered until they got the answer said it appeared to them that the Judge had awarded too much to the Swiss cheese company.

At Busy Bee Candy Shops Friday, Fine Assorted Chocolates, including Milk & Fruit Mocha Chocolates, 35c lb.—ADV.

HUSBAND AND WIFE FREED

Acquitted of Charge of Receiving Stolen Goods.

Lewis and Minnie Perkel of 2441 St. Vincent avenue were acquitted yesterday in Judge Taylor's Court on charges of burglary and receiving stolen goods. They were arrested several months ago, when silks valued at \$5000 which had been stolen from the store of the Frank & Meyer Neckwear Co., 1122 Washington avenue, were found in a stable behind their home. They explained that they had rented the stable to a man named Smith, and denied knowledge of the burglary.

ARMED BURGLARS ROUTED

Frederick Vogel, 3943 Lucky street, a clerk in the Spring avenue grocery conducted by Thomas Lannon, 1115 North Spring avenue, routed and pursued two armed highwaymen who attempted to hold up him and Lannon as Lannon was counting the day's receipts in the store at 7:30 o'clock last night. Vogel struck the nearest robber in the jaw and grappled with him, whereupon both fled from the place. As Vogel pursued them they turned and fired several shots. In the struggle with the robber Vogel was hit on the head with a revolver, and sustained a scalp wound. The robbers obtained nothing.

"TIZ" GLADDENS SORE, TIRED FEET

No puffed-up, burning, tender, aching feet—no corns or callouses.

"Tiz" makes sore, burning, tired feet fairly dance with delight. Away go the aches and pains, the corns, callouses, blisters, bunions and chilblains.

"Tiz" draws out the acids and poisons that puff out your feet. No matter how hard you work how long you dance, how far you walk, or how long you remain on your feet, "Tiz" brings restful foot comfort. "Tiz" is magical, grand, wonderful for tired, aching, swollen, smarting feet. Ah! how comfortable, how happy you feel. Your feet just tingle for joy; shoes never hurt or seem tight.

Get a 25-cent box of "Tiz" now from any druggist or department store. End foot torture forever—wear smaller shoes, keep your feet fresh, sweet and happy. Just think! a whole year's foot comfort for only 25 cents.—ADV.

D. S. C. IS AWARDED CAPT. MAURY HILL AND LIEUT. PHELPS

Citation of Aviator Describes Feat in Outmaneuvering Superior Force of Enemy Planes.

Capt. Maury Hill of the Twenty-fourth Aero Squadron, son of Walter Hill of 5505 Lindell boulevard, president of the Mechanics-American National Bank, is to receive the Distinguished Service Cross for extraordinary heroism in action, according to an official announcement issued by the War Department for publication.

Today's list of recipients of the D. S. C. also contains the names of First Lieutenant Glenn Phelps, an observer with the Fifth Balloon Squadron, son of Mr. and Mrs. W. A. Phelps of 4442 Delmar boulevard, and of two other Missourians, one an aviator lieutenant and one a private in the infantry.

Capt. Hill is now at home, and in an interview with him, in which he told in detail of some of the conditions of air fighting, and observation work, was printed in yesterday's Post-Dispatch, how, however, to speak of his own adventures, one of which is officially described in the following citation:

Capt. Maury Hill, pilot, Twenty-fourth Aero Squadron. For extraordinary heroism in action near Conflans, France, Nov. 2. While on a photographic mission of a particularly dangerous character, Capt. Hill and his observer, Lieut. John W. Cousins, were attacked by superior numbers of enemy pursuit planes. During the combat which ensued, his skill and coolness enabled his observer to destroy one of the enemy aircraft. Walker Hill, father, Mechanics-American National Bank, St. Louis, Mo.

Phelps' Citation. Lieut. Phelps has lately been sick with influenza in a hospital in France, but has written of his improvement. The citation in his case reads:

First Lieutenant Glenn Phelps, observer, balloon section. For extraordinary heroism in action near Villiers-sur-Marne, July 15 and Aug. 7, and Chatelet-Chehery, Oct. 27-30, 1918. While regulating artillery fire from his balloon, Lieut. Phelps, with another observer, was attacked by three enemy planes and forced to jump after his balloon had been set on fire. On four other occasions his balloon was sent down in flames, after being attacked by superior numbers of the enemy, but on each occasion he resumed his work just as soon as another balloon could be obtained. Mrs. W. A. Phelps, mother, 4442 Delmar boulevard, St. Louis, Mo.

In a letter to his mother, Lieut. Phelps, without dwelling on his exploits, mentioned the fact that he had received the French Croix de Guerre. He is 24 years old and is a graduate of the Washington University School of Architecture, class of 1917. He enlisted a month after his graduation.

Wrote of Getting Cross.

In his letter, he said: "I would not for the world have missed my experiences in this war. And when I think of the boys claimed by the battlefield, lying out there buried as they had fallen, no funeral, no useless tears, laid in a hole dug by their comrades, and covered over, passed over, and then forgotten—their lives were short, but a life more crowned with success and a death more glorious I cannot imagine. It makes me feel now that the chances I took, what I did was very little, although when I went to Chaumont the other day I was decorated with both the French Croix de Guerre and the American Distinguished Service Cross. I knew I had been recommended for these, but doubted getting them, especially as American Crosses are not given freely. I meant not to say anything about this and keep it as a little surprise for you when I get home, but I see no reason, for I may not see you for six months yet."

Other Missourians Cited.

The other Missouri citations in today's list are:

First Lieutenant Donald Hudson, aviation section. Twenty-seventh Aero Squadron. For extraordinary heroism in action near Fere-en-Tardenois, in August. A protection patrol of which Lieut. Hudson was a member was attacked by a large formation of enemy planes. He was separated from the formation and forced to a low altitude by four enemy planes (Fokker type). He shot down one of the other three, and started to our lines with a damaged machine, but was attacked by two planes. He shot down both of these planes and by great perseverance and determination, succeeded in reaching our lines. Home address, Paul Hudson, 1640 Wornall road, Kansas City, Mo.

Private Leroy Davis, Company L, 370th Infantry. For extraordinary heroism in action at Mont de Sanges, Sept. 18. Private Davis went out under heavy fire to the aid of a runner who had been wounded, applied first aid, took the messages of the wounded man and delivered them to their destination. Stella Burvender, mother, 302 East Depot street, Huntsville, Mo.

Colds Cause Grip and Influenza. Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets remove the cause. There is only one Bromo Quinine. E. W. Groves' signature on the box. 50c.—ADV.

SOLDIER OF 19 IS DECORATED

Arrives at Eastern Camp.

Lester Klauber, 19 years old, of 2509 Sidney street, son of Dan Klauber, president of the A. Klauber & Son Iron and Metal Co., has notified his father that he has arrived at Camp Mills, N. Y., from France, where he fought in the First Gas Regiment and was decorated for bravery. Klauber enlisted in St. Louis in October, 1917, and is one of the three survivors of the first 30 men who enlisted in the gas service from this city. He was in the battles of Chateau-Thierry, St. Mihiel and Argonne Forest, and got through without being wounded.

Well fed—yet almost starved

"My little son eats almost as much as a grown man," said a woman to her friend, "but his food doesn't seem to do him any good."

"Do you know what I'd do?" said the other. "I'd put him on Gude's Pepto-Mangan. My boy was puny and weak, and our family physician prescribed Pepto-Mangan. It did him a world of good."

Gude's Pepto-Mangan "The Red Blood Builder"

In thousands of homes, one or more persons have been helped through some period of feeble health by Pepto-Mangan. Used and prescribed by the medical profession for over 28 years, because it is absolutely safe and beneficial for invalids, convalescents and run-down people of all ages and conditions. Easy to digest, exceedingly pleasant to taste.

FRIENDLY WARNING: There is only one Pepto-Mangan and that is Gude's. Sold in bottle and package as shown here. Sold by druggists everywhere.

Pepto-Mangan is made only by M. J. BREITENBACH COMPANY Manufacturing Chemists, New York

\$100 War Savings Certificates. Postmaster Selph has been advised that the Treasury Department has prepared an issue of War Savings Certificates in \$100 denomination, which will be on sale soon.



Study this picture as you will know how Pepto-Mangan looks. The Store of a Million Gifts. One Door East of Sixth Street. 517 OLIVE ST.

Palace Specials Friday & Saturday



Men's Cigarette Cases, gold-lined in new engine turned designs, made of heavy nickel metal and form-fitting for vest or back pocket. Will wear as well as any dollar case on the market.



Adjustable black silk ribbon Bracelets, with gold-filled mountings. Will wear for years. Regular price, 98c. Above specials for Friday and Saturday only as long as they last.

We are showing a beautiful line of new Hand Bags in silk and leather at prices from \$2.00 to \$20.00 each.

Brandt's Clearance Sale

Will End Next Week

The extremely low prices which we are quoting for the final week of this sale offer opportunities as never before to buy high-grade Footwear at such substantial savings.

These Are Without Doubt the Best Shoe Bargains in St. Louis. Don't Miss This Sale

<p>Women's Queen Quality Black Kid, High Arch Lace Boot. A wonderful shoe for women who demand absolute foot comfort without the sacrifice of style. Made with medium heel, welt sole, neat round toe. Regular price \$7.50. cut to \$6.45</p>	<p>Women's Queen Quality Lace Boot. Patent leather vamps, dull kid tops, medium heels. Regular price \$9.00. cut to \$6.95</p>
<p>Women's Queen Quality Gunmetal Calf Lace Boot. Goodyear welt soles, fancy perforated tip, military heel. Regular price \$7.50. cut to \$5.95</p>	<p>Women's Queen Quality Russia Calf Lace Boot. Goodyear welt soles, military heels. Regular price \$7.50. cut to \$4.95</p>
<p>Women's Queen Quality Black Kid Lace Boot. Flexible sole, leather French heel. Regular price \$6.50. cut to \$4.95</p>	<p>Women's Brown Kid Lace Boot. Military heel, flexible sole. Regular price \$9.00. cut to \$5.95</p>
<p>Bargains for Children</p> <p>Made on foot-form last of soft, durable black bearskin.</p> <p>Sizes 5 to 8. cut to \$2.45</p> <p>Sizes 8 1/2 to 11 1/2. cut to \$2.65</p> <p>Sizes 12 to 2. cut to \$2.95</p>	

Note These Sensational Reductions

250 pairs Women's Patent Leather Button, dull kid or cloth tops. Sizes 3 to 5. Shoes are included in this lot worth up to \$4.00. cut to **95c**

Women's Gold Cloth Slippers. They are stylish and well made of excellent material. Regular price \$5.00. cut to **\$1.95**

475 pairs Women's Patent Leather and Gunmetal Lace Boots. Choice of lace and button styles. Sizes 3 to 5. Up to \$5.00 values. cut to **\$1.65**

Women's Boudoir Slippers. Assorted colors. Regular price \$1.00. cut to **59c**

Boys' and Girls' Black Leather Gymnasium Slippers. Regular price \$1.65. cut to **95c**

We Carry a Complete Line of Gotham Gold Band Hose

Addison's

500 'Sample' Dresses \$10

In a Sale Tomorrow at George's Corner, Silk Failles & Poplins, Silk Taffetas, Silk Mousselines. Beautiful styles and colorings; all samples; worth to \$50.00, at

Just Received From New York!!

465 "Sample" Suits

A Well-Known Manufacturer's Entire Spring Line Selling at \$25, \$35 and \$45

As "samples," these Suits naturally represent the highest degree of workmanship and style. We purchased them for actual cost—and offer them to you tomorrow on the same unusual basis. BUY Your Spring Suit NOW—in This Sale.

New Tricotines—
Poiret Twills—
French Serges—
Fine Gabardines—
Fancy B. & W. Cloth—
Rich Wool Poplins—

One - and - two - of a-kind style. All gorgeously tailored and magnificently finished.

New Beige—Sea Gull—
French and Pear Blue—
The New Henna Shade—
Rookie and Covert—
Taupe and Fancy Grays—
Navies and Blacks—

Tuxedo and Boxcoat models; also distinguished tailored and waistline styles, featuring new vesting; tucking and flat silk braids; fancy sleeves, etc. All gorgeously lined. Every style is beautiful, as they are samples; sizes for misses and women.

Extra-Size Suits New Spring models in sizes 46 to 54—included in this sale tomorrow

New "Sample" Spring HATS \$2.98

Beautiful styles—every one gorgeously trimmed—no two models alike. Georgette, tulle, rich satin, straw and Georgette combination, plain Milans, etc. On sale tomorrow, Friday, in one big lot at.....

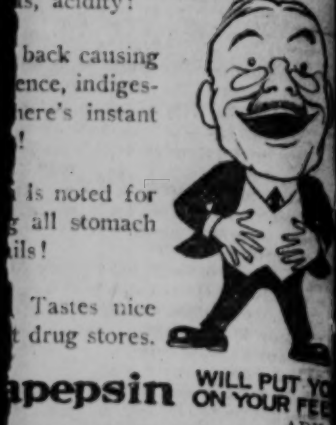
LAST SALE ALL COATS MUST BE SOLD

Finest Plushes—
All-Wool Velours—
Suede Broadcloths—
Rich Silvertones—
Fur-Trimmed Coats—
Satin-Lined Coats—
Fur-Bottom Coats—
Extra Size Coats—
Coats for Juniors—
Coats for Misses—

Coats Worth up to \$17.50 Now **\$7.50**
Coats Worth up to \$23.50 Now **\$9.85**
Coats Worth up to \$27.50 Now **\$12.75**
Coats Worth up to \$32.50 Now **\$15.00**
Coats Worth up to \$42.50 Now **\$18.75**

Provision for allowance of loss, recently discovered, and exemption from income tax in the military establishment are other important amendments gained in the bill.

No Indigestion! of Upset Stomach



Is noted for all stomach ills!

Tastes nice at drug stores.

WILL PUT YOU ON YOUR FEET

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90.00

CO.

nt Sale

Are Samples

ental Rugs

rsian Mahal Rug, size 6 by 10 \$97.50

rsian Mahal Rug, size 9 by 12 \$167.50

yal Serappi Rug, size 9 by 12 \$250.00

yal Mesched Rug, size 9 by 12 \$300.00

Persian Iron Rugs

at venues, typical all-over designs, regular price, Average size 11 by 6 ft. Sale Price \$97.50.

nd figured centers, Chiny 00. \$3.75

New York Theatrical Man Dies.
By the Associated Press.
NEW YORK, Feb. 6.—The death Tuesday night of Rudolph Aronson, 41 years old, music composer, at his home here is announced. Aronson had been ill since last July. He built the Casino Theatre in this city, which had the first roof garden in America and had been actively identified with theatrical interests in this country and Europe.

SAVING LIVES



TIMELY WARNING

You are in danger of catching the grip if you are weak and run-down.

The grip germ finds its earliest victims among those whose resisting power is lowest.

The pure food elements in Father John's Medicine build energy to resist grip germs.

The gentle laxative effect of Father John's Medicine helps to drive out impurities.

You are safe when you take Father John's Medicine because it is guaranteed free from alcohol or dangerous drugs in any form.—ADV.

MONEY-SAVERS FOR ALL

These Durable Soles Cut Shoe Bills Down

"For use around cement plants and similar places where rough materials grind down soles quickly, I recommend Neolin Soles. They resist wear surprisingly. After working around the cement department long enough to wear out two pairs of ordinary soles, my Neolin Soles are still as good as new," writes A. F. Miller, superintendent of The Peninsular Portland Cement Company plant in Jackson, Michigan.

It is remarkable how tough and durable Neolin Soles are. They are made by Science—comfortable and waterproof, too. They come on new shoes in many styles for men, women, and children, and are available everywhere for re-soles. Wear them, and cut your shoe bills down.

Neolin Soles are made by The Good-year Tire & Rubber Co., Akron, Ohio, who also make Wingfoot Heels, guaranteed to outwear all other heels.

Neolin Soles

COCOANUT OIL FINE FOR WASHING HAIR

If you want to keep your hair in good condition, be careful what you wash it with.

Most soaps and prepared shampoos contain too much alkali. This dries the scalp, makes the hair brittle and is very harmful. Just plain mulified coconut oil (which is pure and entirely greaseless), is much better than the most expensive soap or anything else you can use for shampooing, as this can't possibly injure the hair.

Simply moisten your hair with water and rub it in. One or two teaspoonfuls will make an abundance of rich, creamy lather and cleanses the hair and scalp thoroughly. The lather rinses out easily and removes every particle of dust, dirt, dandruff and excess oil. The hair dries quickly and evenly, and it leaves it fine and silky, bright, fluffy and easy to manage.

You can get mulified coconut oil at most any drug store. It is very cheap and a few ounces is enough to last everyone in the family for months.—ADV.

STOP ITCHING SKIN

Zemo the Clean, Antiseptic Liquid, Gives Prompt Relief

There is one safe, dependable treatment that relieves itching torture and that cleanses and soothes the skin. Ask any druggist for a 35c or \$1 bottle of Zemo and apply it as directed. Soon you will find that irritations, pimples, blackheads, eczema, blotches, ringworm and similar skin troubles will disappear. Zemo, the penetrating, satisfying liquid, is all that is needed, for it banishes most skin eruptions, makes the skin soft, smooth and healthy. The E. W. Rose Co., Cleveland, O.

WARNING GIVEN AGAINST THE "MEDICAL SNIPERS"

Physicians' Journal Anticipates Bills to Favor Chiropractors, Chiropractors and Optometrists.

"Medical Snipers" is the heading of an editorial in the February issue of The Journal of the Missouri State Medical Association, printed at the association's headquarters here. The article advises all physicians to write to their representatives in the State Legislature opposing the legislation which, the writer anticipates, will be proposed in behalf of chiropractors, optometrists and chiropractors. It is also urged that the physicians ask legislators to support the Workmen's Compensation bill and bills introduced by the Children's Code Commission.

"The season has arrived," the article says, "when the medical snipers arm themselves for the pleasant pastime of trying to shoot our medical law full of holes. The hunting ground is the legislative halls at Jefferson City, the ammunition fat bank rolls and well oiled tongues crying anathema upon the 'medical trust.' The disgraceful behavior of some lobbyists for the chiropractors, optometrists and others in the last general assembly, still fresh in the minds of the holdover members of the Legislature, ought to deter such persons from the legislative halls forever; but they are back at the old stand trying to persuade enlightened representatives of the people to metamorphose their ignorances to men of letters."

Short Correspondent Course. "Measured by their own yardstick, the chiropractors are self-condemned because their principal argument to students is that no education is necessary, the short correspondence course is easily acquired, and (in big type), they can earn from \$1500 to \$5000 a year!"

"No preliminary education, no study of the human body. No, indeed. The talk about germs, microscopes, therapeutics, is tommyrot. All you need is a paper mache imitation of the spine and \$68.75 for the complete course."

"The optometrists are not so boastful of their lack of an education, paying some attention to school courses, at least in part, but they are seriously deficient in discerning the limitations of fitting glasses for defective vision. As soon as their ambition for legal recognition is realized they at once become 'doctors' and 'specialists' on 'eyesight' without knowledge that would enable them to distinguish a defect in the visual apparatus from diseases of the body that manifest their presence through lowered vision."

Serious Diseases Result. "It is a common practice for optometrists to fit glasses for headaches and eye-strain and lowered vision from constitutional causes, thus permitting serious and fatal diseases to pass beyond control by the most competent physician. In short, they practice medicine and fit glasses as a remedy for disease."

The chiropractors will also be in Jefferson City with their bill to license them to do various surgical stunts on the feet under the guise of trimming corns. They, too, will want to climb and are long their chiropractical excursions may extend to the neck. If the brain were encased in muscular tissue instead of a bony structure, doubtless these Knights of the Corn might even invade the seat of reason on the theory that the brain controls the feet."

Called "Boleshevistic Habits." The mental therapists, the anti-vivisectionists and other Boleshevistic rabble will be on hand to obstruct progressive legislation for the conservation of the health of the people, if not to obtain special privileges for their own creeds.

"The amazing triumphs of the medical department of our army in the war with Germany in fighting down the death rate from disease and injuries surprise anything of a similar nature in the history of the world."

Then Friday Bargain. Assorted, Choc. Butter Taffee and Molasses Chips, 35c lb.—Adv.

KIDNAPING OF GIRL REPORTED

Woman Says She Saw Two Men Jump From Automobile

The kidnapping of a young woman on Seventeenth street, near Cass avenue was reported to the police today by Miss Honora O'Gorman, who lives at the Garni Hotel, Jefferson avenue and Olive street. She said she was on her way to work when she saw two men jump out of an automobile and put her in the machine. One of the men remained in the automobile and the other ran away. A maroon cloak button was picked up near the scene told by Miss O'Gorman. Automobile kidnappings frequently are the preliminary to weddings in the Italian colony.

All of the Vital Happenings of the Year!

Including every feature of the War, Politics, Science, Religion, Education, Sports, Discovery, Business, Industry, Prohibition will be found in America's greatest year book, 199 pages. THE WORLD and POST-DISPATCH ALMANAC for 1919. Now on sale at the Post-Dispatch office—all Bookstores, Newsstands and Newsboys—Price 40c by mail 50c.

METROPOLITAN INVITES WOOD TO BE CONTRIBUTING EDITOR

Special to the Post-Dispatch.
NEW YORK, Feb. 6.—Major-General Leonard Wood, commander of the

BREAK A CHILD'S COLD WITH DOSE OF SYRUP OF FIGS

Look, mother! Is tongue coated, breath feverish and stomach sour?

Cleanse the little liver and bowels and they get well quickly.

When your child suffers from a cold don't wait; give the little stomach, liver and bowels a gentle, thorough cleansing at once. When cross, peevish, listless, pale, doesn't sleep, eat or act naturally; if breath is bad, stomach sour, give a teaspoonful of "California Syrup of Figs," and in a few hours all the clogged-up waste, bile and undigested food will disappear and you have a well, playful child again.

If your child coughs, snuffles and has caught cold or is feverish or has a sore throat give a good dose of "California Syrup of Figs" to cleanse the bowels, no difference what other treatment is given.

Sick children needn't be coaxed to take this harmless "fruit laxative." Millions of mothers keep it handy because they know its action on the stomach, liver and bowels is prompt and sure. They also know a little given today saves a sick child tomorrow.

Ask your druggist for a bottle of "California Syrup of Figs," which contains directions for babies, children of all ages and for grownups plainly on the bottle. Beware of counterfeiters sold here. Get the genuine made by "California Fig Syrup Company"—ADV.

the Central Department of the Army, has been offered by the Metropolitan Magazine the place of contributing editor held by Theodore Roosevelt at the time of his death.

Henry J. Whigham, editor and publisher of the Metropolitan, said: "I prefer to talk only in a general way concerning the offer of the Metropolitan Magazine to Gen. Wood. 'We have received no reply from him as yet and until we do I do not think it would be fair, in his position, for us to discuss the details of the proposition.'"

Asked if he had any intimation that Gen. Wood contemplates retiring from service, Whigham said: "Gen. Wood, so far as I know, has six years yet to serve. If he intends to leave the service I have not heard of his intention. Personally I should say I do not think he has the slightest idea of quitting."

"In his accepting the offer to act as contributing editor to be contingent upon the sanction of the Secretary of War."

"That's problematical," said Whigham. "It narrows the matter down to a discussion of details and as I said, under the circumstances, I do not feel free to say any more than I have already done. I wish again to emphasize the fact that negotiations between Gen. Wood and the Metropolitan Magazine are quite indefinite as yet. Nothing has been settled. It is quite important to lay stress on that fact."

U. S. JOB WANTS 1000 LABORERS

Persons Employed at 35 to 45 Cents an Hour, and Get Free Barracks.

The Civil Service Commission has telegraphed its district secretary in the old custom house in this city today to hire and ship 1000 unskilled laborers to Camp Knox, Ky., this week, and to complete the shipment not later than Sunday. Persons employed are given free transportation and free barracks, with beds and bedding, and meals at actual cost, and are paid from 35 to 45 cents an hour for a 48-hour week.

This employment offers an opportunity to recently discharged soldiers, sailors and marines, and to other men who are out of employment.

Women's Spats

PERFECT fitting Spats—made of finest materials—in light and dark gray, brown and fieldmouse—\$3.00 and \$3.50 qualities..... \$1.95

SHOEMART
507 Washington Ave.

Women's Spats

SPECIAL lot of women's Spats in brown, gray and fieldmouse—made with new buckle under shank—value of shoe—values up to \$2.50.... \$1.35

Special Purchase and Sale of New Spring Footwear

As a result of the unsettled condition prevailing in the leading markets, you are now offered one of the most unusual opportunities you have seen in years. A sale of over 5000 pairs of new Spring footwear—the prettiest styles and finest qualities—secured by us from the best Eastern makers at a decided concession—and offered at prices that assure an extraordinary saving. The smartness of the styles and the attractive values can only be appreciated by SEEING them for yourself. Be here tomorrow.

Remarkable Offering of

Pumps, Oxfords and Boots

Worth Regularly Up to \$7.00

\$4.75

Tans! Grays! Browns! Patents! Black!

YOU'LL be amazed when you see the values we offer at this price. No factory rejects, no old styles. Every pair new, high class and desirable. Oxfords and Pumps in tan calf, patent leathers and black kid—newest designs—with high covered Louis heels and turn soles. Boots in light and dark gray and brown kid with cloth tops to match. Also a line of high-class all kid Boots. High or low heels.

Pumps, Oxfords, Colonial, Boots

That Later Will Sell Up to \$9.00, **\$6.75**

ALL of these are new Spring styles—artistically designed and showing the very highest standard of workmanship and finish.

Pumps, Oxfords, Colonial, Boots

That Later Will Sell Up to \$12.00, **\$8.75**

VERY finest Eastern productions—styles that will be in high favor in the leading fashion centers—quality footwear at a remarkable saving.

Bargain Room

WOMEN'S Boots, Pumps and satin Evening Slippers—mostly small sizes—broken lots—while they last—choice at..... **\$1.00**

Over 2000 Pairs

OF Women's Shoes—selections from our Main Floor lines—black and nobilities—in the Bargain Room at..... **\$2.95**

Starck's

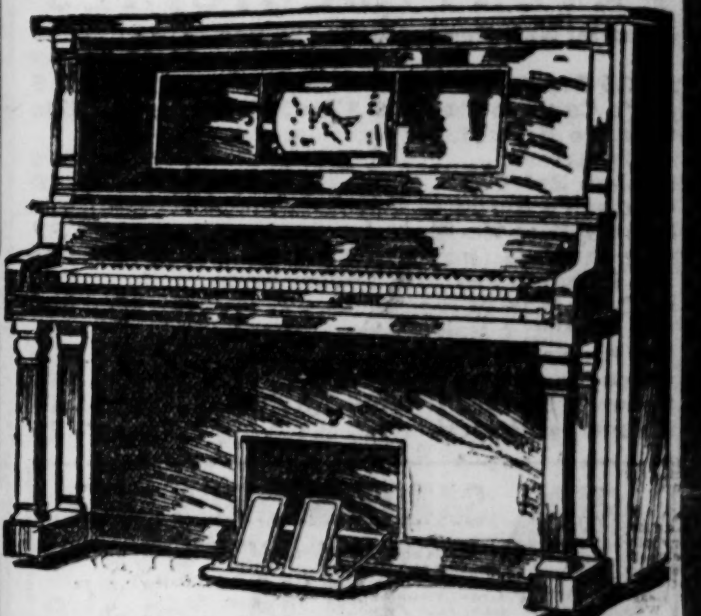
February Clearing Sale

of New and Used Upright, Grand and Player-Pianos

We have to make room for the Contractors and Decorators who are going to make extensive alterations in our store—and must reduce the stock on the floors to make room for them. The time is getting short—we don't want to store them, so have decided to cut the prices to the quick, and you are the gainer. As a special inducement for you to BUY NOW we are offering

An Extra Discount of 25%

An early call insures a better selection.



LISTEN We have a TREMENDOUS STOCK of NEW and USED PIANOS that have ACCUMULATED the LAST SIX MONTHS. SOME of these PIANOS have been TAKEN IN EXCHANGE FOR PLAYERS, others have been rented, others DAMAGED BY HAILING. We must make room for the contractors and decorators to do their work, so we have cut the prices to smithereens on such well-known makes as the LAFARGUE, VOSE & SONS, KIMBALL, J. & C. FISCHER and STENWAY and MANY OTHERS TOO NUMEROUS TO MENTION. DON'T DELAY—COME IN TOMORROW.

We Know Positively These Prices Cannot be Duplicated Anywhere in the United States.

Used Upright Pianos

Vose & Sons... \$135
Kimball... 95
J. & C. Fischer... 125
Schuler... 165
Story & Kamp... 85
Laffargue... 225

Player-Pianos

\$1000 Sample... \$685
\$850 Sample... 615
Used \$750
Player... 590
Used Player... 465
Used Player... 365
Used Player... 315
Used Player... 275

and These Grand Pianos

One Slightly Used... \$465 | One Slightly Used... \$425 | \$1200 Sample Grand... \$455

These are only a few, call or write for complete list. Terms on used instruments as low as \$5.00 per month.

Terms on New Pianos as Low as \$6 Per Month

New Starck Upright Pianos, \$400 to \$850

New Starck Player-Pianos, \$850 to \$1200

FREE A New Piano in Your Home for 30 Days' Free Trial

By having a Piano in your home for 30 days you can have a piano expert or music teacher thoroughly test the piano, and if not absolutely as represented you can return it to us without one cent of expense to you. If satisfactory, you can start to make payments as low as \$1.00 per week or \$5.00 per month on Used Pianos, or \$5.00 per month upon Used Player-Pianos.

Free Delivery

No Extra Interest

P. A. Starck Piano Co.

Manufacturers of Starck Upright, Grand and Player-Pianos.

1102 OLIVE STREET

ST. LOUIS

100% MORE

The sales of the POST-DISPATCH in St. Louis every day are 100% greater than the Globe-Democrat's.

Major of Marines to Be Buried.
The funeral of Maj. Otto Becker, of the Marine Corps, who died of pneumonia at Santiago, Dominican Republic, Jan. 9, will be held tomorrow afternoon, the body having arrived here yesterday. Maj. Becker

was a son of Lieutenant Colonel Otto Becker, retired, of 3835 Cleveland avenue. Prior to being transferred to Santiago, he was in charge of the Marine recruiting station in St. Louis. Burial will be with military honors at Bellefontaine Cemetery.

D. C. BIGGS SUCCEEDS WELLS

Is Elected Governor of Eighth Federal Reserve District.
David C. Biggs, 5730 Waterman avenue, treasurer of the International Shoe Co. since 1909, yesterday was elected governor of the Eighth Federal Reserve District, succeeding Rella Wells. His election was unanimous by the Board of Directors. The salary has not been announced. Wells was paid \$20,000 a year. Biggs will take his new post in about two weeks.

At Easy Bee Candy Shops Friday.
Fine Assorted Chocolates, including Milk & Fruit Melba Chocolates, 56c lb. —ADV.

CITY TO OPEN CAR LINE ON FREE BRIDGE ABOUT MARCH 1

Decision to Carry Out Original Plan Follows Withdrawal of Proposal for Extension of Line.

The city has decided, as originally planned, to operate the passenger car line over the Free Bridge, beginning about March 1, since A. D. Bowen, president of the Bowen Motor Car Co., yesterday withdrew his offer to operate the system under a license from the city.

Director of Public Utilities Hooke said the city would proceed with its plan at once and proceed only the two cars purchased for the purpose, which are on the way to St. Louis, to start the line. The fare will be 5 cents.

The city will run cars from Seventh and Gratiot streets to the east end of the bridge only. Bowen was to have extended the line over the Southern Traction Co.'s tracks to Fourth and Broadway. East St. Louis, a mile farther. He said yesterday he had an agreement with the receiver of the traction company to use that company's tracks, but as the traction company is about to be taken out of the hands of the receiver, he is uncertain as to the effect this action would have on his agreement. For this reason, he said, he did not care to risk a contract with this city that might be interfered with by the traction company.

Director Hooke stated that the cost of operating the system would be approximately \$960 a month, half of which would be for power.

EDWARD DEVOY SAYS ST. LOUIS HAS EVERYTHING TOO EASY

With the Same Obstacles as Other Cities It Would Be Much Greater, He Declares.

What ails St. Louis, in the opinion of Edward Devoy, president of the Coal Service Bureau, is too much cheapness. Speaking last night at the fifth annual banquet of the St. Louis Coal Club at the American Annex, he said:

"The trouble with St. Louis, from the coal point of view, is that we are a too cheap people. We proclaim to the world our natural advantages, cheap transportation, cheap coal, cheap products of the manufacturer, cheap, cheap, cheap. If we had had the same obstacles as other cities to overcome, we would have been better off, and would have had a population second only to New York and Philadelphia."

"Coal is so cheap in St. Louis that it is never considered in manufacturing cost. But when we sell cheap, with no margin of profit, we have nothing left to invest. No city will prosper as it should until the people, by investing themselves, attract capital from other parts of the country."

James C. Jones, president of the Missouri Bar Association, spoke in "The Fork in the Road," and argued against continuance of Government control of utilities. Women were guests for the first time in the history of the club. H. B. West presided. There was a musical program and community singing.

ST. LOUIS BREWING ASSOCIATION STOCK OWNED BY ENGLISH FIRM

\$9,000,000 Worth, a Majority, Bought Years Ago by Syndicate With \$51,000,000 Stock in U. S. Breweries.

In connection with the closing of breweries, it has become known that a majority of the stock of the St. Louis Brewing Association, which operated the City, Green Tree, Grone, Hyde Park, Lafayette, Klausmann, Wainwright and Heim breweries, is owned in England by a company which holds \$54,000,000 of common stock in United States breweries. The amount of St. Louis Brewing Association stock owned there is \$9,000,000.

A number of years ago the English syndicate bought up a majority of both preferred and common stock of the association, and issued a corresponding number of shares of the English stock, some of which were sold here, although a controlling interest in both companies remained in England.

The St. Louis Brewing Association has continued as the operating company, the English interest being wholly financial.

FREDERICK G. BLANKE DIES WHEN NEARING CENTURY MARK

He Was 97. Came to St. Louis From Prussia in 1845. Had Remained in Illinois for 30 Years.

Frederick G. Blanke, 97 years old, one of the oldest residents of St. Louis, died this morning of old age at his home, 3109 Eads avenue. He was the father of C. F. Blanke, president of the C. F. Blanke Tea and Coffee Co.; Albert G., real estate dealer, 3241 Copeland avenue; Frederick, 3109 Eads; Richard H., 6250 Waterman, and Mrs. Charles Spies and Mrs. Harry Hafferkamp of 2918 Allen avenue. He is also survived by his wife, Caroline, who is 76 years old.

He was born in Prussia, and came to St. Louis in 1845. He removed to Marine, Ill., in 1862, where he conducted a mercantile establishment for 30 years, moving back to St. Louis upon his retirement in 1892. The funeral will be Saturday morning, burial in Bellefontaine Cemetery.

ST. LOUIS SLATED FOR A BIG DEVELOPMENT IN HOUSING—Mr. Real Estate Man: Read the C. of C. Annual Review—and then market your ground or building through the Real Estate columns of the P-D.

Charged With Stealing \$171,000. By the Associated Press.
BOSTON, Feb. 6.—Luther R. Hanson, assistant treasurer of the Market Trust Co., of the Brighton district, was arrested late yesterday on a charge of larceny of \$171,000 from the institution. Police officials said he had confessed that he had taken money from the bank for use in speculation.

The Washer You Can Rely On
We Repair Machines and Wringers
STEINMEYER
WASHING MACHINE CO.
Quality and Reliability. Electric and Waterpower.
1104 Pine Street

Specials for Friday
Sale Advance Spring Dresses
Special Assortment \$25 to \$35 "Samples"
on Sale Tomorrow at

\$15⁷⁵

Only one and two of a kind—not in all sizes—but something exceptional in every size—positively the greatest dress opportunity you may ever expect this season. Smart new models, new colors, new materials—many of the gowns worth more than values above assured you.

Materials—
Silk Treco Serges
Georgettes
Silks Combinations
Silk Taffetas

Colors—
Navy Blue Black
Copenhagen
Tans Taupes
Dove Gray

See these lovely and altogether desirable new beauties unrivaled even at \$25 and \$35 and higher, for brilliancy and diversity of charming, wearable styles—in really excellent qualities, and of superb make!

No Charge for Alterations
At the New Bedell Fashion Shop
Washington Ave. at 7th Street



HOTEL COMMODORE NEW YORK
Joining Grand Central Terminal
PERSHING SQUARE
Is Now Open

Throws wide its hospitable doors and bids the world welcome.
With all its magnitude—its luxurious Aladdin appointments and appliances for the comfort and convenience of many people, the COMMODORE'S fame will be built on the perfect service of the individual guest in New York.
BOWMAN HOTEL CORPORATION
GEO. W. SWEENEY
JOHN McE. BOWMAN
President Vice-President and General Manager

2000 ROOMS
2000 BATHS

HERMATONE
The Hermatone Co. 401 Pine St.
Call for FREE demonstration.
The Hermatone Co. 401 Pine St.
Call for FREE demonstration.
The Hermatone Co. 401 Pine St.
Call for FREE demonstration.

Steinberg's
OLIVE AT TENTH
Friday Only!
All Furs
at **1/2** Price

An unprecedented offer for the one day—involving, without reservation, our entire stock of fashionable

Fur Coats Fur Capes Fur Stoles
Fur Sets Fur Scarfs Fur Muffs
of Hudson seal, fox, leopard, lynx, mink, nutria, Scotch mole, squirrel, etc.

\$600.00 Fur Coat Now	\$300.00	\$875.00 Fur Cape Now	\$437.50
\$550.00 Fur Coat Now	\$275.00	\$750.00 Fur Cape Now	\$375.00
\$325.00 Fur Coat Now	\$162.50	\$675.00 Fur Cape Now	\$337.50
\$250.00 Fur Coat Now	\$125.00	\$300.00 Fur Cape Now	\$150.00
\$187.50 Fur Coat Now	\$ 93.75	\$275.00 Fur Cape Now	\$137.50
\$450.00 Fur Sets Now	\$225.00	\$225.00 Fur Scarfs Now	\$112.50
\$300.00 Fur Sets Now	\$150.00	\$195.00 Fur Scarfs Now	\$ 97.50
\$195.00 Fur Sets Now	\$ 97.50	\$150.00 Fur Scarfs Now	\$ 75.00
\$150.00 Fur Sets Now	\$ 75.00	\$ 75.00 Fur Scarfs Now	\$ 37.50
\$ 65.00 Fur Sets Now	\$ 32.50	\$ 37.50 Fur Scarfs Now	\$ 18.75



Are Your Glasses Time-Wasters?
Yes, they are—if you wear them for reading only and have to remove them when you look at distant objects.

You can free yourself from all that trouble by wearing

Aloe's Kryptok Bifocals
Trust your eyes to our care and secure maximum satisfaction.

Aloe's
TWO STORES:
Downtown
513 Olive Street
Just East of Sixth
Union
539 North Grand Avenue
Grand and Washington

N-TABS
Gives Prompt Relief From HEADACHES
Slightly Laxative 10c
Sold by YOUR Druggist.

TELLS A SECRET

Manufacturer of Famous Medicine Tells Ingredients, So Public Can Appreciate Pure, Reliable Medicine.

Many people fear to take medicine to check and abort colds, cure coughs, catarrh, etc. This fear is groundless with all the products of The Blackbarn Products Co., Dayton, Ohio. Not one contains opiates, narcotics or harmful drugs. Mentho-Laxene, for coughs, colds, catarrh and all distress following a cold, is a compound of Wild cherry, Tolu, Castoreum, Grindelia, Menthol, Ammonium Chloride, and alcohol sufficient to preserve and keep in solution.

Every ingredient is in concentrated form and the medicine is so strong that only ten-drop doses are to be taken in the "raw" state. But the ideal way is to make into syrup by emptying a 25-oz. bottle of Mentho-Laxene into a pint bottle and then fill the bottle with granulated sugar syrup, made by dissolving a pint of sugar in a half pint of boiling water. It is said by thousands that this makes a most effective home treatment for all cold troubles. The manufacturer guarantees it to please or money back. Sold by all good drug-gists.—ADV.

WEAKNESS RELIEVED BY "BALMWORK"

Many men and women gain no strength. The least exertion tires them. Dull aches, pains like rheumatism, depression, or "blues" come easily. Ambition and energy are always at low ebb. What is the cause? The cause may vary but if the Kidneys and Bladder are not doing their work perfectly you can make a bet—that's where the trouble lies. This lady suffered 12 years. Mrs. E. Klipp, 644 W. 12th St., Oak Park, Ill., writes: "Your Balmwork Kidney Tablets certainly have done wonders for me. I have been ailing for 12 years with Kidney and Bladder weakness, but like a NEW WOMAN NOW." All druggists sell them.—ADVERTISEMENT.

Use Black Silk Stove Polish
"A Shine in Every Drop"
You can today get the best hardware or grocery dealer.

The next time you buy calomel ask for

Calotabs

The purified calomel tablets that are entirely free of all sickening and sedative effects. Medicinal virtues vastly improved. Guaranteed by your druggist. Sold only in sealed packages. Price 35c.—ADV.

Purifies
Highly antiseptic. Used as a curative agent for all external skin troubles. Conceals permanent blemishes and reduces unnatural color. Ideal for correcting greasy skins.
Gouraud's Oriental Cream
Send the for Trial Size
FERD. T. HOPKINS & SON, New York

SAVE MONEY ON DOCTOR BILLS
NOW IS THE TIME TO SAVE

Keep yourself healthy by avoiding Constipation. Schoenfeld Kidney and Liver Tea is an old time, well known family medicine that has saved thousands in doctor bills, should be in every home. Don't neglect your stomach, liver or bowels. Get a package from the nearest Drug Store today. —ADV.

LIGHTEN YOUR DARK SKIN—NOW



Have Soft, Fair, Clear, Bright Skin
Use Black and White—Sent by Mail 25c.—Removes Freckles, Tan—Agents Make an Easy Living.
If your skin is dark, blotchy, sallow or freckled, has rashes, bumps, or pimples, then apply Black and White Ointment as directed on label. It is very pleasant to the skin and has the effect of bleaching or lightening up your dark, sallow or blotchy skin, healing all rashes, bumps, pimples, blackheads, and removing wrinkles or freckles—giving you a clear, soft, bright, light, fascinating complexion, with a healthy, beautiful skin. Two sizes, 25c and 50c (large size contains 3 times the smaller size), sent by mail.

FREE
If you send \$1.00 for four boxes of Black and White Ointment, a 25c cake of Black and White Soap is included free. Agents make an easy living representing us. Address: Plough Chemical Co., Memphis, Tenn. Black and White Ointment sold everywhere.—ADV.

GET SLOAN'S FOR YOUR PAIN RELIEF

You don't have to rub it in to get quick, comforting relief.

Once you've tried it on that stiff joint, sore muscle, belated pain, rheumatic twinges, lame back, you'll find a warm, soothing relief you never thought a liniment could produce. Won't stain the skin, leaves no marks, wastes no time in applying, sure to give quick results. A large bottle means economy. Your own or any other druggist has it. Get it to day. 50c, 60c, \$1.20.

Sloan's Liniment Kills Pain
LET'S ALL KEEP INDUSTRY HUMMING—by working in co-operation. Post-Dispatch
Want Ads will bring companies and employees together.

METHODISTS FROM 3 STATES MEET HERE

Represent St. Louis Area in Preparations of Church to Raise \$80,000,000 in United States.

Nearly 1900 ministers and laymen of the Methodist Episcopal Church were registered today at Union church, 3510 Delmar boulevard, for the first day's session of the World's Program Conference for the St. Louis area of the church, which embraces Missouri, Southern Illinois and Arkansas, seven conference districts in all.

THIN PEOPLE SHOULD TAKE PHOSPHATE

Nothing Like Plain Nitro-Phosphate to Put on Your Health and Increase Strength, Vigor and Nerve Force.

Judging from the countless prescriptions and treatments which are continually being advertised for the purpose of making thin people fleshy, developing arms, neck and bust, and repairing sagging shoulders and angles in the soft curved lines of health and beauty, there are evidently thousands of men and women who keenly feel their excessive thinness.

Thinness and weakness are usually due to lack of phosphorus. Our bodies need more phosphorus than is contained in modern foods. Physicians claim there is nothing that will supply this deficiency as well as the organic phosphate known among druggists as nitro-phosphate, which is inexpensive, and is sold by Judge & Doherty, Endeavor Drug Store, Johnson Bros. Drug Co., Wolf-Wilson Drug Co. and most all druggists under a guarantee of satisfaction or money back.

By feeding the nerves directly and by supplying the body cells with the necessary phosphorus food elements, nitro-phosphate quickly produces a remarkable transformation in the appearance, the increase in weight, the bloom of perfect health.

This increase in weight also carries with it a general improvement in the health. Nervousness, indigestion, lack of energy, which nearly always accompany excessive thinness, soon disappear. The eyes become bright, and the cheeks glow with the bloom of perfect health.

ATTENTION! Although nitro-phosphate is unexcelled for restoring nervousness, thinness and weakness, it should not be used solely for the purpose of gaining weight, unless one who does not desire to put on flesh.

**IF-IT COMES FROM
MOLL'S
IT'S THE BEST**

Prices Cut for Friday, Saturday and Monday
Member U. S. Food Administration, License No. G-22685.

Last and Final Reminder of this great Stock-Reducing Sale. 25% to 35% saved on all goods bought now.

While they last, one can Sweetheart Talcum Powder FREE with each purchase of \$1.00, not including butter, sugar and eggs.

Granulated Sugar, pure cane, 10 lbs. . . . 98c

HAMS California Ham, sugar cured, hickory smoked, selected from the choicest of meat; 30c value; special, per lb. . . 27c

COFFEY Special, per pound, . . . 32c; 3 lbs. 95c

SOAP PEAS CORN Tomatoes
G. R. A. D. M. S. No. 2 cans Moll's White Laundry Soap, special, per lb. . . 24c
No. 2 cans Moll's White Laundry Soap, special, per lb. . . 24c
No. 2 cans Moll's White Laundry Soap, special, per lb. . . 24c

BACON Sugar cured; 6 to 8 average; smoked in the fragrant fumes of hickory wood; the flavor is mellowness and enriched, not biting.

WILSON MILK, tall cans, special, 2 for 27c

Salt Spaghetti, per lb. . . 15c
Yellow Spaghetti, 2 lbs. . . 25c
Zatek Cocoa, 1/2 lb. cans . . 20c
No. 2 cans Holly Pure Apple Butter . . . 17c
Allison Brand Tomato Catsup . . 15c
11-oz. bottles . . . 15c
No. 2 cans Delmar Club String Beans, special, . . . 35c
2 cans . . . 35c
Fancy Brick Chicken, per lb. . . 12c
Fancy Fat Smoked Bismarck, special, 2 for . . . 15c
Parker's Black Shoe Paste . . 5c
Bulk Buckwheat Flour, 48c
3 pounds . . . 35c
Crown Cellophane, 60 ft., 75 ft., 40c
100 ft. . . 45c
15-oz. pkgs Delmar Club Seeded Raisins . . . 15c
Ivory Soap Flakes, per pkg. . . 10c
Sweet California Prunes, 3 pounds for . . . 25c
No. 4 size Snow Bird Washing Powder, 2 packages . . 28c
Dry Pinto Beans for making chile con carne, 3 lbs. . . 25c
Sweet Oyster Crackers, per pound . . . 19c
Confectioner's Bitter Chocolate, per pound . . . 30c
1-gal. cans Delmar Club Blended Maple Syrup . . . 90c
Fancy Layer Eggs, per lb. . . 17c
Half-pint Canned Pines, 6 doz. . . 25c
Shells' Long Thread Cocoa nut, per lb. . . 35c
Inspection Jelly, per glass . . 10c
Quaker Scotch Ham or Quaker Parms, 15c packages . . 25c
Golden's Prepared Mustard, 2 jars . . . 25c
Indian Brand Sliced Beef, per glass . . . 10c

No. 1 tall cans Canal Salmon, 2 for . . . 35c
1 lb. cans Shepherd's Baking Powder . . 19c

CUPLE WHO HAD MARRIAGE KNOT TIED 3 TIMES DIVORCED

Wife Married by Justice, Minister and Priest Gets Decree and \$2950 Alimony.

A divorce was granted to Mrs. Veronica Marie Brande of 1843 Victor street, from Theodore C. Brande, who is in the automobile business in New York, in Judge Kimmel's Court today. Alimony of \$2950 to be paid in installments, was also granted to Mrs. Brande.

The Brandes went through three marriage ceremonies, first by a Justice of the Peace, May 15, 1916, at Wellesville, Mo., and later by a Lutheran minister and a Catholic priest, at the request of their parents, according to Mrs. Brande's petition.

They separated Dec. 2, 1918. On the occasion Mrs. Brande alleges the swooned when her husband informed her he was leaving her, and fell and struck her head against a chair. She alleges he merely smiled, and exclaimed "canonage." She also alleges he was cold and indifferent, and on one occasion, in a South Side cafe, left her sitting alone while he danced with a cabaret singer.

Brande, who did not contest the suit, was represented by counsel.

Year-End Bonuses in Japan.

TOKYO, Feb. 6.—Year-end bonuses to employees are the rule in commercial and industrial Japan. The leading banks gave for the year 1918 the equivalent of from five to eight months' salary. The Japan Steamship Company, from 10 to 20 months, and even 30 months' pay for exceptional ability.

Bishop Quayle's Address.

Bishop Quayle, speaking at the opening meeting, said Bolshevism was an immediate danger, which should be met immediately. He said the morale of soldiers in this country "went to nothing" after the armistice, and that the influence of religion was imperatively required at present. "These are great months," he said, "January, with its prohibition victory, shook us like the shaking of the sea. This month will be a great one. August and September will be greater ones."

A meeting of the St. Louis German Conference of the Methodist Episcopal Church was held yesterday at Salem Church, Page and Pendleton avenues. The quota assigned this wing of the church is \$250,000, or an average of \$5.29 per member.

SPECIAL REGISTRATION WILL BE HELD HERE NEXT THURSDAY

For Those Who Have Moved or Who Have Recently Become Qualified to Vote.

A special registration will be held next Thursday for those voters who have moved since the last registration, or who have become qualified since then, or who have become qualified in any other way. Those who registered in 1916, and who have not moved, do not need to register again. The polls will be open from 8 a. m. to 10 p. m.

There are now 148,365 names on the books, and it is expected that about 10,000 will register Thursday, but the total probably will not be increased, as about that many names will be scratched off for various reasons. As is customary, a number of negro judges and clerks of election have been appointed in the sixteenth, seventeenth and twentieth wards, where many of the residents are negroes.

The primary, at which candidates will be chosen for President of the Board of Aldermen and 14 places in the Board of Aldermen from even-numbered wards, will be held March 7. The election will be April 1.

Republican Move to Organize House.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 6.—Republican members of the House in conference late yesterday took their first step toward organization of the House for the next Congress. After considerable discussion without dissent they decided to call all Republican members-elect into a conference "for organization purposes" in Washington on Feb. 27.

Wiley's Own Case is Cited in Menne-Dunn Suit.

Reference to Senatorship Appointment Used to Turn His Argument Against Him.

Republican politicians are recounting with glee how the tables recently were turned on Xenophon P. Wiley, Democrat, who served as United States Senator, by Gov. Gardner's appointment after Senator Stone's death and until Senator Spencer was elected to fill the vacancy.

Wiley was representing Henry C. Menne in a quo warranto proceeding in the State Supreme Court to oust John W. Dunn from the office of City Treasurer of St. Louis on the ground that when elected Dunn was a deputy in the office of the City Collector and therefore ineligible. Dunn resigned this deputyship before attempting to qualify as Treasurer.

Wells' Blogster Priest representing Dunn, contended that Dunn's resignation as deputy before taking office as Treasurer made him eligible. He cited the case of Sidney May, who was appointed City Collector before his term as an Election Commissioner expired, which was alleged, made him ineligible.

"And, while we are on this subject," Priest said, "I might call attention to the recent case of Mr. Wiley, himself, who represents the senatorship appointment. He was a member of the Board of Election Commissioners when Gov. Gardner appointed him to the United States Senate to fill the vacancy created by the death of

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SOLDIERS MAY WEAR UNIFORM ONLY WHILE HOMEWARD BOUND

New Order Says on Their Arrival Home They Must Don Clothing of a Civilian.

In a revised order of the Secretary of War, issued by Percy C. March, General, Chief of Staff, returned soldiers are permitted to wear their uniforms only while their trip home is being made. On their arrival home they must doff the uniform and put on a suit of civilian clothing, although they are to be permitted to keep the uniforms on occasions of ceremony after receiving their discharge.

An act now before Congress, if passed, will permit the enlisted men to keep the outfit in which they were discharged from the service. Men discharged from the navy, or from the army, are forbidden to wear uniforms in civilian occupation or after their release from active duty, but they may wear the uniform to their home.

BOLD MARKET STREET HOLDUP

Men Line Up Customers at 7:30 P. M. and Take Nearly \$1000.

Two men with revolvers compelled six men in Anson M. Senbury's saloon, 1430 Market street, to line up against a wall last night at 7:30 o'clock, while they took between \$80 and \$100 from the cash register. Twenty minutes later, Joseph Brown, 15 North Sarah street, was

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PARIS PLAN FOR A WILL BE FAILURE

Tells Convention at Neuchâtel, Executive Committee of League of Nations.

NEW YORK, Feb. 6.—The plan of mandating the League of Nations to enforce the League of Nations, which was proposed at the League of Nations conference at Neuchâtel, Switzerland, last night, is being rejected by the League of Nations.

Assessing that the League of Nations would be a failure, executive and judicial officials of the League of Nations, who should be a consideration. While we must plan of mandating the League of Nations to enforce the League of Nations, which was proposed at the League of Nations conference at Neuchâtel, Switzerland, last night, is being rejected by the League of Nations.

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AMERICAN GARMENT CO., 511 to 515 Washington Avenue

BIG SACRIFICE SALE OF S-H-O-E-S

FROM THE RECENT FLOOD AT UNION STATION



Our huge store was packed to its limit yesterday — the opening day sale of our 20,000 pair purchase of Shoes from the

American Express Co.

Everybody said it was the most wonderful Shoe sale ever held in St. Louis. The eager buyers cleaned out the many display racks, but we brought in reserve stocks from the factory, time and time again. We are ready for the money-saving multitude with a grand assortment in the SIX GREAT LOTS AT THE FOLLOWING SLAUGHTER PRICES.

511
513
515
Washington Av.
SALE NOW ON

Ladies' Coats, values up to \$20; just need pressing; at, while they last, . . . \$7.90

Ladies' Coats, values up to \$25; just need pressing; while they last, at . . . \$8.88

Ladies' Coats, values up to \$30; just need pressing; while they last, at . . . \$12.90

Ladies' Dresses, values up to \$15; just need pressing; while they last, at . . . \$5.90

Ladies' Dresses, values up to \$20.00; just need pressing; while they last, at . . . \$9.90

Ladies' Suits, values up to \$18.00; just need pressing; while they last, at . . . \$7.90

Ladies' Suits, values up to \$25.00; just need pressing; while they last, at . . . \$9.90

Men's Suits, values up to \$15.00; just need pressing; while they last, at . . . \$7.90

Men's Suits, values up to \$20.00; just need pressing; while they last, at . . . \$9.90

Men's Overcoats, values up to \$20.00; just need pressing; while they last, at . . . \$9.90

Men's Overcoats, values up to \$30.00; just need pressing; while they last, at . . . \$12.90

Men's Overcoats, values up to \$40.00; just need pressing; while they last, at . . . \$19.90

Ladies' High Shoes

21 eyelets, plain toes; also a lot in black, gray and brown kid; worth up to \$8.

98c

Mixed Assortment Ladies' Shoes

First come, first choice; kid kangaroo, calf and gunmetal; high or low heels; values up to \$8; sale price.

\$1.98

AMERICAN GARMENT CO. 511-513-515 WASHINGTON AV.

A TRIBUTE TO OUR BOYS

AT the time war was declared, The Missouri State Life Insurance Company, like

all other life Insurance Companies, in order to protect its policyholders, limited its liability on new policies issued to men in Naval Service and men in overseas Military Service unless an extra premium was paid.

Having determined that it would not prejudice the interest of its other policyholders

And as an additional service to the boys who made the supreme sacrifice, the company will immediately pay in full all claims incurred on men in such service where the regular premium has been paid. (Even though the extra premium has not been paid.)

Also

The Company will refund all extra premiums paid by men engaged in Military or Naval Service.

Missouri State Life Insurance Company

ST. LOUIS

J. S. Kendall President

Directors

DAVID C. BIGGS, Treasurer International Shoe Co., St. Louis.

HERMAN BROCKMAN, Comptroller.

W. FRANK CARTER, St. Louis, Carter, Collins & Jones, Attorneys.

HENRY DEISEL, SR., Lima, Ohio, President, Deisel-Wemmer Co.

THEOBALD FELSS, Cincinnati, Ohio, President Fells Flour Milling Co.

ROBERT MCKITTRICK JONES, St. Louis, President Robert McKittrick Jones & Co.

GEORGE GRAHAM, Vice President and Actuary.

J. S. KENDALL, President.

T. F. LAWRENCE, Vice President.

C. W. MANSUR, St. Louis, Vice President John Deere Plow Co.

WALTER S. McLUCAS, Kansas City, President Commerce Trust Co.

P. J. SHOUVLIN, Springfield, Ohio, President The Superior Gas Engine Co.

M. E. SINGLETON, St. Louis.

GENERAL COUNSEL

JOURDAN, RASSIEUR & PIERCE, Attorneys.

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Lace & Embdy. Remnants

Lace, embroidery and net, in short lengths ranging from 1/2 to 3 yards; edges, insertions, bands, etc. **10c to \$1.95**
Main Floor

FAMOUS-BARR CO.

We Give Eagle Stamps and Redeem Full Books for \$2 in Cash or \$2.50 in Merchandise—Few Restricted Articles Excepted.

Largest Distributors of Merchandise at Retail in Missouri or the West.

Men's to \$2 Underwear

All-wool and wool-mixed Shirts and Drawers, in light, medium or heavy Winter weight—special at **88c**
Main Floor



Friday, in Our Aggressive February Campaign—The Annual Sale of Boys' Sample Wash Suits

Kinds Made to Retail at \$3.00, \$3.50, \$3.95 and \$4.50 Offered at

Like all of the other inimitable February features, the Boys' Wash Suit Sale is a value-giving event without a peer. Mothers can come to this sale ready to provide the entire Spring and Summer requirements for the little fellows. Because of the unusual response that invariably attends this event, no mail or phone orders will accepted.

\$2¹⁰

1180 Suits are included in this event, representing the sample line of a well-known manufacturer. They are splendidly made of such materials as galatea, linene, poplin, crash, crepe, reps and kindergarten cloth in sizes from 2 to 8 years and in scores of styles, eight of which are illustrated, including

Middy, Junior Norfolk, Oliver Twist, Tommy Tucker and Military Models
Second Floor

The February Sales

Are conducted for the specific purpose of demonstrating our value giving supremacy. Take advantage of the unusual money-saving opportunities presented every day. The special tickets point the way.

Bungalow Aprons

Of figured and striped percales, in medium and dark shades; open front and back styles; special **75c**
Third Floor

50c Standard Books

Books for grown-ups and boys and girls; handsomely bound; over 3000 volumes, representing 250 titles; each **15c**
Main Floor—Main 10

\$10.50 Suitcases

Well made of good quality leather, with straps around. Come in 24 or 26 inch size for **\$8.75**
Fifth Floor

\$1.75 French Serge

All-wool navy blue serge, 40 in. wide; an unusual group in the February Sale at **\$1.39**
Main Floor

Men's \$3 Fur Caps

French coney, Detroit style Fur Caps; splendid for motor-ing, skating and out-door sports **\$1.95**
Second Floor

\$25 Dinner Sets

24 100-piece Sets, made of light-weight American porcelain; bread and butter plates included; at **\$15.95**
Fifth Floor

Men's Reefer Mufflers

Silk Mufflers in 50 attractive designs; silk fringed; cut long and wide; regular \$1.00 values; special **50c**
Main Floor

\$1.25 Table Damask

Full bleached, mercerized finish; 2 yards wide; of good, heavy quality; special, yard **97c**
Fifth Floor

\$2.50 Bedspreads

Hemmed Crochet Bedspreads; extra large size, 84x96 inch; special at **\$2.10**
Fifth Floor

\$3 Bird's-Eye Cloth

Practical 27-inch wide cloth; come in 10-yard bolts and limit of 2 bolts to a customer. Special, per bolt **\$2.45**
Third Floor

Infants' Silk Shirts

Vanta and Robin Shirts in pure silk, silk and wool and all wool; all sizes from 1 to 6 years; Friday special, at 20% discount. **Third Floor**

Women's Union Suits

Merino and wool mixed Suits; slightly soiled and discontinued numbers of high priced garments, broken sizes **\$1.77**
Main Floor

Home-made Nut Fudge

Filled with pecans, hazels and almonds. This delicious fudge specially priced for Friday at, pound **35c**
Main Floor

Men's 25c Hdks.

Good quality cambric hemstitched Handkerchiefs, with white and colored embroidered initials. **12 1/2c**
Main Floor—Main 4

Boys' School Blouses

Of fast color percales; good patterns; have attached collar; all sizes from 6 to 16 years; special at **79c**
Second Floor

\$1.15 Poplin Faille

Staple silk and linen poplin, in the wanted colors; 36 inches wide; a good wearing quality for dresses; yard **98c**
Main Floor

\$1.75 Black Taffeta

Rich black dress silk, highly finished; 36 inches wide; an exceptional quality; special, yard **\$1.45**
Main Floor

Girls' Tub Dresses

Extra Special Values

\$1.85 and \$2.65



The February sale brings these splendid values in School Dresses in several attractive new models. They are tastefully made of rich plaid ginghams, reps and solid color chambrays, trimmed in pretty contrasting colors or with self or white collars, cuffs and pockets. Sizes 7 to 14 years. **Third Floor**

New Spring Turbans

Featured **\$4.50**
Specially at

These dainty flower-trimmed Turbans in the new rough straws are offered in a good assortment of styles for tomorrow. Many of the flowers are beautifully handmade, of bright bits of silk, into lifelike naturalness. Some have crowns of Georgette which contrast attractively with the glossy braid. Choice of fashionable colors and black. **Third Floor**



Corsets

\$3.00 Values, at \$2.45

Handsome fancy striped White Silk Corsets, in waist line style, with deep elastic all around the top. Made without boning over the hips, which makes them very comfortable and permits the greatest freedom of motion. **Fifth Floor**

Sale of Clocks

\$1.50 Values, \$2.45 Special at

Good reliable eight-day Clocks, with cathedral going on hour and half hour strike—your choice of 20-inch Wall Clocks or hand-some Mantel Clocks, in mahogany finish. These splendid timepieces are offered Friday in the February sale at savings of almost half. **Main Floor**

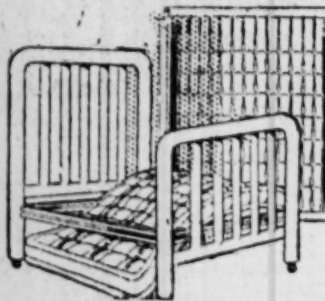


1/4 to 1/2 Off on Silk Kimonos

Beautiful garments of crepe de chine, messaline and taffeta and Georgette combinations, also taffeta house coats, corduroy robes, blanket robes, padded robes, Japanese cotton crepe kimonos and black satin bodor robes marked at 1/4, 1/2 and 1/3 off original prices. These represent slightly soiled garments and garments with slight imperfections in the weave. **Third Floor**

\$39 Bed Outfits

\$25



This is one of the big values of the February Furniture Sale. Outfits consist of steel bed of 2-inch continuous post construction with heavy filling rods. A 45-lb. layer cotton felt and cotton mattress and a heavy guaranteed sag-proof spring. Beds in full size only.

\$59.50 Buffets \$44.75

Colonial design Buffets, in quarter-sawn golden oak—have large French plate mirror back—top measures 34 inches.

\$15 Mattresses \$11.85

These Mattresses contain 45 pounds of layer felt and cotton and are made with full rolled edge. Come in all regular sizes. **Fourth Floor**

Lace Curtains

Values to **\$2.40**
\$3.50, for

A February sale special of just 485 pairs in desirable styles—such as Pilot Net, Nottinghams, Fine Volles and Marquisettes, in a variety of beautiful designs. Choice of white, cream or Arabian. A fortunate purchase enables us to offer these for the February sale at this low price. **Fourth Floor**

Soap Sale Extraordinary

Because of the decided price reductions which this sale offers Friday, it will be impossible to accept mail and phone orders.

Fairbank's Clairette Laundry Soap, 8 bars for 37c

Armour's Hammer Brand Laundry Soap, 10 bars for 40c

Fairbank's Sunny Monday Laundry Soap, 8 bars, 42c

Fairbank's Mascot Laundry Soap, 10 bars for 39c

Armour's White Flyer Laundry Soap, 8 bars for 45c

Star Laundry Soap, 8 bars for 50c

Armour's Extra Family Laundry Soap, 8 bars for 48c

Fairbank's Fairy Bath Soap, 8 bars for 45c

Armour's Light House Washing Powder, 5 for 28c

Fairbank's Gold Dust Washing Powder, 4 for 20c

Armour's Light House Cleanser, 4 for 17c
Basement Gallery

SUNNY MONDAY

Artificial Fern Dishes

at **69c**

Just 350 of these Fern Dishes; filled with artificial ferns and roses; fresh and bright as a breath of Spring; to decorate your table or buffet. **Main Floor**

Axminster Rugs

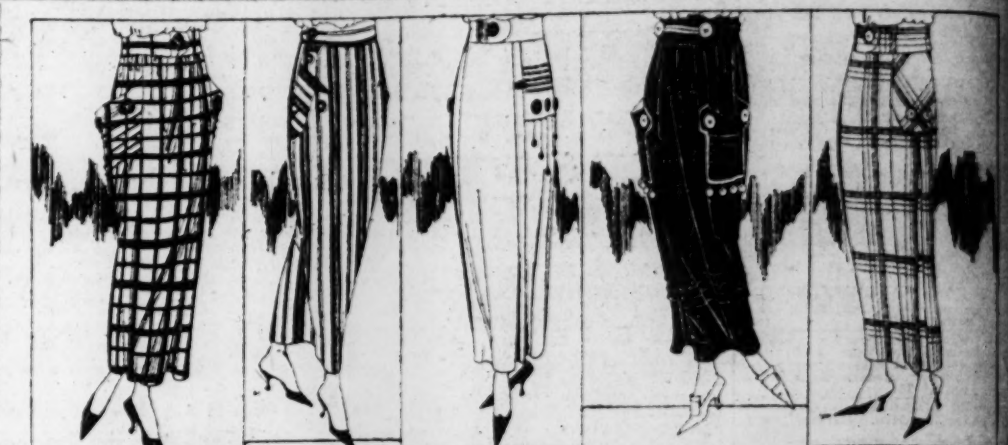
\$37.50

A February Sale special in rich-looking, deep pile Rugs, in Oriental, floral and conventional designs, attractive shades of green, tan, rose and blue. Size 9x12 feet. **Fourth Floor**

YOU MUST PAY THE TAX

Do you want to be taxed every time you buy an article of a little better quality than your Senators and Congressmen think you should have?

If you don't want to pay such taxes, sign a petition asking Congress not to pass these unnecessary and wrongly named "Luxury Tax" Petitions may be signed at this store at desks next to Stamp Booths on the Main Floor.



The February Sale Brings Much Under Actual Value

New Spring Skirts

A Special Purchase of 300 Advance Spring Garments

Every woman who sees these Skirts will quickly realize that Friday's price does not do them justice. We could easily mark these Skirts at prices ranging from \$7.50 to \$12.50, but because we secured them at an unusual price concession, we have decided to sell them all in one day at this great saving.

There are 300 in all, many of them samples, featuring the advance skirt fashions for Spring.

Plain tailored straight line models predominate, being narrow at the hem, made with odd pockets and novelty belt attachments. The materials embrace serge, poplin, wool plaids and stripes, also taffeta, faille and novelty silks. Mostly in blue and black. A good assortment of sizes for women and some for misses.

\$7.50

to

\$12.50

Kinds

\$4.88

Basement Economy Store

New Spring Dresses

Values to **\$9.35**
\$16.50, at



A February sale special which includes some of the smartest-looking dresses you ever saw for so little money. As a result of a special purchase we offer hundreds of charming Spring frocks in serge, taffeta and satin and combinations of Georgette and taffeta. The latest tunic and straight-line models are both represented in various modifications.

Silk Braid and Embroidery are used with good effect. Plenty of the favorite navy blue as well as popular Spring colors. **Basement Economy Store**

All Linen Crash

Friday at **25c**
Yard

Darnley's all-linen Crash, 17 inches wide, with red and blue borders. Very soft and absorbent.

72-In. Damask, Yd., 79c

Renfrew's mercerized Damask, in neat stripe and floral designs. Specially priced.

Huck Towels, 15c

Plain white, also with red borders—size 16x32 inches. A good, heavy quality; while they last.

Unbleached Muslin, 15c

Mill cuts, 2 to 19 yard lengths; 36 inches wide; suitable for soiled sheets.

Flannelette Gowns

Values Up to **\$1.00**

Scotch flannelette, in pink and blue, stripes or solid white. Long or 3/4 sleeves, in plain tailored or fancy styles. Limit of two to a customer.

98c Petticoats, 59c

Black Taffette Petticoats, with fitted waistband and plain tailored flounces. While a limited quantity of 148 last.

Men's Shirts

Up to **\$1.59c**
Kinds

Negligee style with French or stiff cuffs, some with collar attached. Are slightly soiled from handling; all sizes. **Basement Economy Store**

Ready-to-Wear Hats

Friday Special **\$2.89**

Smart Spring styles, made of the popular new rough braids combined with Luise straw and trimmed with gros-grain ribbon, ready to put on and wear. The shapes are nobly new close-fitting side rolls and sailors mostly. Colors are black, navy, taupe, brown and cherry. **Basement Economy Store**

Striped Habutai

\$1.25 Values, 79c
Yard

36-inches wide, in neat patterns, on white grounds, for waists and dresses.

75c Checked Serge, 65c

Wool-mixed black and white checked Serge, 4 1/2 in. wide, for skirts and dresses.

Boys' Suits & O'Coats

Up to **\$6.00**
Kinds, Fri., **\$3.95**

The Overcoats in a good assortment of patterns, made of good, warm materials. Sizes 4 to 9 years.

The Norfolk Suits at \$2.95

are made of good, strong fabric, in neat gray and brown mixtures. Splendid for school wear; sizes 8 to 17 years. **Basement Economy Store**

Felt Linoleum

75c Quality, 59c
Sq. Yd.

Neat, small all-over designs in three attractive patterns to choose from; 2 yards wide; slight second.

Linoleum Rugs, \$6.95

Size 6x9 ft., heavy burlap back, in rich colorings. Suitable for kitchen, halls and small rooms; 110 lb. quality.

Women's Shoes

Friday **\$2.95**

\$2.65 Lace Shoes, made of kid, with hand-turned cushion insoles, rubber heels. All sizes, 4 to 8. \$2.65 quality.

Girls' \$3.45 Shoes, \$2.45

Baby Doll style, made of patent leather in lace or button effects; sizes 2 1/2 to 7. **Basement Economy Store**

Underwear

Undershirts and Drawers, in 88c
Weight—special at.

TAX

To pay such taxes, sign a
check not to pass these un-
labeled "Luxury Taxes,"
issued at this store at desks
on the Main Floor.



Actual Value
Kirts
ing Garments

\$7.50

to

\$12.50

Kinds

\$4.88

Third Floor

Store

g Dresses

\$9.35

Special which includes
looking dresses you
money. As a result
offer hundreds of
dresses in serge, taffeta
ations of Georgette
tunic and straight-
presented in various

Embroidery
fect. Plenty of the
as well as popular

Basement Economy Store

ear Hats



Felt Linoleum
75c Quality,
Sq. Yd. 59c

Next, small all-over designs,
in three attractive patterns to
choose from: 2 yards wide;
slight seconds.

Linoleum Rugs, \$6.95
Size 6x9 ft.; heavy burlap
back, in rich colorings. Suit-
able for kitchens, halls and
small rooms; \$10.50 quality.
Basement Economy Store

Women's Shoes
Friday
Pair \$2.95

\$2.95 lace shoes, made of
violet kid with hand-turned
cushion insoles, rubber heels.
All sizes, 4 to 8. \$2.50 quality.

Girls' \$3.45 Shoes, \$2.45

Baby Doll style, made of
patent leather in lace or but-
ton effects; sizes 2 1/2 to 5.
Basement Economy Store

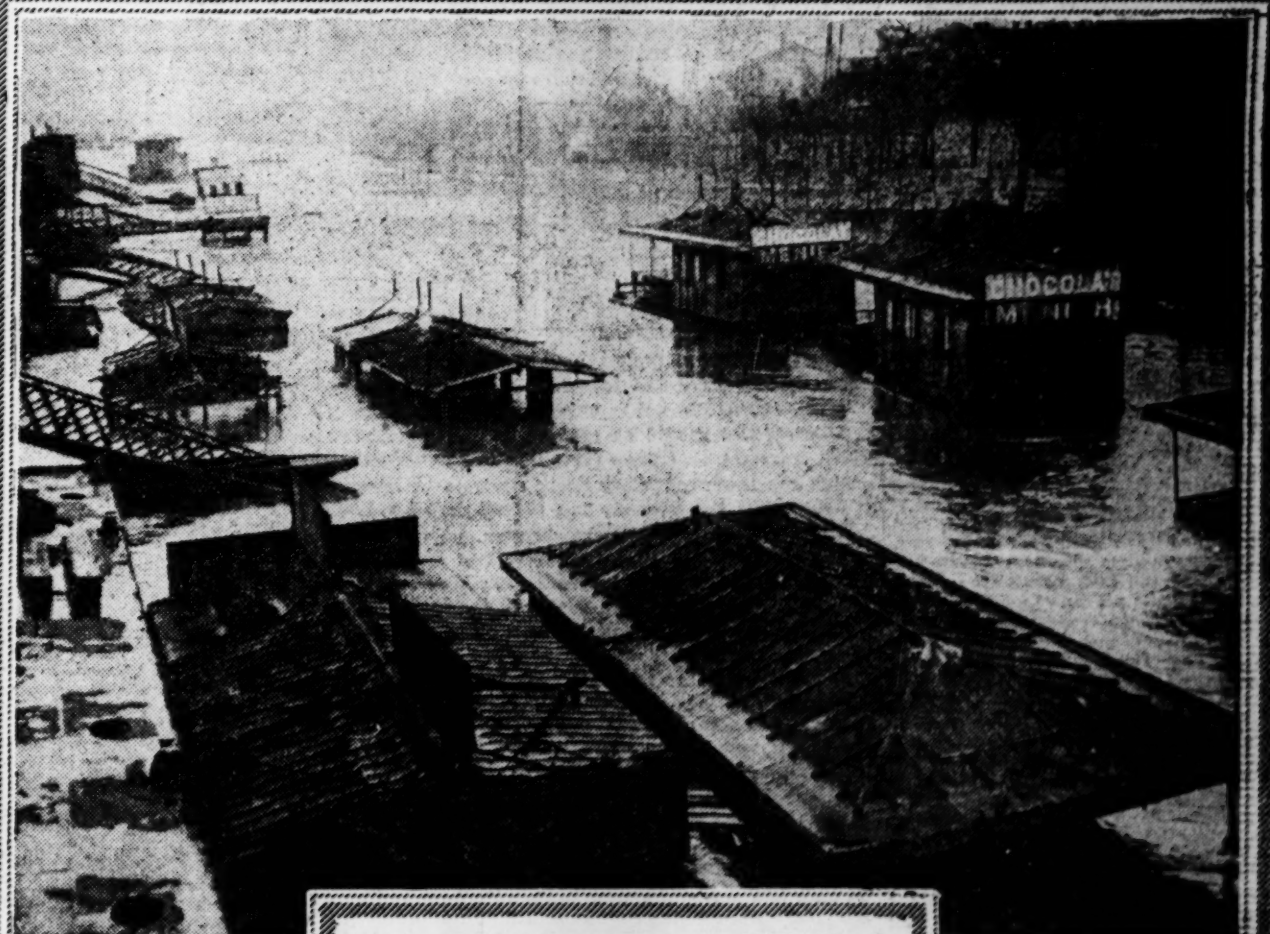


A few glimpses at what they're wearing at Palm Beach this season. No. 1, novel bathing wrap owned by Mrs. W. A. Prime, New York City. No. 2, bicycling costume worn by Mrs. D. W. Whitmore of Boston. No. 3, beach costumes worn by Mrs. G. M. Fletcher and Mrs. E. W. Boettger of New York; No. 4, Mrs. Jerome Napoleon Bonaparte of Washington, returning from a shopping trip.

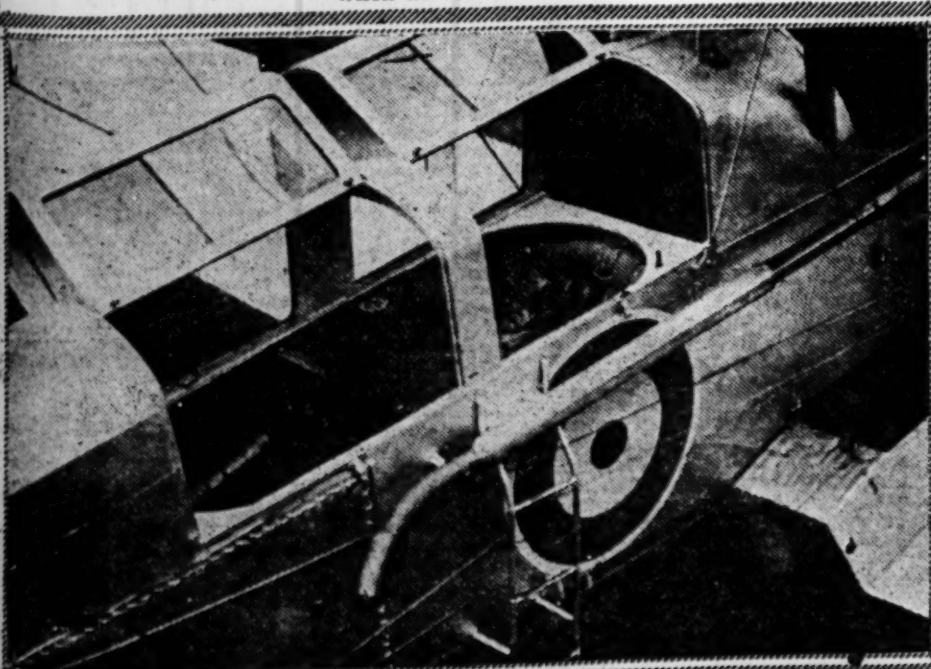
Copyright Underwood & Underwood.



The opening of the Peace Conference in Paris.
Delegates standing as mark of respect to Premier Clemenceau
when he took the chair



Two views of the recent floods in Paris.
Small buildings and railroad station along
the Seine under water



Airplane with wind shield built for Lloyd George for quick trips be-
tween Paris and London.



Miss Grace Lucille Nomand, 23 years old, fiancée of
James Lawrence Brees, 64 years old, one of New York's
most noted society men



THE POST-DISPATCH PLATFORM
I know that my retirement
make no difference in its
cardinal principles, that it will
always fight for progress and re-
form, never tolerate injustice or
corruption, always fight demag-
ogues of all parties, never be-
longing to any party, always op-
posed to privileged classes and public
plunderers, never lack sympathy
with the poor, always remain de-
voted to the public welfare,
never be satisfied with merely
printing news, always be drasti-
cally independent, never be
afraid to attack wrong, whether
by predatory plutocracy or pre-
datory poverty.

JOSEPH PULITZER.
April 10, 1907.

LETTERS FROM THE PEOPLE.

Member's Appeal to Chamber of Commerce.

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch:
I have sent the following letter to
members of the Chamber of Commerce
who are standing up for the Kiel-U. R.
deal:

To Members of the Chamber of Commerce:

Apropos of the referendum in the
chamber on the United Railways issue,
permit me to express the widespread con-
viction that the gentlemen who control
St. Louis financially are so short-sighted
in their public policy that the city has
been discredited throughout the whole
country. Before St. Louis can come into
its own in any substantial measure, these
gentlemen must get a clearer vision, or
be succeeded by a younger and more in-
telligent generation. (There is some
doubt whether the younger generation
now on the horizon is equal to the job.)

The policy of taxing the public with-
out mercy to pay dividends on spurious
capital has had its day, and we might as
well recognize it.

Is it possible that our financial leaders
mistake torpor for conservatism? There
are scores of ambitious, energetic and
comparatively successful men of the
younger stripe in St. Louis who are just
about ready to fold their tents for newer
and livelier pastures.

The strongest swimmer will perish in
a sea of chloroform.
Members of the chamber will be high-
ly interested in the real "Goodrich Sur-
vey" on file at the chamber headquar-
ters, of which a toothless and enervated
"edition" has been mailed to the members.

MEMBER OF THE CHAMBER.

U. R. Deal Disgusts Annexationist.

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch:

Being a resident of the county I cannot
participate in the recall signatures nor
the election, but will state if the recall is
not successful, you can rest assured that
there will be no annexation of the county
to the city. I have always been strong
for annexation, but for the reasons stated
has been consumed a number of the
citizens of the county have changed their
minds. This will be the most serious blow
that St. Louis could sustain. If you want
annexation to pass, recall Kiel.

CHAS. W. RUEHLER.
Wellston, Mo.

Kiel Favours Referendum Principle.

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch:

If it is a good thing, and Mayor Kiel
says it is, for the members of the Cham-
ber of Commerce to express their opinion
on the U. R. controversy by means of a
referendum, why is it that this rotten deal
for the voters of the city to express their
opinions by the only method at their dis-
posal, the recall?

FELIX P. LAWRENCE.

Give the Soldier His Job.

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch:

I read the facts in Thursday's Post-Dis-
patch about the girl elevator operator
who retain their position to the exclusion
of returning soldiers. I know that there
will be an ever increasing number of ex-
soldiers out of work unless the proper
corrections are made.

I am in favor of a "back-to-the-home"
movement for the girls who went to
work as a war measure. There are any
number of girls working today who are
not rightfully in the wage-earning class.
They are working for "clothes money."
They should step out. They belong in
the home. I worked for seven months,
but I have given up my place to a
turning soldier, and I might mention that
I received \$27 a month less than the
man I replaced. Possibly that's one rea-
son why so many girls are working.

A FORMER WAR-WORKER.

Michigan Has Soldiers' and Sailors' Club in New York.

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch:

Am inclosing a clipping which explains
the activities of Michigan in behalf of
her sons in the army and navy. Why
cannot Missouri have a similar club in
New York?

If Michigan, with only one large city
within her boundaries, can maintain
such a club, surely Missouri, possessing
a real city at both the east and the west
gates of her territory, can do as much.

SERGEANT J. A. BROWN.
Camp Merritt, N. J.

Warning to Referendum League.

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch:

In regard to the Kiel-U. R. transaction,
I would like to warn the Referendum
League to beware that the U. R. does
not hire another gang of sandbaggers,
sawblowers and burglars to steal the re-
call petition. I would like to know what
McCulloch and Mayor Kiel are smoking
if they think they can pull off such stuff
and make the people think that the U. R.
has given something to the public?

I ask in the name of Justice what right
has those 53 bankers, McCulloch and Kiel
to tell while St. Louis that the deal was
all right and it will benefit the people
as well as the Company? Why not let
the people vote on it?

That would seem more like justice.

JUSTICE.

CONSPICUOUS UNFAIRNESS.

The Globe-Democrat's report of the action of
the Chamber of Commerce in conducting the referendum vote
on the Mayor's deal with the United Railways is one
of the most conspicuous and indefensible examples of
unfairness in the history of St. Louis journalism.

The Chamber of Commerce acted fairly with its mem-
bers. It issued to each member a circular containing
an impartial statement of the facts in the case, signed
by Secretary Bunn and approved by President Johnson.
It presented arguments for and against the deal and
for and against the recall of Mayor Kiel by committees
composed of representative members. In addition the
circular contained the majority and minority reports of
the original committee, with the opinion of General
Counsel Joseph W. Folk on the legal points involved in
the deal.

The members therefore received all the facts in the
case and arguments pro and con on each of the four
questions in the referendum. The argument for the
Mayor and his deal was prepared and signed by M. L.
Wilkinson, Paul W. Brown, John O. Ballard and F. W.
A. Vesper. The argument against the deal was pre-
pared and signed by Frederick B. Chamberlain, J. Clark
Street, L. Wade Childress, T. L. Mauldin and Flint Gar-
rison.

Yet the Globe-Democrat, serving manifestly as the
organ of the City Hall-United Railways combine, and in
harmony with the tactics of the campaign, gave the im-
pression that the Chamber of Commerce had approved
the Mayor's deal. Its headlines stated:

U. R. deal is approved in C. of C. letter.
Statement is mailed to all members to guide them
in referendum vote.

Majority of committee acts.
Recall movement is denounced as "frivolous, re-
actionary and reprehensible."

The opening paragraph of the report states:

Approval of the mill-tax settlement between the
city and the United Railways Co., together with the
dismissal of the attack on the Jefferson avenue line
as good municipal business, and the ending of a long
controversy, without "sacrifice of a single vital
right of the city," was contained in a letter mailed
last night to each of the 3600 members of the Cham-
ber of Commerce by a special committee of the chamber.

In the body of the report there is no reference to the
argument of the special committee appointed to present
the case against the deal and for the recall of Mayor
Kiel. This special committee is not mentioned. Not one
word of its argument is published, but the entire argu-
ment in favor of the deal and against the recall of the
Mayor is published, with the names of the committee
presenting it, designated by the Globe-Democrat as the
majority of the Chamber of Commerce committee to in-
vestigate the deal in one paragraph and as a special
committee of the chamber in another.

The Globe-Democrat prints only one side of the argu-
ment in the Chamber of Commerce referendum and de-
liberately gives the impression that the chamber itself
presents only one side—the side favorable to Mayor Kiel
and his secret deal. It is a reflection on the fairness
and intelligence of the Chamber of Commerce and an
insult to the public, whose intelligence and sense of
equity is treated with contempt.

It is evident that the organs and defenders of the
Mayor and his job are afraid to submit the arguments
against them. They desperately fear a plain statement
of the facts and a reasonable, fair discussion of the act
and methods of the Mayor and their effect on the rights
and interests of St. Louis.

Fortunately, however, the effort of the organs and
defenders of the City Hall-United Railways combine can-
not smother the facts and the arguments exposing the
iniquity of the Mayor's secret compact and arousing
the citizens of St. Louis to protect their rights and in-
terests. The effort to suppress the truth is foolishly futile.

The facts and arguments on both sides are clearly set
forth in the Chamber of Commerce referendum. The
Post-Dispatch prints both arguments in full. Every
member of the chamber and every citizen of St. Louis
should carefully read both sides.

THE TWO RAILROAD ALTERNATIVES.

The railroad interests which are most opposed to Gov-
ernment ownership would themselves be dismayed if
their properties should be restored to them tomorrow
under the same conditions prevailing before the war.
They say those conditions ought never to be restored
and can never be restored. The public, having enjoyed
the advantage of unified transportation, does not want
them restored. Regulation in the event of private own-
ership and control must be more drastic and compre-
hensive than has ever been known in the past.

But if the railroad lines go back at once to their
private owners, under what scheme of regulation are
they to be operated? What form is the legislation to
take which is to safeguard more securely the public
interest in the future?

That is a problem requiring much time for its solu-
tion. If private control is to be restored immediately,
it must be under hasty and provisional legislation, and
that would mean endless tinkering, a period of uncer-
tainty extending over many years.

Of the two alternatives recommended by both Mr.
McAdoo and Mr. Hines, one seems impractical in both
the railroad and the public view. The other alternative
is Government control for five years. That alternative,
if accepted, might not prescribe a period so much longer
than that specified by the present act, 21 months after
the date fixed for the technical end of the war, but would
substitute a definite time for one now uncertain.

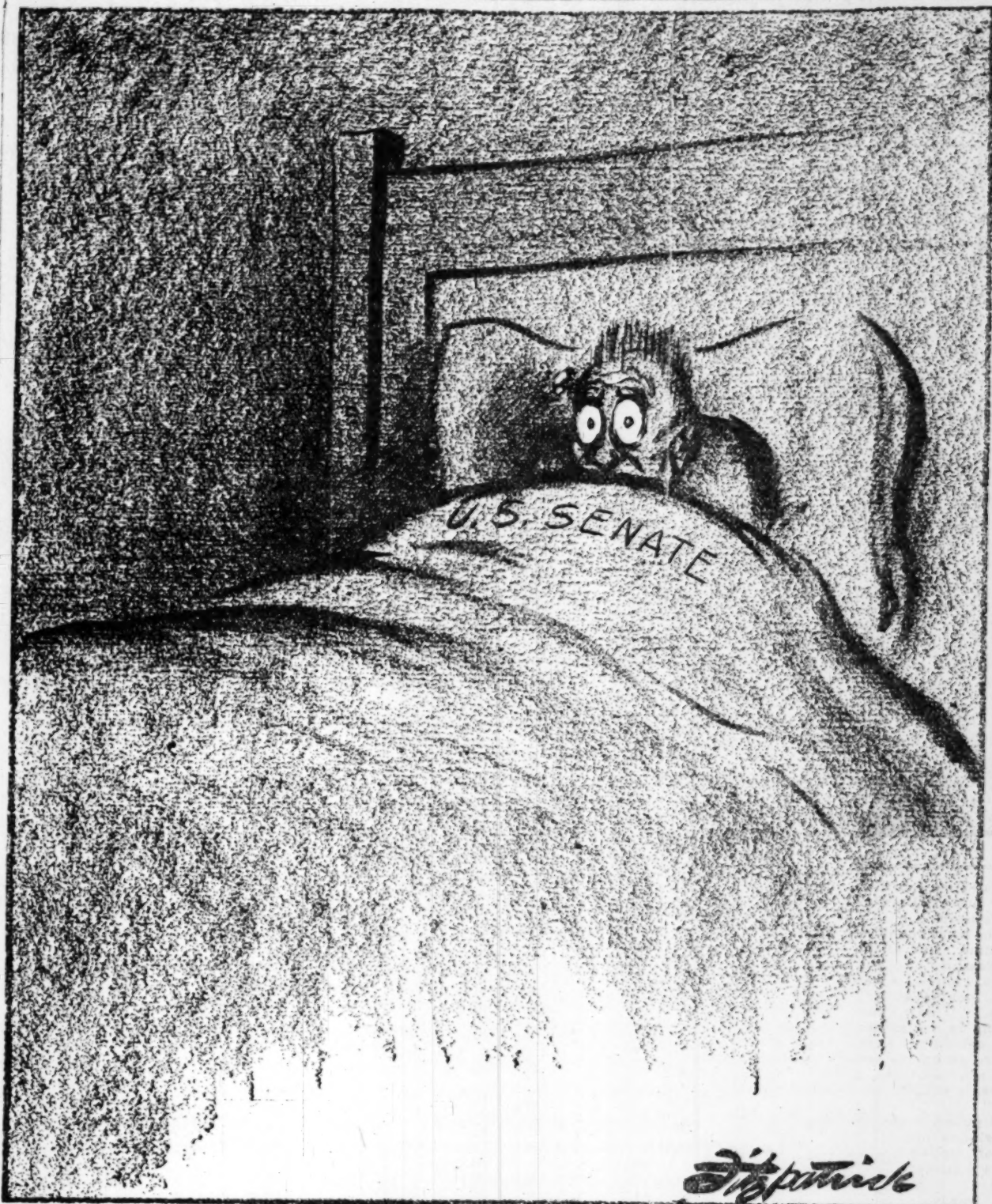
Government ownership during a test period would have
valuable instruction for all interests. Frankly, from
the public viewpoint it might be a disillusioning test.
But a test during war or during a difficult transition
time between war and peace, affords no results of de-
pendable or practical character. The Government now
has the lines. Why not consent to a test under normal
conditions?

The ultimate disposition of the lines must be de-
cided by the people. If the roads are turned back at an
early date, the Government ownership issue is bound
to assume an ever increasing importance in political
agitation. How can the data for an intelligent final
decision on the issue be better assured than by con-
tinuing the present status under the limit proposed?

Assume for a moment that the final decision is des-
tined to be in the negative. How could all questions as
to the soundness of such a decision be more effectively
and permanently disposed of than by the experience of
five years of provisional ownership?

Assume that the final decision will be favorable. How
irrational it would seem for the Government to relin-
quish its present control, only to resume it again after
a comparatively brief interval.

Congress cannot do better than to accept the five-year
alternative. It is supported by many weighty consid-
erations and much popular sentiment.



TROTZY'LL GET YOU IF YOU DON'T WATCH OUT!

The MIRROR OF PUBLIC OPINION

This column is designed to reproduce
without bias the latest comment by the
leading publicists, newspapers and period-
icals on the questions of the day.

THE NEW PARTY MOVEMENT.

From the San Francisco Call and Post.
THE movement to organize a liberal
party in the United States is a hope-
ful sign. That the feeling that this must
be done is widespread is shown by the
access of the farmers' economic and
political organizations in the Middle West
and Northwest. It is shown by the re-
cent launching of a national labor party
in New York, Chicago and other cities.
It is shown by the discussions going on in
independent magazines and newspapers
and assemblies all over America.

There is every indication that the pro-
ducing masses of this country are deter-
mined that the United States shall have
its share of the redress which must
come out of the war if the titanic struggle
is to have any meaning.

The purpose of the new liberal move-
ment in the United States is to see that
here at least the sacrifices of war shall
result in benefit to the whole nation.

There is evident a blind purpose
among the profiteering interests that
have grown fat with war loans to lit-
tle and expect our own people to be
satisfied, with the patriotic thrill that
they get from contemplating this moral
ascendancy of the United States in Eu-
rope.

The best that this small but powerful
group offers in the way of advance is a
cry for the return of pre-war wage con-
ditions. They want no return to pre-war
profits. They oppose every move to put
the principles for which the war of de-
mocracy was fought into practice.

They control both the old parties. The
blindness of their tools in Congress and
Legislatures is amazing beyond belief.
They have learned nothing from the war.
They are dead to the thought and pur-
pose that is alive in the nation. They
even defeated national woman's suffrage.

The formation of farmers' parties and
the national labor party now offer a ray-
ing point for all the liberal forces in
the country. Out of this movement
should grow a party progressive, enlight-
ened, radical enough to know that there
cannot be stagnation in politics or indus-
try without disaster. We must have
more democracy, a wider sharing of all
classes in the products of toil and in-
dustry, or we will have less. If we have
less we invite the fate of destroying revo-
lution. Hunger cannot be satisfied with
phrases. Unjust exploitation means in
the end terrorism. This great nation has
unlimited possibilities of happiness and
prosperity for all its millions. It must have
a Government wise enough to make these
possibilities realities.

A people of home owners, well enough
paid to support life and family in con-
ditions that permit of reasonable com-
fort and decency, have no patience with
quack-brained preachers of bloody re-
volt.

No man hangs out the flag of an-
archy over his own property.

GOOD TIPSY COWS.

Sutton's Jolly Tipsey, Jersey in the
agricultural college dairy herd, made a
yearly record of 464.9 pounds of but-
ter-fat and 7940.5 pounds of milk.
3327 Iowa avenue; Corp. Joseph C.
Weiss, Carondelet Station; Walter
Bender, 1521 1/2 South Broadway;
Freeman D. Knight, 4127 Pershing
avenue; Henry W. Kasper, 201
Hebert street; Clark O. Kinsinger,
1808 North Thirty-eighth street, East
St. Louis; Roy F. Emery, 207 South
Chester street, Belleville; Archie
H. Manley, 3708 Michigan avenue;
Maurice C. Sellers, 4059 Cleveland
avenue; Leo J. Carroll, 1223 Hebert
street; Frank Krone, 518 North
Twelfth street, East St. Louis;
Alfred A. Ouhabka, 2341 Tennessee
avenue (previously reported mis-
sing).

Wounded slightly—Corp. Roy
Alexander, 1908 South Eighth street;
Corp. Albert K. Haas, 3214 Indiana
avenue; Arthur C. Herrmann, Belle-
ville; Charles J. Watkins, Shreve-
port Park; McKee K. Clark, 5228
Terry avenue; George Priester,
Adkins avenue; George Priester,
House Springs; Jefferson County;
Arthur Kramann, 1110 St. Louis
avenue; Hugh L. Waters, 1813 Laf-
ayette avenue; Abraham Rogul, 1528
Chester street, Belleville; Archie
H. Manley, 3708 Michigan avenue;
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Wounded severely—Charles J.
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Sergeant George O. Van Land, 318
Whittier street (previously reported
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No Room in This Country for Aliens Seeking to Force New Form of Government on Us

Sterling Edmunds, Lecturer on International Law,
Points Out Way to Combat With Bolshevism
Propaganda in America.

By STERLING E. EDMUNDS,
Lecturer on International Law at
St. Louis University, and, Until
Recently, Attached to the State
Department at Washington.

THERE has been no concealment
of the fact that the Russian
Bolsheviks, having announced a
world evangel, are carrying on a de-
liberate propaganda in the United
States; indeed, the chief Bolshevik
agent, upon his recent arrival in
New York, frankly avowed the pur-
pose of his mission.

Much serious thought has been
given to this problem as it affects
this country and many suggestions
have been made as to the course
to be adopted. Some would round
up all of these agitators and throw
them into jail; others would for-
bid them to hold meetings; still
others would give them free rein, on
the Jeffersonian ground, that "ec-
tor of opinion may be tolerated if
reason is left free to combat it."

Situation in America.
It has been further pointed out
that freedom of speech and assembly
are cardinal principles in our sys-
tem of Government, and it is alleged
that the Government cannot inter-
fere with the Bolsheviks' campaign
without self-stultification; that the
logical, as well as the legal, method
of meeting the situation lies in
our undertaking an equally vigor-
ous counter-campaign that will ex-
pose the fallacies of the Russian
preachings.

Those who would encourage or
tolerate Bolshevik intrigue in this
country under the belief that it
may be done under the guarantee
of our Constitution, fail to take into
account that our fundamental law
was framed for the protection of our
own citizens, and that it was never
intended as a mantle of immunity
for hostile aliens, flocking to our
shores from all corners of the earth,
to assault and, if possible, destroy
our institutions.

The alien possesses no legal right
to admission into this country; he
may be admitted or excluded accord-
ing to our own notions of the re-
quirements of our safety and inter-
ests.

Justice Fuller's Opinion.
As Chief Justice Fuller said in the
case of Turner vs. Williams, 194 U.
S. 278:

The flaming brand which
guards the realm where no hu-
man government is needed still
guards the entrance; and as
long as human governments en-

sure they cannot be denied the
power of self-preservation, and
that question is presented here.

After the admission of an alien
into this country, although he is
entitled to the protection of the law
in his peaceful pursuits, he still
remains upon sufferance, and may
be expelled whenever his presence
becomes undesirable.

Such progress as Bolshevism has
made in this country has been in-
duced by the presence of alien
citizens, with the usual admixture
of Americans. Thus it was shown
in the trial of the hundred or more
W. W. cases in Chicago, recently
tried, that three-fourths were alien-born.

Whenever the citizens of the
United States tire of the blessings of
government, and wish to alter or
abolish the system under which their
erties have thus far been preserved,
that is their right; but it is distinct-
ly not the right of the alien, appealing
to other bodies of aliens who are in-
nocent of the lessons of our expe-
rience and history.

"Close Gates to Immigrants."
The American Federation of Labor
has recently taken a step in the right
direction for the protection of our
workingsmen, in urging the Govern-
ment to close the gates upon the im-
migrant. The next logical step is the
active use of section 19 of the Immi-
gration Act of Feb. 5, 1917, which re-
jects the deportation of any alien
after entry, of any alien "advocating
or teaching anarchy, or the over-
throw by force or violence of the
Government of the United States."

It is an additional clearing house
it might even be expedient to con-
sider the employment of section 19
of the Naturalization Act of June 18,
1906, under which any certificate of
naturalization procured fraudulently
is null and void.

Where a naturalized citizen ap-
pears to have joined the ranks of
those seeking the overthrow of the
Government, it may very properly be
contended that his avowed attach-
ment to, and his oath to support,
the Constitution of the United States,
were accompanied by a mental reser-
vation amounting to fraud.

So far as the citizens of the
United States are concerned, they
are free to arrange the affairs of this
country to suit their own ideas of the
requirements of their safety and in-
terests.

There is no room in this country, how-
ever, for the alien seeking to impose
another Government upon us.

PAPER COMPANY CLERK DIES OF HIS WOUNDS

Parents Have Made Inquiry
Through Congressman Igoe
—Was in a Replacement
Company.

Adolph J. Nage, son of Mr. and
Mrs. Edward Nage of 2539 Hebert
street, is named in today's official
casualty list as having died from
wounds. The parents have made in-
quiry through Congressman Igoe.
The number of his regiment and
company could not be learned from
the parents, who said he went to
France last summer as a member of
a replacement unit. He was a clerk
for the Graham Paper Co.

Others named in today's list are:
Wounded severely—Charles J.
Senz, 2324 Sanford avenue, Alton;
Sergeant George O. Van Land, 318
Whittier street (previously reported
missing).

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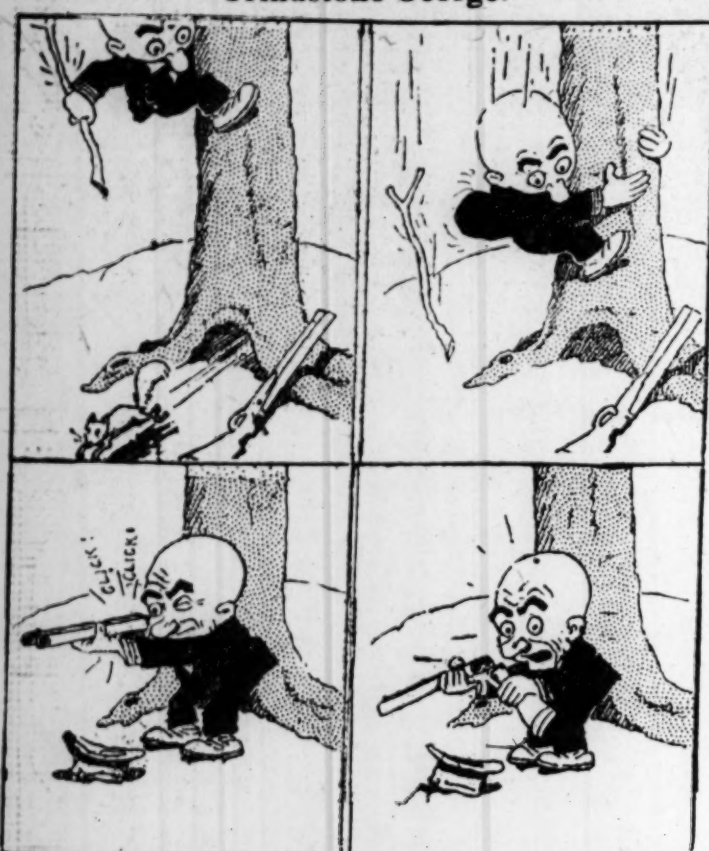
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H. Manley, 3708 Michigan avenue;
Maurice C. Sellers



SPORT SALAD

BY
1918

Grindstone George.



Let the Wedding Bells Ring Out.



PENNY ANTE—Waiting for the Car Owner

By Jean Knott



ST. LOUIS POST-DISPATCH

DAILY **ST. LOUIS POST-DISPATCH** **MAGAZINE**

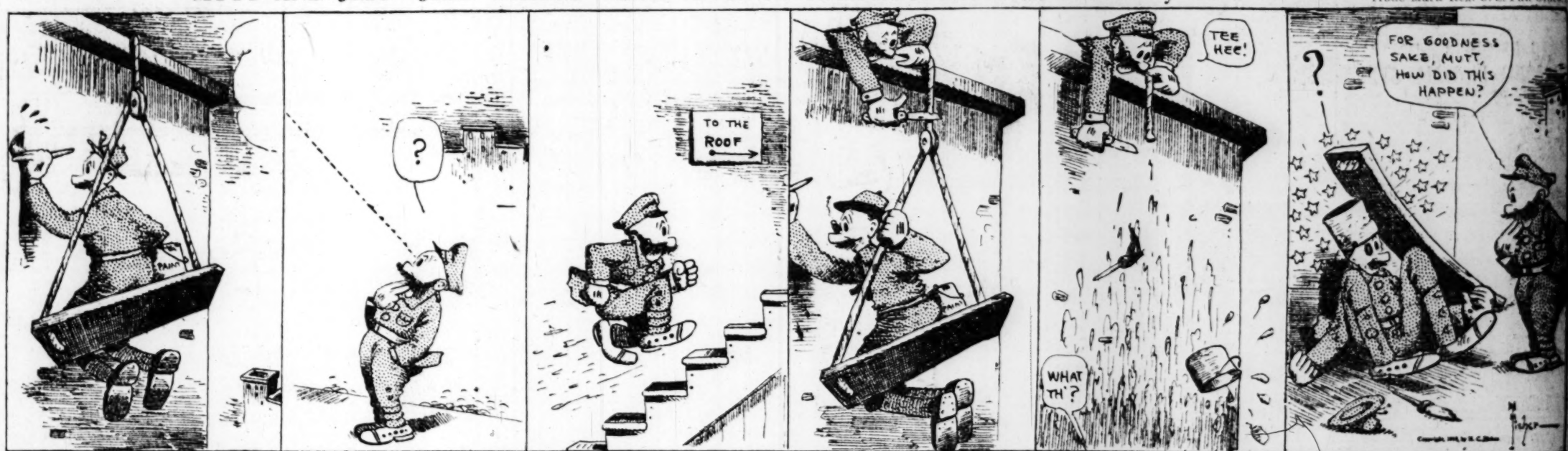
ABROAD IN 1919—By GOLDBERG—GREAT MEN DON'T SEEM TO TAKE THEMSELVES VERY SERIOUSLY



"SAY, POP!"—AMBROSE TAKES DESPERATE MEASURES TO REMAIN—By PAYNE



MUTT AND JEFF—JEFF WAITED YEARS FOR AN OPPORTUNITY LIKE THIS—By BUD FISHER



Alternative.

WIFIE: Richard, are we going to the Blanks' dance or not? If we are, it's time for me to dress. If not, I must put a mustard plaster on my chest and go straight to bed.—Boston Transcript.

Going Into Detail.

ALMOST by design, it seemed, a health officer placed a card on an East End home, directly under the house number.

Two youngsters on their way home from school stopped to try to read the card.

Knocking New York.

"**D**ISAPPOINTED in that new man?"

"Very."

"What's the matter?"

"We brought him on from New York City to work for us."

"Well?"

"Found out after he got here that although he came from New York he didn't know any more than a lot of young fellows that have lived all their lives in town."—Detroit Free Press

Fame

THE Great Man was trying a rest cure in a small village. He was attacked with flu symptoms, and visited the local chemist for the purpose of obtaining a preventive.

"I've the very thing for you!" exclaimed the chemist, triumphantly. "Thompson's Topcure; 2s 6d a bottle."

"No, no, no," said the customer, energetically.

"But it's the very thing for your case. All the doctor's are recommending it. We can't sell it fast enough."

Not an Objection

"I WISH to purchase a pet."
"What sort of a pet?"
"Oh, any kind of an intelligent pet. Something for my wife."
"Well, sir, this dog can do anything but talk."
"I'll take him. That defect will never be noticed."—Louisville Courier-Journal.

Dangerous Remark.

"I AM a servant of the people,"
exclaimed the orator.
"Don't say that," whispered the
friend. "Servants are terribly dis-
tasteful these days. People may
think you are trying to be a boss."

Mother's Idea.

Johnny (reading): "Ma, what's a boss?"

Mother's Idea

Johnny (reading): Ma, what's "humidor?"
Ma: It's one of these Mexican bullfighters, son.—Dallas Journal.

SPECIAL SALE

—FOR—

FRIDAY and SATURDAY
\$2.95

For \$5.00 and \$6.00 Values

They are Ladies! Dress Shoes in tan, gray and black, with cloth tops to match; also some odd lots of all-Black Kid and Patent Boots. Many different styles will be found, with both high and low heels.

Ladies' Spats
In all colors; 10 inches high; the
regular \$2.00 values; **\$1.19**
sale price

BOYS' HIGH CUTS—In This Sale
Both black and tan and made of good, solid leather with oak soles; regular \$4.00 values; all sizes; sale price. **\$3.00**

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